KĀINGA ORA

Submission 050

Plan Change 5

From:	Claire Moore
То:	Policy Team
Cc:	developmentplanning; Lezel Botha
Subject:	Kāinga Ora submission on Proposed District Plan Change 5
Date:	Friday, 25 November 2022 2:25:42 PM
Attachments:	image001.jpg
	20221125 Kāinga Ora Submisson on PC5 Hastings ODP incl maps vSIGNED.pdf

Kia ora,

Please find attached a submission by Kāinga Ora – Homes and Communities on Proposed District Plan Change 5 – Right homes, Right place to the Operative Hastings District Plan.

Please confirm receipt of receiving the submission.

Please also let us know if you require any word versions of the submission. Ngā mihi,

Claire Moore

Senior Development Planner Development Planning Urban Planning and Design [E] claire.moore@kaingaora.govt.nz [P] +64 21 2286 468 cid:image001.jpg@01D5EC93.4A675010 [?]

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25 November 2022

Attn: Hastings District Council Private Bag 9002 Hastings 4156 Submission by email via: policyteam@hdc.govt.nz

KĀINGA ORA – HOMES AND COMMUNITIES SUBMISSION ON A NOTIFIED PROPOSAL FOR PROPOSED DISTRICT PLAN CHANGE 5 'RIGHT HOMES; RIGHT PLACE' TO THE OPERATIVE CITY DISTRICT PLAN UNDER CLAUSE 6 OF SCHEDULE 1 OF THE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT ACT 1991

This is a submission by Kāinga Ora - Homes and Communities on Proposed District Plan Change 5 – Right homes, Right place ("PC5") to the Operative Hastings District Plan ("the Plan" or "District Plan") from Hastings District Council ("the Council" or "HDC"):

Kāinga Ora does not consider it can gain an advantage in trade competition through this submission. In any event, Kāinga Ora is directly affected by an effect of the subject matter of the submission that:

- Adversely affects the environment; and
- Does not relate to trade competition or the effects of trade competition.

The specific provisions of the proposal that this submission relates to:

PC5 to the District Plan in its entirety.

This document and the Appendices attached is Kainga Ora submission on PC5.

The Kāinga Ora submission is:

- Kāinga Ora Homes and Communities ("Kāinga Ora") is a Crown Entity and is required to give effect to Government policies. Kāinga Ora has a statutory objective that requires it to contribute to sustainable, inclusive, and thriving communities that:
 - a) Provide people with good quality, affordable housing choices that meet diverse needs; and
 - b) Support good access to jobs, amenities and services; and
 - c) Otherwise sustain or enhance the overall economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being of current and future generations.
- 2. Because of these statutory objectives, Kāinga Ora has interests beyond its role as a public housing provider. This includes a role as a landowner and developer of residential housing and as an enabler of quality urban developments through increasing the availability of build-ready land across the Hawkes Bay region.
- 3. Kāinga Ora therefore has an interest in PC5 and how it:
 - a) Gives effect to the National Policy Statement on Urban Development ("NPS-UD");
 - b) Minimises barriers that constrain the ability to deliver housing development across public housing, affordable housing, affordable rental and market housing; and
 - c) Provides for the provision of services and infrastructure and how this may impact on the existing and planned communities, including Kāinga Ora housing developments.
- 4. Kāinga Ora acknowledge the direction that Hastings District Council are taking with PC5; appreciating that PC5 is taking steps towards providing a more enabling planning framework for the region in order to partially give effect to the NPS-UD. Specifically, the measures that have been taken are limited in their extent and as acknowledged through the section 32 analysis, only go part of the way to address the requirements of the NPS-UD, including policy 5.
- Overall, Kāinga Ora consider the proposed provisions to be overly complex and lacking in transparency of application, particularly through the use of Comprehensive Residential Development ("CRD") across the General Residential Zone.

