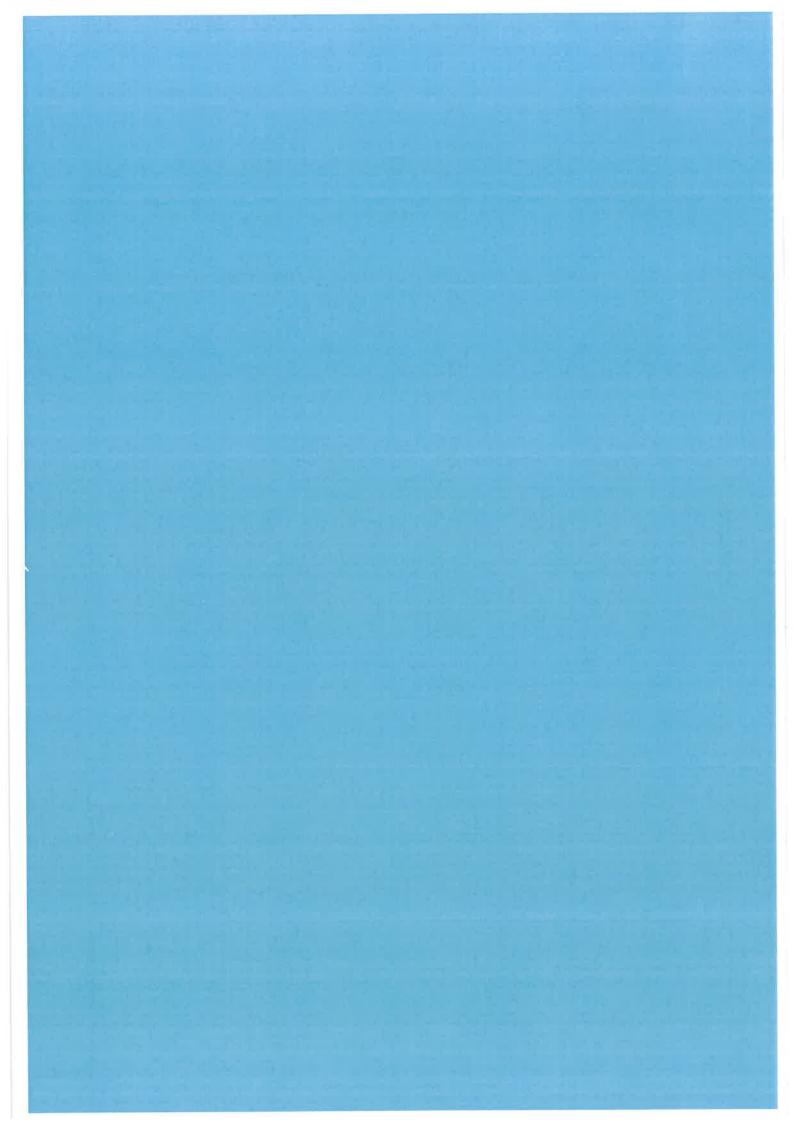
APPENDIX 5

Preliminary Site Investigation and Detailed Site Investigation





RDT PACIFIC

SOIL CONTAMINATION PRELIMINARY & DETAILED SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT
FOR PROPOSED NEW SCHOOL SITE, LOCATED AT
LOT 2 DP 566 AND LOT 2 DP 11280 BLOCK XV1 HERETAUNGA SD,
BENNETT ROAD, WAIPATU, HASTINGS

Project Reference: 13348: PSI/DSI 5 September 2017





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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A contamination preliminary and detailed site investigation (PSI & DSI) has been conducted for a piece of land located at Bennett Road, Hastings, within an area of the lot boundaries legally described 'Lot 2 DP 566 Lot 2 DP 11280 BLK XV1 Heretaunga SD'The area of investigation is referred to in this report as 1A (as per the client supplied plans) and the subject site.

The report was prepared for our client as part of the supporting documentation for the notice of requirement. The objectives of the assessment was to identify any potential sources of contamination from past and present land use activities at the subject site and surrounding area, to determine the contamination status of soils at the subject site, and to subsequently assess compliance with the NES in regards to the possible subdivision and development of a school for preschool to high school aged children at the subject site.

We anticipate that such a development would result in a 'change of land use' and would also result in 'land disturbance' across the area of the development, as defined by the National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health (NES).

The investigation comprised a PSI (i.e. site history review) and DSI (i.e. intrusive soil sampling investigation).

Evidence from the site history review indicate horticulture use at the subject site and surrounding area. Therefore it is more likely than not, that A10 of the Ministry for the Environment's [MfE] Hazardous Activities and Industries List [HAIL] described as 'Persistent pesticide bulk storage or use including sport turfs, market gardens, orchards, glass houses or spray sheds' has occurred as part of the historical horticultural activities undertaken on the subject site. HAIL G3 'Landfill sites' associated with the filling of the former swale (now infilled stream gully) within the current legal boundaries of the site was also identified, that could potentially extend across onto the subject site.

Soil sampling was therefore carried out to provide an indication of the level of contamination in the soil [if any] from contaminants that have commonly been applied as part of horticultural activities, and filling which are recognised to persistently accumulate in the soil.

All contaminant concentrations in the soil samples were below MfE's soil contaminate standards for a 'residential 10% produce' land use scenario applicable to the proposed school development.



RDT Pacific Bennett Road, Hastings Soil Contamination Preliminary & Detailed Site Investigation Report



The soil samples results are below Hawkes Bay background concentrations, however, DDT isomers were present in the soil as a result of the historical land use at the subject site. As such a resource 'controlled activity' consent from the Hastings District Council is required under the NES in the event that consent for change of land use, subdivision and/or development related earthworks were sought.





1 INTRODUCTION

Land Development & Exploration Ltd has been engaged by RDT Pacific on behalf of the Ministry of Education to undertake a combined soil contamination Preliminary and Detailed Site Investigation (PSI and DSI) of the subject site located at Bennett Road, Hastings, within the lot boundaries legally described as 'Lot 2 DP 566 Lot 2 DP 11280 BLK XV1 Heretaunga SD.

A contamination investigation has been undertaken at the subject site in order to determine whether it is suitable to be used as a school for children ranging in age from pre-school to high school. Currently the subject site is vacant of any structures and is in pasture. LDE considers that the speculated development of the land will be a change of land use relative to Regulation 5(6) of the National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health (NES).

Additionally, it is likely that greater than 25 cubic meters of soil disturbance will occur as part of the construction of new school buildings, paved areas and access ways as part of the site development. The change of land use and the projected volume of soil disturbance are both activities covered by the NES. That combined with the discovery of soil contamination exceeding natural background levels will trigger the necessity for the school development to obtain consent from Hastings District Council (HDC) consistent with the NES. If contamination is found to exceed soil contaminant standards applicable to the intended land use the school development will required remedial action to address human health risks.

This investigation has been carried out in general accordance with the *Contaminated Land Management Guidelines No.1- Reporting on Contaminated Site in New Zealand* (Revised 2011) and *Contaminated Land Management Guidelines No.5: Site Investigation and Analysis of Soils (revised 2011).* The scope of the investigation is consistent with the LDE Proposal to RDC Pacific (on behalf of the New Zealand Ministry of Education,) Proposal Reference 13348 and dated 19 April 2017.