6. The Kāinga Ora submission seeks amendments to PC5 in the following chapters:

7. Medium Density Residential Zone (MDRZ)

- a. Kāinga Ora generally supports the inclusion of a Medium Density Residential Zone within the Hastings District Plan; however, consider the spatial application of this is too limited. Whilst the proposed provisions create a more enabling consenting pathway for CRD, this is restricted only to the replacement of the existing 'City Living Zone' and 'Sites Identified for Comprehensive Residential Development'. Kāinga Ora is concerned that this application will not deliver the increase in housing supply that has been identified for the district in the short, medium and long term through the Housing Development Capacity Assessment ("HBA¹"). Moreover, whilst the provisions appear to be more enabling, particularly in regards to less restrictive activity statuses, PC5 does not result in an increase of the permitted level of development for these existing zones.
- b. The up-zoning of the existing sites identified for CRD in Appendix 27, 28 and 29 results in 'spot zoning' of the Medium Density Zone amongst the General Residential Zone Environments of Hastings, Havelock North and Flaxmere. Kāinga Ora oppose this methodology and spatial application as this will compromise the ability of the District Plan to deliver a clear and logical zoning outcome across the urban environment.
- c. It is acknowledged that the section 32 analysis indicates that the Medium Density Zone as proposed has been selected partly based on infrastructure capacity availability; however, the same level of intensification has been provided for through the use of 'Comprehensive Residential Development' within the General Residential Zone. Therefore, whilst Kāinga Ora agree that it is necessary to consider and assess infrastructure capacity (and where necessary, the associated adverse effects) as part of residential intensification, this should be done as part of the consenting process rather than being a limiting factor for intensification enabled through the plan change.
- d. The section 32 analysis for the proposed application of the MDRZ explores three key options;
 - i. Option 1 Status quo retention of existing zoning pattern.

¹ Housing Development Capacity Assessment 2021, prepared by Market Economics for Napier City, Hastings District Council and Hawke's Bay Regional Council.

- ii. Option 2 Application of MDRS within the existing areas zoned as Hastings City Living and Sites Identified for Comprehensive Residential Development, in addition to provision for Comprehensive Residential Development within the General Residential Zones based on a 400-600m catchment.
- iii. Option 3 Application of the MDRS across the entire urban environment of Hastings.
- e. In reviewing these options, Kāinga Ora considers that the s32 did not explore a further option, being the application of a Medium Density Zone within a specified walkable catchment of Town Centres. This option would better cater to the housing need identified within the HBA for Hastings and would not exclude the ability to assess infrastructure capacity for developments. This option forms the basis of changes requested by Kāinga Ora.
- f. Kāinga Ora seek that the MDRZ should be extended across the existing Hastings General Residential Zone, as a more transparent application of what Council has proposed through the notified provisions. Kāinga Ora further seeks that within a walkable catchment of 800m from the centres of Flaxmere and Havelock North, the MDRZ is applied. These spatial changes are shown in the maps prepared by Kāinga Ora within **Appendix 2**. In addition to this, Kāinga Ora seeks changes to the provisions to provide a more enabling Medium Density Zone, including a permitted threshold of 3 dwellings per site.

8. General Residential Zone – Hastings, Havelock North and Flaxmere

- a. Kāinga Ora supports the intention to create a more enabling planning framework within the General Residential Zones of Havelock North and Flaxmere; however, oppose the means of which it has been proposed through this plan change. Kāinga Ora consider that the proposed use of CRD and its spatial application conflict with the outcomes generally sought within a General Residential Zone.
- b. The methodology proposed by PC5 to allow for CRD on residential sites within 400-600m of a bus stop, open space and/or a commercial zone, is opposed by Kāinga Ora. Kāinga Ora considers that this methodology ultimately puts the onus of demonstrating compliance for qualification of a CRD onto the resource consent process and the individual landowner. In addition, the value range of 400-600m creates uncertainty for the landowner and community as to whether or not the site would qualify to undertake a CRD and does not provide transparency for neighbouring properties.

c. In addition to amendments sought to the application of the GRZ and the MDRZ, to reflect the direction of more enabling and transparent provisions, Kāinga Ora have suggested amendments to the permitted level of development for the General Residential Zones.

9. Subdivision

- a. Kāinga Ora support the more enabling and appropriate activity statuses that have been proposed for subdivision associated with CRD, however, consistent with the relief sought throughout this submission, request that these provisions be applied more broadly to residential development within the Medium Density and General Residential Zones.
- b. Kāinga Ora request that minimum lot sizes be associated with vacant allotments only, and specific provisions be included relating to developments where land use consent is sought in conjunction with subdivision. Kāinga Ora request that the minimum lot sizes proposed are replaced with minimum shape factors to ensure the delivery of vacant allotments that are able to facilitate a permitted level of development, without restricting development to site size.

10. Definitions

- a. Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of National Planning Standard definitions throughout PC5;
 however, do not consider that these should be restricted in their application to the MDRZ.
 Kāinga Ora seek that where there are now duplicate definitions proposed, that the National
 Planning Standard definitions simply replace the existing definitions in full.
- b. Consistent with relief sought elsewhere, Kāinga Ora request the deletion of references to Comprehensive Residential Development within the definitions.

11. Other – Consequential changes throughout the plan

- a. Reflective of the relief sought through this plan change, Kāinga Ora have requested consequential changes to the following chapters and appendices:
 - i. Chapter 2.4 Urban Strategy
 - ii. Chapter 2.6 Medium Density Housing Strategy
 - iii. Residential Zones Overview
 - iv. Chapters 7.2, 8.2 and 9.2 (General Residential Zones)

- v. Medium Density Residential Zone
- vi. Chapter 30.1 Subdivision
- vii. Chapter 33.1 Definitions
- viii. Appendix 60 Height in relation to boundary tool

12. Planning maps

- As detailed above, Kāinga Ora request changes to the planning maps to amend the spatial application of the Medium Density Zone so that it applies across the full extent of the existing Hastings General Residential Zone and within an 800m walkable catchment from the Havelock North and Flaxmere centres.
- b. Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the spot zoning of the Medium Density Zone throughout the General Residential Environment.
- 13. The changes sought are made to:
 - i. Ensure that Kāinga Ora can carry out its statutory obligations;
 - ii. Ensures that the proposed provisions are the most appropriate way to achieve the purpose of the Resource Management Act 1991, relevant national direction and regional alignment;
 - iii. Ensure that the s32 analysis has appropriately analysed and considered other reasonable options to justify the proposed plan provisions;
 - Reduce interpretation and processing complications for decision makers so as to provide for plan enabled development;
 - v. Provide clarity for all plan users; and
 - vi. Allow Kāinga Ora to fulfil its urban development functions as required under the Kāinga
 Ora–Homes and Communities Act 2019.
- 14. The Kāinga Ora submission points and changes sought can be found within Table 1 of Appendix1 which forms the bulk of the submission.

- 15. Mapping changes sought are included in **Appendix 2**.
- 16. In the absence of scope within this plan change, consistent with the NPS-UD, Kāinga Ora seek that an assessment of the existing commercial zones, large format retail zone, the General Residential Character Zones, including the spatial extent and provisions be undertaken. Following this assessment, a subsequent plan change be prepared and notified to ensure the outcomes of the NPS-UD are able to be achieved.

Kāinga Ora seeks the following decision from HDC:

That the specific amendments, additions or retentions which are sought as specifically outlined in **Appendix 1 and 2**, are accepted and adopted into Proposed Plan Change 5, including such further, alternative or consequential relief as may be necessary to fully achieve the relief sought in this submission.

Kāinga Ora wishes to be heard in support of their submission.

Kāinga Ora seeks to work collaboratively with the Council and wishes to discuss its submission on PC5 to address the matters raised in its submission.

If others make a similar submission, Kāinga Ora are happy to consider presenting a joint case at a hearing.

Brendon Liggett Manager - Development Planning Kāinga Ora – Homes and Communities

ADDRESS FOR SERVICE: Kāinga Ora – Homes and Communities, PO Box 74598, Greenlane, Auckland 1051. Email: developmentplanning@kaingaora.govt.nz



Appendix 1: Decisions sought Proposed Plan Change 5

The following table sets out the amendments sought to Proposed Plan Change 5 to the Operative Hastings District Plan and also identifies those provisions that Kāinga Ora supports.