The two-part investigation included a preliminary site investigation (PSI) and a detailed site investigation (DSI). The PSI was comprised of a review of available historic aerial photographs showing the site, site specific council records, existing investigation reports, an interview with the current lessee of the site, and a walkover/inspection of the site. The DSI component of the investigation included the collection and analysis of soil samples taken at the subject site.





The objectives of the investigation were to:

- Identify any potential sources of contamination from past and present land use activities at the site which are listed on the Ministry for the Environment's (MfE) Hazardous Activities and Industries List (HAIL) (MfE, 2011)
- Assess compliance with the soil contaminate standards for the scenario school site land use (comparable to a residential land use scenario)
- Assess compliance with the NES due to the potential for subdivision, change of use of land and development related soil disturbance.

In addition to the objectives listed above, it is our intention that this report will help advise the Ministry of Education so that they can develop the site appropriately in regards to human health risks associated with the proposed school site development.

2 SITE DETAILS & SETTING

2.1 Proposed Site Development

We understand that the proposed development includes:

- Constructing new school buildings and facilities for up to 300 year 1 to 13 students.
- Constructing the kohanga reo building, which has the capacity for up to 50 children.

The actual building types, layout, size, foundation systems and locations of the new buildings/facilities have not been specified at the time of this report, and among other factors, will be subject to the findings of this investigation and other site specific investigations [e.g. geotechnical]. These details, once decided upon, will have bearing on the location, volume and depth of soil that will be disturbed during the development process, which may then affect the level and nature of site management planning necessary to obtain consent to undertake the development in the event that contamination is found at the site.

2.2 Site Identification and Zoning

The subject site is located at the northern end of Bennett Road, Hastings and will comprise an area of land within the current legal boundaries of *Lot 2 DP 566* and *Lot 2 DP 11280 BLK XV1 Heretaunga SD.* The area of investigation is referred to in this report as 1A and the subject site.

Refer to Appendix A for a copy of the site plan and area of investigation -1A.

The subject site is bounded by Bennett Road to the west and is currently surrounded by production land to the north, east and south of the site. Rural residential land and the





Hastings rugby and sports club are located to the west of the site. A location map is presented in Figure 1.

The site is zoned 'Plains-Zone' in the Hastings Proposed District Plan 2015 and is part of the Heretaunga Ward.

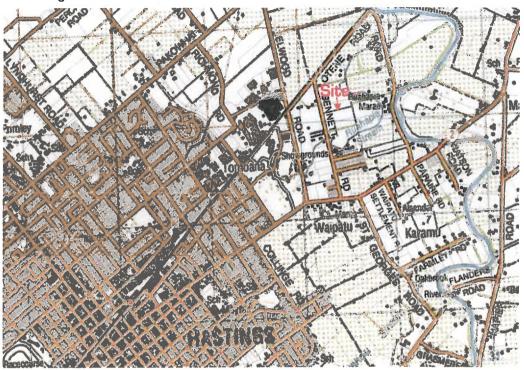


Figure 1: Location map showing the site. Source: LINZ Data Service.

2.3 Site Description and Current Land Use

The subject site comprises flat land covered in pasture and is vacant from any structures. It is bordered to the north and east by orchards on separate properties, to the west by Bennett Road and an orchard beyond it, and pasture to the south. High hedgerows separate the subject site from the orchards on the north and east.

It should be noted here that the section of land being considered for development is a portion of a larger lot that is currently entirely pasture land. The orchards at the east of the subject site are separated from the subject site by a section of pasture. Refer to the aerial image of the site in Figure 2. The neighbouring and surrounding properties generally comprise of horticultural and lifestyle blocks with residential dwellings.





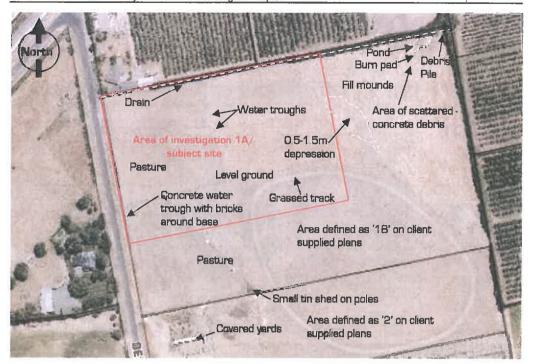


Figure 2: Subject site and surrounding features and current land use. 2017 photograph, source: HDC GIS database approximate area of investigation [1A] shown inside red border.

2.4 Geology

The New Zealand Geology Web Map by GNS' science identifies the site as being underlain by 'poorly consolidated alluvial gravel, sand and mud'.

2.5 Hydrology

The Ruahapia Stream is located approximately 400m south of the subject site.

Groundwater was encountered at 1.9 to 2.4m bgl in the geotechnical boreholes undertaken in June 2017 by LDE.

3 Preliminary Site Investigation

A desktop assessment was undertaken to provide an overview of any potential contaminants of concern that may be present at the site as a result of any documented past and present activities.

The following information was reviewed in order to establish the history of the site:

- Contamination related records held by Hawkes Bay Regional Council (HBRC)
- Hasting District Council (HDC) property file

'GNS Science New Zealand Geology Web Map: http://data.gns.cri.nz/geology/, Retrieved April 2017.





- Certificate of Title
- Historical aerial photographs
- An anecdotal account of site history and current land use

3.1 Hawke's Bay Regional Council Information

Andrew Gass, an Environmental Officer at the HBRC has confirmed that the site (area within the legal lot boundaries) is not currently listed in the HBRC landuse register. Andrew has also stated the following: "I have also searched our incidents database and have found one from 2001 that may affect the property. It identified some fill being placed in a natural detention dam but is not location specific. From discussions with Council Staff, it appears this fill was not known to be contaminated".

Refer to the email correspondence in Appendix B.

3.2 HDC Property File Information

The Hastings District Council (HDC) property file was electronically reviewed in April 2017. The property file contained three documents, two of which were associated with the application and documents for sheds which are not located within the area of investigation. The other document appeared to be administrative related.

The documents in the property file did not provide any evidence of actual or potential contaminating activities having occurred or occurring at the subject site.

A screen snip showing a list of the documents held within the property file, as of April 2017 is shown in Appendix C.

3.3 Historic Aerial Imagery

Aerial images from 1949 to 2016 made available on the HDC GIS, Retrolens.nz and Google Earth have been analysed as part of this investigation. A summary of our review of these images is shown below. Copies of the pertinent sections of the available photographs are presented in Appendix D.

1949 Photograph – The subject site is vacant from any structures, and appears to be in pasture. A swale/stream gully is located within the legal lot boundaries of the site on the land defined as 1B. It appears as though the swale is located close to the subject site boundary at the east but it doesn't appear as though the swale extends across onto the subject site [1A]. Fence lines can be seen sectioning off portions of the part of the site intended for the school development.





The neighbouring property to the west appears to be used for cropping and includes a small building, the neighbouring property to the northeast comprises of a number of small to medium sized structures (assumingly dwellings and sheds/garages) with surrounding pastoral land, and the neighbouring properties to the northwest, east and south are vacant and also comprise of pastoral land.

1969 Photograph - The site remains vacant of any structures, the swale is still evident on the 1B land but less defined in this photograph. The fencing layout has changed. A change in ground cover is noted associated with the fencing change, where a distinct area, rectangular shape can be seen across the majority of the subject site, but falls short of the eastern boundary of the subject site.

Buildings are now evident on the neighbouring land to the northwest and south of the site. The land use on the neighbouring land to the east of the site appears to be horticultural.

1974 Photograph - The subject site remains vacant, however, once again the fencing arrangement has changed and a vertical strip of land at the east of the subject site shows a change in ground cover. It is uncertain what this strip of ground cover comprises. The swale is still present within the 1B land.

There is generally no change in land use across the neighbouring properties.

1977 Photograph –It now appears as the subject site is covered in pasture, as the strip of differing ground cover is no longer evident in this photograph. The swale is still present within the 1B land.

The neighbouring properties generally remain unchanged.

1999 Photograph - Three photographs intercept at the location of the site, this makes the 1999 image illegible and the land use at this point in time unclear.

2004, 2008, 2010/2011, 2014 and 2017 Photographs - The high resolution colour photos taken between 2004 and 2017 show little change at the site over this time period except that by 2004 the area of the site targeted for development has been divided into a number of smaller pastures by fencing.

The swale identified in the earlier photographs as located on the 1B land (close to the subject site boundary to the east) appears to have been filled in.





The subject site remains vacant from any structures, and no stock or horticultural activities are noted. The northern part of a circular shaped track is first noted in the 2008 photograph and remains present to the 2017 photograph. The recent aerial photographs document that for more than two years high hedgerows have separated the subject site from orchards on neighbouring properties to the north and east.

No significant changes are noted on the adjacent and surrounding land over this time period.

3.4 LDE Geotechnical Investigation

Installation of hand augered boreholes at the subject site for a geotechnical investigation undertaken by LDE in June of 2017 (report reference 13348) generally describes the upper 2m of soil profile as silts underlain by sand.

We note that the borehole labelled 'HAO3' was located near the eastern boundary of the subject site (on 1A located near to the former swale located on 1B). No fill was recorded within HAO3 or in any other boreholes undertaken at the site during the geotechnical investigation. An extraction from the LDE geotechnical report showing the location and borehole log for HAO3 is included in Appendix E.

3.5 Interview with Lessee

Richard Hunt was interviewed in June 2017, Richard has leased the land from the Aorangi Maori Trust Board from around the 1980's. During this time Richard has used the site for cropping (peas and beans), however, cropping has not occurred on the site for more than two years. More recently the site has been used for grazing. Richard stated that Percy (surname unknown and deceased), leased the land prior to this and thought that Percy had also used the site for cropping.

Richard stated that there were no above or below fuel tanks on site, and when asked about pesticide use, said that it was more than likely they were used across the site.

3.6 Certificate of Title

The current title was issued on the 2^m of March 1966 to the proprietors, Aorangi Maori Trust Board. Refer to Appendix F showing the certificate of title.





4 SITE WALKOVER ASSESSMENT

An initial walkover inspection was undertaken on 25 May 2017 as part of the PSI. The subject site was in pasture but no stock were present on the site during the walkover assessment. The subject site generally comprised flat topography. Refer to Figures 3 and 4.



Figure 3: Photograph taken facing southwest towards Bennet Road.



Figure 4: Photograph taken facing north, across to the neighbouring property.

No HAIL activities were noted to be currently occurring on the subject site (1A). The current land owner has reported that cropping of peas and beans has occurred on the subject





property, however more than two years has passed since the last crop, and since then the land has been pasture.

The land immediately to the east of the subject site, shown as 1B on the client supplied plan (refer to Appendix A) is undulating (Figure 5). A depression of around 0.5 to 1.5m located outside the area of investigation, a small portion of the depression may extend across onto the eastern boundary of the subject site.

During the site walk over the potential for overspray of pesticides onto the site from neighbouring orchards was considered. However, owing to the distance between the subject site and the orchards located east and west of the site, and the height of the hedge row separating the subject site from the orchard to the north, it is considered unlikely that overspray migration of pesticides would have occurred.

It was unclear during the site walkover if the filling of the swale, formerly located across area of 1B (east of the subject site but with the current legal lot boundaries) impacted the subject site.



Figure 5: Photograph taken on adjacent land (1B). Photograph taken in the northeast direction.

5 SUMMARY POTENTIAL HAIL ACTIVITIES IDENTIFIED

Table 1 shows a summary of potential HAIL activities that have been identified during the site walkover investigation and from the desktop study undertaken at the site.





Table 1: HAIL activities identified at the site.

Land Use/Activity	HAIL	Description	Potential Centaminants
Potential for historical pesticide use at the site.	A10	Persistent pesticide bulk storage or use including sport turfs, market gardens, orchards, glass houses or spray sheds	Arsenic, lead, copper, DDT lead, mercury, wide range of organic compounds including organochlorines.
Filling of the former swale/stream gully located on the land described as 1B has occurred. A small portion of the filling may have extended onto the subject site [1A].	G3	Landfill sites	Dependent on origin of fill; potentially heavy metals, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, and pesticides

6 DETAILED SITE INVESTIGATION

Based on the findings of the PSI, it was determined that further investigation was required in order to establish if significant contamination is present at the subject site that could impede or prohibit the development of the site into a child educational facility. To that end, our investigation was designed to establish whether the site soil has contaminant concentrations exceeding the soils contaminate standards applicable to residential land use (outlined in MfE's guidance document), and to determine the type of consent that will be required for the earthworks and change of land use inherent with the proposed site development.

6.1 Contaminants of Concern

Potential contamination sources identified in the PSI are associated with horticultural activities undertaken at the subject site and from overspray from neighbouring properties. Heavy metals, mercury, organochlorine, organophosphorus and organonitrogen pesticides may have been used as part of the horticultural activities undertaken at the site. However, it has been more than two years since the last cropping, and that is beyond the persistence period organophosphorus and organonitrogen pesticides. Therefore those two categories of contaminants are not considered of concern for this site.

Historical filling has occurred to level and infill the swale formerly located across the area shown as 1B on the client supplied plan. It is not known where the fill was sourced from. A small portion of this filling may have extended across onto the subject site (1A) as the swale was located close to subject site eastern boundary. Dependent on the origin of the fill material, potential contaminants could include heavy metals, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH), and persistent organochlorine pesticides.





6.2 Field Investigation

The field investigation included the systematic collection of 18 surface soil samples [S1 to S18] for the former cropping land use at the subject site.

Although no fill was identified in the geotechnical investigation soil logs, to be conservative, two additional surface soil samples (S19 to S20) were collected to target any potential historical filling of the former swale which may have extended onto the subject site.

All the soil samples were collected from a depth of $0.0\,\mathrm{m}$ to $0.15\,\mathrm{m}$ below the ground surface [bgs] across the site. The approximate sampling locations are depicted on Figure 6.

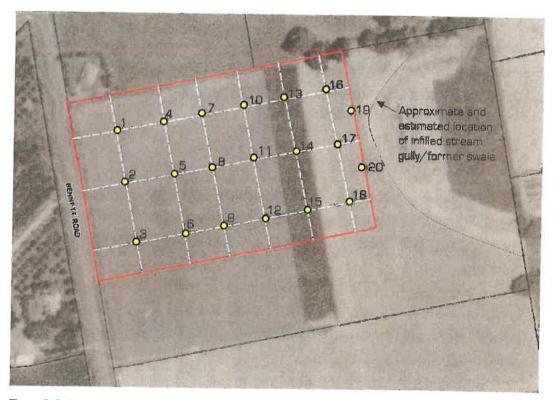


Figure 6: Soil sampling site plan, shown on the 1974 historical aerial photograph (Source HDC GIS).