Kāinga Ora proposed changes in Proposed Plan Change 5 are shown as strikethrough for deletion and <u>underlined</u> for proposed additional text.



Table 1

ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in Part/ Oppose	Reasons	Relief Sought Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion au
Genera	I / All of Plan Change				
1.	Spatial application - Medium Density Zone		Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the introduction of a Medium Density Zone within Hastings District in principle. It is acknowledged that these provisions will result in a framework that is more enabling of residential intensification; however, in order to facilitate the creation of a well-functioning urban environment, the spatial application and consenting pathways proposed within the provisions should be amended to be more transparent and encompass a regular zoning pattern.	 Kāinga Ora seek the M the Hastings General R principles of intensifica enabled through PC5 t Medium and General R Kāinga Ora seek the M catchment of 800m fro 3. Kāinga Ora seek that th as shown in the planni
2.	Comprehensive Residential Development (" CRD ")		Oppose	 Kāinga Ora oppose the use of a separate activity pathway through Comprehensive Residential Development. Kāinga Ora consider that all residential activities should be considered under the same pathway; i.e. residential activities and buildings, and that a simplified rule framework is constructed to enable housing in the respective zone, with appropriate performance standards and rules to regulate the extent of development within the urban environment. 	 Kāinga Ora seek the de throughout the Hastinţ
3.	Spatial application - General Residential Zone – CRD		Oppose in part	 Kāinga Ora generally support the amendment of provisions within the General Residential Zones of Havelock North and Flaxmere; however, as above, the mechanism of CRD that has been applied with associated medium density standards, is not supported. The application of CRD as a mechanism has not been spatially mapped across qualifying areas of Hastings, and the provisions of how this should be mapped lack clarity. The range of 400-600m creates uncertainty of compliance. The absence of the spatial application of this mechanism within the planning maps places the onus of whether a medium density level of development is appropriate onto the resource consenting process and the individual land owner rather than what should be identified through the zoning process of a plan change. Kāinga Ora have undertaken a mapping exercise of the proposed CRD provisions. Based on the application of the 600m walkable catchment, the vast majority of the Hastings General Residential Environment would qualify for assessment through the CRD activity pathway. As a result, Kāinga Ora request the deletion of the Hastings GRZ and the replacement with the MDRZ to create a more simplified planning framework. 	 Kāinga Ora seek the de within the General Res Residential provisions logical zoning framewo development is approp Kāinga Ora see that the adopted. It is specifical General Residential Zo If the relief sought in the seeks the opportunity provisions.

nges in Proposed Plan Change 5 are shown as and <u>underlined</u> for proposed additional text

Medium Density Zone be applied to the full extent of I Residential Zone and City Living Zone, reflective of ication around main centres and what has been 5 through provisions relating to CRD across the I Residential Environments.

Medium Density Zone be applied to a walkable from the Flaxmere and Havelock North town centres. the spatial application of the Medium Density Zone ning maps in **Appendix 2** is adopted.

deletion of the mechanism of CRD in its entirety ings District Plan

deletion of the mechanism of CRD in its entirety desidential Zone, and instead, the existing General has be amended to be a transparent and include a work that sets clear expectations for what level of ropriate within the zone.

the tracked changes throughout this submission are cally noted that the provisions of the Hastings Zone are requested to be deleted in their entirety.

n this submission point is not granted, Kāinga Ora ty to review the Hastings General Residential