At each surface soil sample location, samples were collected using a pre-cleaned steel hand trowel. The hand trowel was cleaned using water and dried between samples to prevent cross contamination. Shallow soil was homogenised with gloved hands. All samples were placed into labelled jars supplied by Analytica Laboratories. Following collection, the samples were placed immediately into a chilly bin containing frozen ice packs. The chilly bin was sent with chain of custody documentation on the same day as collection to Analytica Laboratories located in Hamilton.





The field investigation was undertaken on the 1* of June 2017 by LDE and the samples were received the following day after shipment. The chain of custody documentation is attached in Appendix G.

6.3 Exposure Scenario

There are no New Zealand or international soil contaminant standards specifically applicable to the exposure scenarios associated with schools. However, the 'Technical Review Group (MfE, 2005) suggested that early childhood centres should be included under either the residential or high-density residential land uses, depending on how much paving the site had (while acknowledging that the residential land-use scenario includes produce consumption), but that calculations should be performed to determine the best fit.²

Based on the conceptual site model and taking into consideration the methodology for deriving contaminant levels, and the proposed development at the site [with the potential for growing vegetables], we've determined a conservative land use scenario of 'Residential [10% home grown produce]' is applicable to the site.

6.4 Selected Guideline Values

The NES references the *Methodology for Deriving Standards for Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health* (MfE, 2011) with regard to establishing a national risk-based methodology for deriving soil contaminant concentrations protective of human health.

Following the guidance, the Soil Contaminant Standards (SCS) for selected priority contaminants for non- priority contaminants guidelines values were selected following the Contaminated Land Management Guidelines No. 2: Hierarchy and Application in New Zealand of Environmental Guideline Values (Revised 2011) as screening criteria for the risk to humans at the site and to inform on-site management actions. If exceeded, further investigation and a Tier 2 assessment would be considered.

No applicable New Zealand guideline criteria exist for some of the tested metals (i.e. nickel and zinc) and therefore Health Investigation Level (HIL) values form the Australian Guideline on the Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater³ have been used under the residential land use scenario as outlined in the MfE document.

The soil samples were tested at the laboratory for total chromium. However, the Methodology document distinguishes between the stable chromium III and the potentially



Ministry for the Environment, 2011. Methodology for Deriving Stendards for Conteminants in Soil to Protect Human Health. Wellington: Ministry for the Environment.

National Environmental Protection Council (NEPC), 1999, Guideline on the Investigation for Soil and Groundwater.



toxic and less stable chromium VI. For the purposes of this analysis all total chromium results have been conservatively compared to the chromium VI.

6.5 Soil Sample Results

Table 2 summarises the laboratory results for heavy metals and mercury. All the soil samples collected across the subject site are below the soil contaminate standards (SCS) for a 'residential 10%' land use and they are also below the Hawkes Bay Region derived background soil concentrations (HB BG).

Table 2: laboratory tests (heavy metal suite and mercury) compared against the soil contaminant standards [SCS] for a 'residential' land use and background concentrations from the Hawkes Bay.

						,		
Sample Name	As	Cel	Cr	Gu	Pb	N	Zh	Hg
S1	5.61	0.12	14	18.1	15.1	11.6	62	0.041
S2	5.14	0.13	14	23.5	14.5	11.5	61.6	0.046
53	5.8	0.1	15.6	20.9	15.7	12.8	68.4	0.044
54	6	0.1	15.4	21.9	16.5	12.9	66.2	0.043
S 5	5.38	0.11	14.5	20.7	14.7	11.8	63.4	0.042
S6	5.26	0.11	13.6	19.9	13.9	11.4	64.2	0.043
S7	6.68	0.13	17	24.3	17.6	14.8	75.6	0.05
SB	5.89	0.13	14.9	21.8	15.1	12.9	68.1	0.045
S9	5.27	0.1	14.3	20.4	14.1	11.5	61.3	0.047
S10	6.7	0.12	15.9	22.8	16.6	13.9	71.2	0.04B
S11	5.3	0.12	14.5	20.2	15	11.5	62.2	0.034
S12	5.37	0.12	14.2	20.9	14.9	11.4	62.9	0.036
S13	6.69	0.13	15.6	20,9	17	13.8	73.4	0.041
S14	5.62	0.11	15	17.2	15.7	11.6	64.7	0.045
S15	5.2	0.11	14.2	17.9	14.5	11.6	63.2	0.043
S16	5.6	0.14	15.1	14.5	16.2	11.4	64.2	0.043
S17	5.36	0.12	14.8	13.1	16.6	11.4	61.2	0.05
S18	5.26	0.13	14.7	13.5	15.4	11.5	60.5	0.055
S19	5.94	0.13	16.6	14.7	17.9	11.4	60.4	0.047
S20	5.63	0.13	15.2	14.4	16.6	13.1	67.4	0.061
SCS	20	3	460	· NL	210	400	7400	310
HB BG	9	0.7	24	32	27	17	105	-
1 All poor	1	1 1 11						

- 1. All results, standard values and background concentrations are presented in mg/kg
- 2. All metals tested for 'Total Recoverable' at screen level
- 3. Methodology for Deriving Soil Guideline Values Protective of Human Health (MfE, 2011)
- 4. 'Residential A' values Guideline on the Investigation Levels for Soil and Groundwater (NEPC, 1999)
- NL 'No Limit'. Derived value exceeds 10,000 mg/kg.
- NA ~ 'Not Applicable'. Indicates estimated criterion exceeds 20,000mg/kg, at which point residual separate
 phase is expected to have formed within the material.
- 7. Hawke's Bay region background soil concentration (HB BG)





Trace levels of organochlorine pesticides (DDT isomer 4,4-DDD) were detected in soil samples S16 and S20 with concentrations of 0.006 mg/kg and 0.007 mg/kg, respectively. The organochlorine pesticide concentrations are well below SCSs applicable to the subject site. No other organochlorine pesticides were detected in any of the other soil samples collected at the subject site. As organochlorine pesticides do not occur naturally we know they have been introduced through land use activities.

Soil sample S19 and S20 were tested for polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) per MfE guidance for uncontrolled fill. There was no detection of PAH (above the lab's reporting limit) in the soil samples. No uncontrolled fill was visually evident in the surface soil samples collected across the site, or specifically at S19 and S20.

A full copy of the laboratory test results is provided in Appendix H.

7 DSI CONCLUSIONS

The laboratory soil analysis shows the presence of trace levels of organochlorine pesticides. As such we consider it likely that chemicals have been applied at the site through historical horticulture and activities related to HAIL activity 'A10' likely though spray application. Therefore the NES applies to the 'piece of land'.

The results are all within the soil contaminate standards (SCS) for a 'residential 10% produce' land use which is applicable to the proposed school development.

We consider that due to the low level of contamination concentrations identified, and the nature of contamination, that further testing is unnecessary.