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
				There is also concern regarding the impact of introducing a separate activity for medium density residential development within the General Residential Zone, which is characterised by lower density development. The disconnect between delivering the performance standards of the General Residential Zone and delivering a CRD development will dilute and compromise the planned built environment and character for each zone.	
4.	Hastings Medium Density Design Guidance		Oppose in part	 Kāinga Ora opposes the inclusion of Design Guidelines in the Plan, which act as de facto rules to be complied with. Kāinga Ora opposes any policy or rule approach which would require development proposals to comply with such design guidelines in the District Plan. Kāinga Ora alternatively seeks and supports design guidelines sit outside the Plan as guidance regarding best practice design outcomes. The Design Guidelines should be treated as a non-statutory tool. Where particular design outcomes are to be achieved, these should be specified in matters of discretion or assessment. 	 Kāinga Ora seeks the D District Plan and are tr Plan. Delete all references to meet or follow the Des Where particular desig specifically stated in po are illustrated and sou If the relief sought in ti design guidelines and n Kāinga Ora seeks that to written in a manner th guidelines should read to provide for a design consent holder must for flexibility and scope to characteristics and des If the relief sought in ti seeks the opportunity statutory document. Kāinga Ora seeks all ne relief sought.
5.	Commercial land			In the absence of scope within this plan change, consistent with the NPS-UD, Kā undertaken and a subsequent plan change be prepared and notified to optimise should explore the options of introducing mixed-use and high-density land uses	the use of commercial land w
6.	Commercial centres			In the absence of scope within this plan change, consistent with the NPS-UD, Kāinga Ora seek that a separate provisions relating to commercial centres are appropriate for the role and function of the centre within the D of the MDRS height standard, the planned built environment for the Medium Density Zone is greater than th the increased height enabled within the Medium Density Zone is supported, this outcome does not support to the urban environment. This is not supported and should be resolved as soon as possible.	
7.	General Residential Character Zones			In the absence of scope within this plan change, consistent with the NPS-UD, Kāinga Ora seek that an assessm Zones be undertaken, specifically in light of policy 5a of the NPS-UD to determine the appropriateness of the should be prepared and notified to ensure the outcomes of the NPS-UD are able to be achieved within these	

Design Guidelines are removed from within the treated as non-statutory tool, outside of the District

s to the Design Guidelines and in any requirement to Design Guidelines in the provisions of the Plan. sign outcomes are to be achieved, these should be policies and matters of discretion. Specific examples bught in this submission.

In this submission point is not granted, in deleting the d references to such guidelines in the District Plan, at the design guidelines are amended, simplified, and that is easy to follow. The outcomes sought in the ad as desired requirements with sufficient flexibility gn that fits and works on site, rather than rules that a t follow and adhere to. Otherwise, there is no to create a design that fits with specific site lesired built form development.

this submission point is not granted, Kāinga Ora y to review these guidelines if they are to remain a

necessary consequential changes to give effect to the

ment of existing commercial land zoning patterns be within the urban environment. Such an assessment tof Hastings.

te plan change be prepared and notified to ensure District. Through this plan change, and the adoption he height enabled for the commercial zones. Whilst the role and function of a commercial zone within

sment of the existing General Residential Character e existing zoning. It is suggested that a plan change e existing locations.



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
Reside	ntial Overview Chapte	r			
8.	Introduction		Support	Kāinga Ora support the general intent stated through this introduction, particularly the identification of the need to provide a range of housing options in locations that meet the demand as well as the needs of the community.	Retain as notified.
9.	Objectives	RESZ-O2	Support	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of an objective that seeks the creation of and contribution to well-functioning urban environments, in accordance with Objective 1 and Policy 1 of the NPS-UD.	Retain as notified.
10.	Objectives	RESZ-03	Support	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of an objective that requires development to be undertaken in accordance with the 'planned built environment' and the character anticipated for each zone. Relating character and amenity of an urban setting back to the planned built environment rather than the existing character, ensures that the District Plan is enabling of change in both character and amenity values over time.	Retain as notified.
11.	Policies	RESZ-P2	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora support the management of effects associated with residential activities and development; however, oppose the inclusion of reference to the Hastings Medium Density Design Framework 2022 as a non-statutory document, within the statutory document of the District Plan.	Amendments sought: Manage the effects of reside of amenity quality living env Medium Density Design Fra built form environment sou
12.	Policies	RESZ-P4	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora support the provision for and intention to deliver compact urban development in order to help safeguard productive land; however, consider that the connection made within this policy to the characteristics of the particular residential environment is inappropriate and rather this should refer to the character of the planned built environment.	Amendments sought: Provide for compact settlen land relative to the characte environment in order to hel surrounding the residential
13.	Policies	RESZ-P6	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora support the management of effects associated with activities that support the health and wellbeing of people and communities; however, rather than referring the assessment back to the character of the particular zone, the policy should refer to the planned built environment.	Amendments sought: Manage the effects of activi people and communities to environment in accordance particular zone.
14.	Standards	General Standards for Relocated Buildings Applicable in all Residential Zones	Oppose	Kāinga Ora oppose the use of a separate activity pathway for relocatable homes and consider that provisions for residential activities and buildings within the respective zone chapters are sufficient to regulate the potential effects of such buildings and to ensure that such buildings are consistent with the character and amenity of the planned built environment.	Kāinga Ora seek all provision deleted from the plan.
15.	Standards	RESZ-MAT4	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the use of a separate activity pathway for relocatable homes.	Delete all provisions relating