8 RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the findings of the preliminary and detailed site investigations we consider that the proposed development on the piece of land is suitable. However, a resource consent under the NES for the change of land use from the Hastings District Council for a 'controlled activity' is required.

Earthworks associated with the construction of access ways and building platforms is likely to occur if the proposed development is to proceed. In the event that greater than 25 m³ of soil disturbance occurs within a 500 m² area of the site, and/or greater than 5 m³ of soil is exported from the site for disposal, the development project will also require an earthworks consent under the NES as a 'controlled activity'. Since DDT Isomers were detected in the soil,





any soil exported off the site for disposal cannot be considered clean fill and therefore it will have to be disposed of at a managed or licensed land fill.

We note that in order to meet the requirements of a controlled activity this report shall be submitted to the Hastings District Council as part of the resource consent application for the change of land use and/or soil disturbance.

8.1 Additional Recommendations

As requested by our client, the PSI/DSI solely covered the area defined as 1A on the client supplied site plan, this was referred to in the report as the subject site.

If a subdivision was required to legally define the areas of 1A, 1B and 2, then resource consent under the NES would be required unless the land was deemed 'production land', and the HAIL activities identified on the 1B land would need to be investigated further.

9 REPORT LIMITATIONS

This investigation presents a preliminary and detailed site investigations of the potential for ground contamination, prepared exclusively for RDT Pacific on behalf of the Ministry of Education with respect to the particular brief given to us. The report is intended to be used as part of the supporting documentation for the notice of requirement from MfE.

Information, opinions and recommendations contained in it cannot be used for any other purpose or by any other entity without our review and written consent. Land Development & Exploration Ltd accepts no liability or responsibility whatsoever for or in respect of any use or reliance upon this report by any third party.

Opinions given in this report are based on a review of existing data, evidence gathered during a site walkover, anecdotal information and specific soil sampling at discrete locations.

There is still some possibility that contaminating activities have taken place or contamination at the site is in excess of that described in this report and we should be contacted immediately if the conditions are suspected to differ from that described.





For and on behalf of LDE Ltd

Report prepared by:

Report reviewed by:

Sarah Harding

Environmental Scientist

C. Brett Mongillo

Principal Environmental Scientist

C. Butt Mongillo

Sephira ***
ENVIRONMENTAL

Report authorised by:

Georg Winkler

MIPENZ, CPEng

Principal Engineering Geologist-Geotechnical Engineer

Find out more about LDE professionals

L^13300 to 13399\13348 MoF New school site HB\Contem\7] Report\|ssued\V2\13348 SH 21082017 PSL0SI Bennett Road, Hastings.doox





APPENDIX A: SITE PLAN AND AREA OF INVESTIGATION - 1A







APPENDIX B: HBRC EMAIL CORRESPONDENCE

Sarah Harding

From: Sent: Andrew Gass <andrewg@hbrcgovtnz> Thursday, 11 May 2017 11:28 a.m.

To:

Sarah Harding

To: Subject:

RE: MBRC Land Use Register - Bennett Road, Hastings

Follow Up Flag: Flag Status: Follow up Completed

Hi Sarah.

I can confirm the property below at Bennett Road is not currently listed in the HBRC landuse register.

Note: The register is a list of sites which may have stored or used hazardous substances and was compiled from an old telephone book survey and is not an accurate or up to date list of sites. Where the property is rural land, consideration will need to be given as to whether the property has the potential for contamination due to having a historical sheep dip, form tip, fuel storage tanks or possible pesticide contamination. As new information about sites becomes available the status of the sites may change.

I have also searched our incidents database and have found one from 2001 that may affect the property. It identified some fill being placed in a natural detention dam but is not location specific. From discussions with Council Staff, it appears this fill was not known to be contaminated.

Kind regards, Andrew

Please help us to improve our service to you by taking this short survey - https://www.sarveymonkev.com/r/QZZXDYZ - thank you.

Andrew Gass

Environmental Officer-Resource Management Group Hawko's Bay Regional Council 159 Datton Street | Private Bag 6006 | Napier 4142 06 835 8030 | 027 201 4515 www.bbrc.cost.m | Fb HBResionalCouncil





The Resource Management Group of the Havine's Bay Maglanal Council is 1505-5001-2008 sert Red

This consensultation, including any attachments, is confinential. If you are not the intended religions, phone delete it. These year, Refer to the characteries on the switchile.





APPENDIX C: HDC PROPERTY FILE - SCREEN SNIP

Documents for	Occuments for Property 55294							
IIIN O	Title	Trûn Res	Size	France				
27/06/2003	ABA9826 AO PLANS 01-02	#005	2.15 MB	TIF	0			
26/06/2003	ABA9826 Erect Implement Shed 1983	#004	0.13 MB	TIF	② .			
7/07/2003	CS (Property ID 55294)	#003	0.03 MB	TIF	1			





APPENDIX D: HISTORIC AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS



Figure 7: 'Manateretere 1949'. Source: HDC GIS database. Approximate area of investigation [1A] is shown in red.



Figure 8: 'Whakatu Mangateretere 1969'. Source: HDC GIS database. Approximate area of investigation [1A] is shown in red.







Figure 9: 'Tomoana 1974'. Source: HDC GIS database. Approximate area of investigation [1A] is shown in red.



Figure 10: Whakatu Pakowhai 1977'. Source: HDC GIS database. Approximate area of investigation [1A] is shown in red.







Figure 11: 1999 photograph. Source: HDC GIS database. Approximate area of investigation [1A] is shown in red.



Figure 12: 2004 photograph. Source: HDC GIS database. Approximate area of investigation (1A) is shown in red.







Figure 13: 2008 photograph. Source: HDC GIS database. Approximate area of investigation (1A) is shown in red.



Figure 14: '2010/2011' photograph. Source: HDC GIS database. Approximate area of investigation [1A] is shown in red.







Figure 15: 2014 photograph. Source: HDC GIS database. Approximate area of investigation (1A) is shown in red.



Figure 16: 2017 photograph. Source: HDC GIS database. Approximate area of investigation (1A) is shown in red.





APPENDIX E: GEOTECHNICAL BOREHOLE LOG AND LOCATION FOR HAO3

1	1	TANK!	e es	VELOPMENT	BOREHOLE	- 406	BOR	EHOL	E No:		HA3	ļ
		DT P			Project: Geotechincal Investigation		LDE Proj	ect filo	:	13348		_
130	inga		ion:	Serveti Rood,	Scretoile Location: Refer to Site Im	restigation Plan	Hole star			6/08/2/ 8/08/2/		_
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APPENDIX F: CERTIFICATES OF TITLE



COMPUTER FREEHOLD REGISTER UNDER LAND TRANSFER ACT 1952 Limited as to Parcels

Search Copy

Identifier

HBB3/462

Land Registration District Hawkes Bay

Date Issued

02 March 1966

Prior References

HB118/147

HBB1/568

Fee Simple

Arts

9,2471 hoctares more or less

Legal Description Lot 2 Deeds Plan 566 and Lot 2 Deposited

Pign 11280

Proprietors

Aorangi Maori Trust Board

Subject to Section 36 (4) Counties Amendment Act 1961

9935339.1 Mortgage to Bank of New Zealand - 22.12.2014 at 5:05 pts

Trungetion id Offent Reference 713715

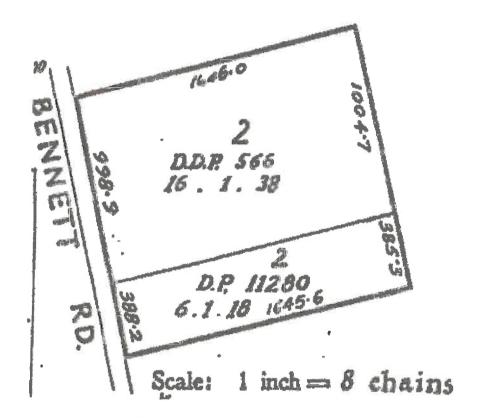
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Search Capy Dated 17:03/17 11:40 cm. Page 1 of 3