idential activities and development to ensure a <u>level</u> environment that is consistent with the Hastings ramework 2022 relative to the particular planned pught for the zone.

ement development and the efficient utilisation of cteristics of the particular residential planned built nelp safeguard the productive nature of the soils al zones of the District.

ivities that support the health and wellbeing of to ensure these maintain the quality living ce with the and-planned built form character of the

ions relating specifically to relocatable buildings be

ting to relocatable homes.



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in Part/ Oppose	Reasons	Relief Sought Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
				Notwithstanding the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the matter of discretion requiring the assessment of how a relocatable building will maintain the amenity of the streetscape. The assessment of the impact of the building should be against the intentions of the planned built environment.	striketinougn joi deletion d
Section	2.4 Urban Strategy	_			_
16.	2.4.2 – Anticipated Outcomes	UDAO2	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support increased intensification of the existing urban environment whilst maintaining acceptable levels of residential amenity; however 'acceptable' should be linked back to the planned built environment to be enabling of change within the urban context.	Amendments sought: Increased intensification of acceptable levels of resider <u>environment</u> .
17.		AOUD5	Support	Kāinga Ora support the provision for papakāinga housing; however, this should not be limited to Maori land and should be able to be delivered on general title land within the urban environment.	In the absence of this plan of papakāinga provisions with plan change is prepared and enabling framework for pap accommodate papakāinga h activity a lower risk consent to other residential activitie
18.	2.4.3 Objectives and policies	Objective UD08	Support	Kāinga Ora support the strategic location of development in close proximity to amenities and services. This objective then directs the introduction of the proposed Medium Density Zone of which Kāinga Ora generally support in principle with amendments as sought within this submission.	 Retain objective as noti Increase the spatial app accessibility and connect Havelock North and Flax
19.	Policy	Policy UDP14	Support	Kāinga Ora support the provision for greater building heights and density of development that is commensurate with the areas' accessibility to commercial activities, community services and the relative demand for housing and business use in that location.	 Retain policy as notified In the absence of scope separate plan change be relating to commercial of Through this plan change the planned built enviro than the height enabled enabled within the Med permitted height of 9m resolved as soon as poss

of the existing urban environments, while maintaining ential amenity in accordance with the planned built

n change proposing amendments to the existing thin chapter 21, Kāinga Ora request that a separate and notified. The plan change should create a more apakāinga developments, particularly to a housing on general title land and provide the enting pathway within the urban environment, similar ties.

tified.

oplication of the Medium Density Zone to reflect ectivity of this zone to the key centres of Hastings, laxmere as shown in **Appendix 2**.

ed.

be within this plan change, Kāinga Ora request that a be prepared and notified to ensure provisions al centres are reflective of the surrounding zoning. nge, and the adoption of the MDRS height standard, ironment for the Medium Density Zone is greater ed for the centre zones. Whilst the increased height edium Density Zone is supported, the step down to a m in the centre zones is not supported and should be ossible.



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in		
			Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chang
					strikethrough for deletion ar
Section	2.6 Medium Density Ho	ousing Strategy			
20.	Introduction		Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the intent to deliver an urban environment with good	Amendment sought.
				access to amenity; however, this should link to the planned built environment	
				to enable the delivery of an altered urban form to address the need to	In achieving compact develo
				consolidate the existing urban environment and reduce further urban sprawl.	carefully manage the existin
					sustainable supply and range
					levels are <u>delivered in accor</u>
					decreased.
21.	2.6.2.2 Hastings		Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of design guidance, as a non-statutory	1. Kāinga Ora seek the dele
	Urban Design			document, within the District Plan. Accordingly, Kāinga Ora requests that any	the District Plan.
	Framework 2010			reference to the design guide within the District Plan be deleted.	2. Kāinga Ora seek the dele Comprehensive Residen
				Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of a separate activity pathway through the	
				use of Comprehensive Residential Development. Kāinga Ora considers it appropriate to rely on the standards of the relevant zone to regulate the level	Amendments sought:
				of activity appropriate for a site as opposed to two pathways that could be	The district plan seeks to en
				used.	within areas where infrastru
					employment and public trar
					areas are be zoned the Med
					the District Plan provisions
					Design Guide therefore esta
					the construction of medium
					of Comprehensive Residenti
					that requires an integrated a
					of establishing parameters t
					Development is to produce
					to Hastings residential envir
					means a residential develop
					residential buildings on a sit
					hectare of land and that inco
					infrastructure and landscapi
					can occur separately as a lar
					subdivision application.inclu
					buildings, though it is not a
					Comprehensive Residential
					creation of superlots for the
					development (most likely in
22.	2.6.3 Anticipated	MDSA01	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the desired outcome of high levels of amenity, however,	Amendments sought:
	Outcomes			this is subjective and should be referred back to the planned built environment	

elopment, the Council recognises that it must ting residential environment to ensure that there is a nge of housing typologies and that urban amenity <u>ordance with the planned built environment. not</u>

eletion of and reference to design guidelines within

eletion of all references and provisions relating to ential Development.

encourage medium density housing development tructure capacity, amenity, open spaces, services, ansport are most accessible and available. These edium Density Residential Zone. Within this zone, s along with the Hastings Residential Intensification tablishes key design parameters and principles for m density development. and promotes it in the form ntial Development. This is a form of development d approach to medium density housing. The purpose s to promote Comprehensive Residential e high quality medium density housing that is suited vironment. Comprehensive Residential Development opment that comprises 3 2 or more additional siteat a density of 20-40 residential buildings per ncorporates an overall integrated design of buildings, ping. Comprehensive Residential Development land use application or concurrently with a clude subdivision of the proposed residential a requirement. However, subdivision prior to a al Development cannot occur, except for the he purposes of comprehensive residential in greenfield locations).



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in Part/ Oppose	Reasons	Relief Sought Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
				to enable the change in the urban form that is anticipated through this plan change.	Medium density developme amenity <u>in accordance with</u>
23.	2.6.3 Anticipated Outcomes	MDSAO3	Support	Kāinga Ora support enabling medium density development as a means of establishing a compact character and sustainable urban form.	Retain as notified.
24.	2.6.4 Objectives and policies	MDO1	Oppose in part	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora request the deletion of all references and provisions relating to Comprehensive Residential Development. The deletion of this reference within the objective does not detract from the purpose and intent, with the objective continuing to seek to promote residential intensification in the appropriate and identified locations. It is the view of Kāinga Ora that these appropriate and identified locations should be an expanded Medium Density Zone.	Consistent with the relief so references and provisions re Amendments sought: Promote residential intensif development in suitable loc
25.	2.6.4 Objectives and policies	MDP1	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the purpose of this policy, however, consider it appropriate to link the policy back to the requirements of the NPS-UD through the use of 'a well-functioning urban environment' rather than a high quality living environment.	Amendments sought: Ensure that residential inter open spaces, urban centres quality living well-functionir community.
26.	2.6.4 Objectives and policies	MDP2	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora oppose the use of a separate activity pathway for more intensive residential development. The performance standards of the relevant zone should be sufficient to regulate the scale of residential activity and development that is considered appropriate for the zone.	Consistent with the relief so provisions and references to Amendments sought: Provide for comprehensive r areas with infrastructure ca appropriate locations for su Residential Zone. and enable occur in the General Resider demonstrated there is suffice parks, services and public tr that are also suitable for con
27.	2.6.4 Objectives and policies	MDO2	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the intent of this objective; however, high levels of environmental amenity is a subjective and vague statement. The objective should refer back to the planned built environment to enable the change in the urban form that is sought through this plan change.	Amendments sought: Ensure that residential inter amenity <u>in accordance with</u>
28.	2.6.4 Objectives and policies	MDP3	Oppose in part	Consistent with relief sought, Kāinga Ora request the deletion of all reference to Comprehensive Residential Development. Kāinga Ora request that this policy be amended to relate to residential intensification with the same	Amendments sought: Promote residential intensif development to ensure that