Register Only











APPENDIX G: CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

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ONE TRACTORY TESTING ANALYTICA **CHAIN OF CUST** LABURANIPHS CLIENT INFERMATION 2 LDE 32 Grey Street 13348 4 0 Bennell Road Jonathan Makkar 06 3673035 8- harding Citie to 12 Circh Harding PARCEATORS INC. AND THE STREET S High All by Pati tree at 519 O ISCHE 12 61 1 2 HM, OCA, PAH 520 0-Isomm 12 52 IM OUR PAH Recieved: Matt B D/T: 2/6/17 1430 teralities suppressioners and P. Me Picking Felician white other





APPENDIX H: LABORATORY TEST RESULTS



Analytica Laboratodes Licelted Ruakura Research Centre 10 Bisley Road Hamilton 3214, New Zealand Ph +64 (07) 974 4740 sales@analytica.co.nz www.ana.ytica.co.nz

Certificate of Analysis

Land Development & Exploration

32 Grey Street

Gisborne 4010 Attention: Sarah Harding Phone: 06 8873035 Email:

s_harding@ids.co.nz

Lab Reference: Submitted by:

17-13548 Jonathan Mukhter 2/06/2017

Date Received: Date Completed: 9/06/2017 Order Number:

Reference:

Sampling Site:

Manus Matale in Sail

	0.57	Secret D	81	82	84	*	鐵
	500	in Sangkal	1/80/2011	1/05/2017	1,45-6 1076017	1960,0007	1000000
Analyte	Unit	Reporting	17-13546-1	17-13540-2	17-13540-3	17-13540-4	17-13540-6
Smercia	माकुर्देश वीपु भरी	0.125	5.81	5.14	5.80	6.00	5.38
i gilina	mokg dry wt		0.59	0.68	0.75	0.76	2.02
	empling day with	1.25	4.50	4.55	5.12	4.78	4.77
Beress Cachnisms	ing/kg sky wi	0.025	0.12	0.13	0.10	0.10	0.11
	angsing dry wit	0.125	14.0	14.0	15.6	15.4	14.5
Carrier State			18.1	23.5	20.9	21.9	20.7
Copper	mg/kg dry wit		15.1	14.5	15.7	16.5	14.7
Lead	ගාපු/දිපු ස් ry භේ		0.041	D.046	0.044	0.043	0.042
Vercury	impility dry wit			11.5	12.8	12-9	11.8
Nickel	mg/kg dry wit	9.05	11.5			86.2	63.4
Zioc	anging stry wit	0.05	62.6	61.6	58.4	80.2	3973

Heavy Metals In Soil

neavy inecals in		Sample ID	56	57	58	Se	5110
	acres descripted		Printe Surreplant 1/0/0/2017 1/00/2017		14892817	148-2017	10652817
Anatyle	Unit	Reporting Limit	17-13546-6	17-13545-7	17-13545-8	17-13546-0	17-19540-10
Systemic:	amplified aloy wit	0.125	5.25	6.68	5 88	5.27	5.70
	molite dry wi	0.013	0.65	0.83	0.74	0.67	0.80
Senjilian	mp/kg dry set	1.25	5.94	5.18	5.48	4.71	4.86
Esta Cadalum	mg/cg dry w:	0.005	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.10	0.12
Si certifold	लावुनिय चीपु भरी	0.125	13.6	17.0	14.9	14.3	15.9
	anging dry wit	0.075	19.9	24.3	21.8	20.4	22.8
Copper Lead	registed dry wit	0.05	13.9	17.6	15.1	14.1	15.6
	mgáig dry int		0.043	0.050	0.845	0.047	0.048
Meroury Nickel	mg/kg dry et		11.4	14.8	12.9	\$1.5	13.9
Zino:	स्थानिक क्षेत्र क्षेत्र भारी		64.2	75.8	68.1	61.3	71.2



As team recovers herein have been performed in anomale somethers with the letter story is recovered accordant to which canopies of accordant to which are not exception of accident with the canopies of accidents.

Project Ref. 13348 PSI/DSI

Report Data 9/05/2017

Report 60 17-33-50-300]

Fags 1 of 6

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Heavy Metals in Soil

	Alan Mark	Agreet 10	811	41%	3113	514	39.5
	Dani	i de aprimi	1/019/2/01/	1/00/2003	1/1/4/28/17	1/05/2017	1385/2017
Arustyte	Unit	Reporting Limit	17-13545-11	17-13546-12	17-13545-13	17-13545-14	17-13545-15
Arseria	mg/kg dry wit	0.125	5.39	5.27	2.69	5.52	5.20
Des ji kari	anguing any est	8.813	0.75	D.68	0.80	0.73	0.67
Beren	mg/sg sky wt	1.25	4.47	4,50	4.71	4.94	
Cadaium	जदर्भातु देश भर्त	0.005	0.12	9,12	0.13	0.11	4.42
Cheernhum	නැතුවල ජාල සහ	0.125	14.5	14.2	15.6	15.0	0.11
Copper	जाहर्मेख क्षेत्र सन	0.075	20.2	20.9	20.9	17.2	14.2
(ear)	माजुलेलु जंगु भर	2.65	18.6	14.9	17.0	15.7	17.9
Versury	make sity at	0.025	0.054	0.036	0.541		14.5
Viche!	mg/kg dry an	0.05	11.5	19.4		0.045	0.043
Circo	migding stry set	9.65			13.8	11,6	11.6
	raiging 20 pm/	200	62.2	52.0	73.4	84.7	83.2

Heavy Metals in Soil

	de su h	Daw ten of the	318	\$17	310	\$19	\$25 WWW.83	
	De	s Semperat	100500017	1799/2017	103/2017	VARIANCE I		
Analyte	tirs	Reporting Lan?	17-13510-13	17-12846-17	17-18545-18	17-15648-10	17-13546-20	
Arsenio	making dry wit	0.125	5.53	5.28	5.28	5.84	5,68	
Beryllium	mg/kg dry wt	0.013	0.75	9.75	0.75	0.95		
Boom	गाडु/बहु क्षेत्र कर	1.25	4.92	4.50	4.60	5.15	0.77	
Satinium	सामुनियु योगु भर	2.005	0.14	9.12	0.13	0.13	5.13	
Chacenture	स्कृतियु की पूर्व	0.125	15.9	14.8)	14.7	16,5	0.13	
Bogger	जापुर्वेश्व क्षेत्र सर्व	0.075	14.5	15.1	13.5	14.7	15.2	
esd	हातुःहेत् वंशः करं	0.05	18.2	16.5	15.4	17.2	14.4	
Sercesy.	जावुनिय क्षेत्र क्षेत्र भारत	0.025	0.080	0.088	0.547		15.5	
Coke!	maning dry wit	0.65	114	14.5	11.4	0.081	D.549	
iro	साद्वतिष्ठ वंशु करे	0.05	61.2	6D.5	80.4	13.1 67.4	11.8 52.9	

Organoch forine Pesticides - Soil

	Offer	Sample (1)	51	-32	43		36
	ba	ा विकासकार्य	10000000	1800/2017	A13 2317	1/9572017	1/8/8/2017
Knalyte	Unit	Reporting Levil	17-13546-1	17-13546-2	17-13546-3	17-13540-4	17-13848-0
2,4'-DDD	make dry at	0.003	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
24-DDE	जावुनेस्य क्षेत्र कर	0.005	<0.005	<0.505	<0.005	<0.005	<2.005
2.4-CDT	reg/kg dry wi	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.505	<0.005	<0.008
4,4-DDD	ाष्ट्रा दिन को	0.003	<0.065	<0.108	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
4,4-00E	mg-kg dry at	2,005	49.9 05	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.003
4,4'-DDT	लकुन्दित केपूर कर्त	2.005	<0.005	<0.10F	<5.005	<0.005	<0.005
Total DDT	regulage stry wit	9.62	<₹.02	<0.62	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
alpha-BHC	जञ्जू विद्या क्षेत्र अर्थ	2.015	<0.005	Ø.166	<0.005	<0.005	<0.003
Aldrie	mg/kg dry est	0.00 5	<0.005	♦106	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
beta-8%C	तापुरीक्षा चंतुर सर्व	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
de Chiante e	राकृतिक वेतु अर्थ	0.005	<0.005	<9.695	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
ds-Nonauhbr	मञ्जूष्य केषु का	201	<5.01	< <u>0.5</u> 1%	<0.5f	<0.01	<0.61
inte 250	मापुरिस् रीपुर्वा	2.905	<0.005	<0.105	<0.005	<0.305	<0.005
Olekhia.	ing/kg dry at	Q.05	<5.65	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	40.55
ndos.Elan I	स्तवसिंख दीपुर स्टा	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	< 0.355	<0.005
ndos dan II	ामकृतिहा द्वांतुः सर्व	0.64	<0.01	ব্যক্র্য	<0.01	<0.01	Q1.81
ndos. fan subhare	बाहुकेषु धंतु सर्व	0.005	<0.005	<0.105	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Problem	नवुर्भद्ध ग्रंग्यू सर	0.05	CL05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.00
ndrin zidenyde	mg/kg sky et	0.01	<9.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01

Report ID 17-1556-1500)
Page 2 of 5
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Organochlorine Pesticides - Soil

	D.Navii.	Sample (0)	S1	87	-56	94	50
	-	e Sampled	1/06/2017	1/00/2017	12017 1006/2017	17067617	4062017
Endrin ketone	mg/kg dry wt	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0,003
запила-ВНС	marka dry wt	0.005	<0.005	<0.065	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Heptachtor	mg/kg dry Wt	8,005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Heptachlor epoxide	mg/kg dry wit	0.005	<0.005	<0.905	<0.005	<0.005	<9.005
Hexacisionobenzane	mg/kg dry wit	0.005	<0.005	<0.805	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Methaxyonlar	angling day wit	0.01	<0.01	<2.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
trans-nonacities	mg/kg day wit	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
trans-Chlordane	mg/kg dry wit	0.01	<0.0%	<0.01	<0.01	40.01	<0.01
Chlordane (sum)	mg/kg dry wt	0.02	<0.02	<0,02	<0.92	<0.02	<0.02
TOTAL (Surrocate)	56	1	84.5	94.9	88.0	87.3	88.3

Organochlorine Pesticides - Soil

	- Otteni	Servets 6	36 37	97	\$1	58	510
0.0	On On	in Parricket	1/06/2017	1/00/2017	1/06/2017	15072017	1998/2017
limalyte	Unit	Reporting	17-13544-0	17-13546-7	17-13545-6	17-13540-0	17-13546-10
24-000	mg/kg dry wit	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
4-00E	ang/kg dry wit	0.995	<9.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
24-DDT	mg/kg dry Wt	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.008
1.4'-DDD	mp/kg dry wt	0.003	40,005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
4'-DDE	mg/kg dry wt	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
A'-DDT	mg/kg dry w/t	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.008
Cotal DDT	maka dry wt	0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
alpha-9HC	rng/ing dry wit	9.905	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	49.005
Ridrin	लाहारेड कंप कर	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
heta-SHC	make dry wit	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
eis-Chlordana	तावुशेख वंगु भर्त		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
AS-Constants	mgátg ány wi		<0.01	40.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
delta-SHC	mg/kg dry wt		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Dieldrig	mg/kg dry wt		<0.03	<0.05	<0.05	<0.03	<0.95
Dieleris Endosultan 1	make dry wit		<0.005	<0.095	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Endosultan II	mg/kg dry wt	_	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<8.01
Endosulfan sulphata	mgág dry wá		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Endin	mg/kg dry wit		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Endrin aldehyde	mg/kg dry wt		<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
Endrin ketone	mo/kg dry wi		<0.005	<0.505	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
	rng/kg dry wt	_	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
ganana-BHC Heotachtor	mg/kg dry ni		<0,005	<0.565	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Heptachlor eposida	mg/kg dry wi	4 1 1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Hepadreor eposide Hexaphioroberszene	maka dry wi		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.006	<0.005
	mg/kg dry wi	_	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
Methoxychlor	ang/kg day wi	-	<0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	40.01	<0.01
trans-nonacities	लाकुरेस्य क्रांप भर्त		<0.01	40.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
trans-Chlordane			<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	40.02	<0.62
Chlordane (sum) TCMX (Surrogale)	anging dry wi		84.4	57.0	89.3	80.8	87.7

Organochlorine Pesticides - Soil

	0.500	Samuele ID	811	\$12	S13	594	\$1.5
	73	Data Semilial		1/04/2/017	1/56/2017	1/66/2017	1002917
Resolyte	Ursi	Reporting	17-13546-11	17-13546-12	17-13540-13	17-13540-14	17-13548-15
	mg/kg day wit		<9.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
2,41-000 2,41-00E	mg/kg dry w/.		<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005

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Organochlorine Pesticides - Soil

	Start Harris &		mit geweit gr	4.6.3	913	814	6113
	The	a Rampiaci	2750 2017	11.492017	1406/32107	Lawdiday	1/06/001
2,4-DDT	Ingileg dry est	D-005	<0.905	<0.005	<0.608	<0.505	<0.005
4.4-CDC	angling dry wit	0.002	<0.006	<0.005	<0.035	<0.005	<0.005
4,4-DDE	mig/kg dry wa	0.005	<0.025	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
4,4-007	reg/kg dry set	0.005	<0.205	<0.005	<0.005	<0.025	30.005
Total DDT	ang/kg dry wi	0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.00
alpha-BHC	जावुर्वेश्व वीपुण्याः	0.005	<0.606	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Aldrin	anging dry wit	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
seta-EHC	mg/kg dry wt	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.008	<0.005	<0.005
de Chariere	ragging day not	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
dis-Nenaphlor	ang/kg dry wit	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	49.61	40.01
delta-SMC	mg/sg dry est	0.005	<0.005	<0.905	<0.005	<0.205	<0.005
Dieldein	लाकु ⁷ शकु योगु भरे	0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Endosulfan i	anguing dry at	0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Endossillen (j	roging dry art	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	9.01	<0.51
indosuitan sulphate	ाञ्चितित क्षेत्र क्षर	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.305	<0.008
Endrin	rog/kg stry ext	0.65	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
indrin aldeltyde	ाख्यिक संपूर्व	2.01	<0.01	<0.01	< 0.91	(I.E)	40.01
ndrin šetane	raging dry wit	0.005	<0.905	<0.005	<0.025	<0.005	<0.005
атала-БНС	ang/kg dry act	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
leptochlor	mg/kg dry wt	0.005	<0.005	<0.00%	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
leptachics eposide	mg/kg dry eri	0.005	<0,005	<0.015	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
lezafikas levene	ampikg dry est	0.065	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
letroxyddiar	origing dry wit	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<5.01	<0.030
as-neralier	mg/kg dry et	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
ans-Chicalane	mg/kg dry et	0.01	₹0.01	<0.01	<0.21	<3.01	<0.01
Interdane (szen)	make dry est	2.62	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	Q.E	<0.02
ChiX (Surrogate)	5	1	88.9	85.2	88.5	85.8	53.5

Organochlorine Pesticides - Soil

	O con Sample (i)		S46 517	517	218	S10	320
	10.	to designat	1/0/6(2097	1/12/2017	101.2017	180900117	Merrotr
Analyte	Unit	Reporting Limit	17-13540-18	17-13540-17	17-13648-18	17-13548-10	17-19849-20
2,4-DD0	ang/kg dry w:	0.005	<3.005	<0.008	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
2,4-DDE	mylikg diyint	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.006	<0.005
24-001	जावुमित्र dry est	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.035	<0.095	<0.005
4,4°-COD	mg/kg dry wt	0.903	D.908	<0.905	<0.005	<0.005	5.007
4,4-DDE	malkg dry wt	0.005	0.935	<0.605	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
4.A'-DUT	mg/kg dry et	0.005	<0.005	40.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Total DDT	mg/kg dry wi	2.62	<0.02	49.02	<0.02	<0.07	<0.02
SHS-EHC	mg/kg dry et	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Fal d rim	mg/kg dry wt	0.005	<0.005	<0.015	<0.905	<0.035	<0.005
beta-8HC	mg/kg dry act	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
ds-Orkadzne	marky dry at	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.008	<0.005	<0.005
is-Konachlor	mg/kg dry et	0.61	<0.01	<9.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
ella-SHC	mg/kg dry ist	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	49,805
Dieldin	maka dry wt	9.65	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
Indosulian I	mg/kg dry wi	0.905	◆.705	` <0.005	<0.005	<0.008	<0.005
Endosultan ti	mg/kg dry at	0.01	<0.01	90.01	<0.01	O.M.	<0.01
indosetian sulphate	regitte day wit	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.003	<0.005	<0.005
Endrin	mg/kg dry wi	2.65	<8.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
ndris aldenyde	mg/kg dry wt	2.01	<0.01	40.01	<2.01	⊴0.01	<0.01
Endrin kelone	mg/kg dry wt	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.006	40.005
srma-BHC	mgikg dry wt	0.005	<0.005	<0.805	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005

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Organochlorine Pesticides - Seil

	950	Sample 10	S16	S17	SIB	\$19	820
	and Handel		148,464	1/3/3,249 17	i travalit	1/06/2017	1500-5017
Heptschior	regulog dry wit	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.008
Heptachlor epoxide	mg/kg-dry wt	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.008	43,005	<0.005
Hexachioroberzene	mg/kg dry wt	0.025	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Methoxychior	make dry wit	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
rans-nonachior	mg/kg dry wit	0.01	<0.01	< 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
rans-Chierdana	ang/kg day wt	0.05	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
Chiordane (sum)	mg/kg dry wt	0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
TCLD: (Surrogate)	54	1	92.7	92.4	88,9	86.5	98,9

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons - Soil

THE RESERVE	G.en	Sample 19	519	520	
	100	le Sampled	1/68/2017	1076/2017	
Arradyte	Unit	Repring	17-13548 19	17-13540-20	
1-Methylmaphthalene	កាដ្ឋកិច្ច	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	
2-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	
Aserachibere	mg/kg	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	
Apenaphthylene	mgikg	0.0%	<0.01	<0.01	
Aritmosne	mg/kg	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	
Benzialanticacene	mg/kg	0.02	<0.02	<0.02	
Berzo[a]pyrene	mg/kg	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	
Serzo(b)Ai(i fuszarchere	mg/lig	0.62	<0.02	Ø.02	
Berzolg,h, i perylene	mg/kg	0.02	<0.02	<0.02	
Berzojk fluorantiene	mg/kg	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	
Chrysene	កធ្វៈស្វែ	0.01	40.01	<0.01	
Dibercia i) anthracene	mailig	0.01	<0.91	<0.01	
Fluoranti-ene	malka	0.02	<0.02	<0.02	
Fluorene	ពេជ្ជខែធ្ន	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	
Indeno(1.2,3-od)gyrene	mgrkg	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	
Naphthalene	mailes	0.04	<0.01	<b.01< td=""></b.01<>	
Phenantrene	mgrisg	6.01	10.0>	<0.51	
Pyrene	mg/kg	0.02	<0.02	<0.02	
Beszojajpyrene TEG (LOR)	mg/Ag	0.01	0.03	0.03	
Berzolsjavene TEC (Zisto)	ខាងខ្មែ	0.01	≪.01	<0.01	
Antiracene-dill (Sunossie)	E.	1	92.6	93,4	

Moisture Content

	5 ten	Sensiviii	Sti	\$29 1,960017	
	De	to Sampled	1/08/2017		
Analyte	Unt	Reparang Limit	17-13546-19	17-13546-20	
Moisture Content	%	1	23	24	

Method Summary

Elements in Soil

Acid digestion followed by ICP-MS analysis, US EPA method 200.8.

OCP in Soil

Samples are extracted with hexane, pre-concernated then analysed by GC-MSMS. In house (Chlordane (sum) is calculated from the main actives in technical Chlordane; Chlordane, Nonachlor and Heptachlor)

method.

Total DDT

Sum of DOT, DDD and DDE (4,4' and 2,4 isomers)

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Method Summary

PAH in Soil

Solvent extraction, effice cleanup, followed by GC-MS analysis.

Benzo[a]pyrene TEQ (LOR): The most conservative TEQ estimate, where a result is reported as less than the limit of reporting (LOR) the LOR value is used to calculate the TEQ for that PAH. Benzo[a]pyrene TEQ (Zero): The least conservative TEQ estimate, PAHs reported as less than the limit of reporting (LOR) are not included in the TEQ calculation.

Benzo[a]pyrene toxic equivalence (TEQ) is calculated according to *Methodology for Deriving Standards for Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health! Ministry for the Environment, 2011.

Moisture

Moisture content is determined gravimetrically by drying at 103 °C.

Report Comments

Samples were received by Analytica Laboratories in acceptable condition unless otherwise noted on this report.

Hao Wang, M.Sc.(Hons)

Technologist

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