ment that provides high levels of environmental the planned built environment.

sought, Kāinga Ora request the deletion of all relating to Comprehensive Residential Development

sification in the form of comprehensive residential ocations of Hastings, Flaxmere and Havelock North.

ensification occurs in close proximity to high amenity es and public transport routes, to contribute to a high <u>ning urban</u> environment for residents and the wider

sought, Kāinga Ora request the deletion of all to Comprehensive Residential Development.

e residential development <u>residential intensification</u> in capacity for higher housing yields by zoning the such development 'City Living' Medium Density bling comprehensive residential development to lential Zones of the District where it can be ficient infrastructure capacity<u>and</u> accessibility to transport. identifying in the Plan other urban areas comprehensive residential development.

tensification provides high levels of environmental the planned built environment.

sification in the form of comprehensive residential at high yield residential development is designed in a



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
				outcomes sought; however, these should then refer back to the planned built environment.	highly integrated manner th consistent with the planned
29.	2.6.4 Objectives and policies	MDP4	Oppose in part	Consistent with relief sought, Kāinga Ora request the deletion of all reference to Comprehensive Residential Development. Moreover, Kāinga Ora consider this policy to be applicable to all residential developments and therefore request its retention, as amended.	Amendments sought: Ensure that comprehensive with adjacent public spaces which encourage people to a
30.	2.6.4 Objectives and policies	MDP5	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora consider that this requirement, in accordance with policy 1 of the NPS-UD, should apply to all residential development. Moreover, consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora request the deletion of all reference to Comprehensive Residential Development.	Amendments sought: Encourage comprehensive ra housing typologies and sizes community.
31.	2.6.4 Objectives and policies	MDP6	Support in part	Kāinga Ora request that this policy be amended to link back to the planned built environment to enable the change in the urban form that is sought through this plan change.	Ensure that infill subdivision provides a good level of ame and the streetscape <u>in accor</u>
32.	2.6.5 – Methods	General	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the differentiation between the General and Medium Density Zone environments; however, the provisions as drafted are contrary to this through the enablement of CRD within the General Residential Zone that will result in the delivery of housing at a density that is intended for the Medium Density Zone.	 Consistent with the relief so 1. the removal of the CRE 2. more enabling provision 3. the increased spatial and Medium Density Zone as shown through planning restricts
33.	2.6.5 – Methods	Hastings Residential Environment and Havelock North Residential Environment	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora oppose the intent to retain existing character within the General Residential Zone as a general methodology and seeks this be deleted from the provisions and replaced with reference to the planned built environment. This will ensure that development within character areas is consistent with the surrounding environment as intended, whilst not stifling increased residential development within the General Residential Zone that are not identified as character zones.	Amendments sought: The purpose of this section i quality urban development undertaken in accordance w planned built environment.
34.	2.6.5 – Methods	Hastings Medium Density Design Framework 2022	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora opposes the inclusion of Design Guidelines in the Plan, which act as de facto rules to be complied with.	Delete reference to design g

-that will provide high levels of amenity and liveability ed built environment.

e residential developments have a strong interface es to create safe and interesting streets and parks o walk, cycle and enjoy.

e residential development to offer a diverse range of zes to provide for the housing needs of the Hastings

on and development is undertaken in a manner that menity for future residents, neighbouring residents cordance with the planned built environment.

sought within this submission, Kāinga Ora seeks:

RD provisions in the District Plan;

sions appropriate for a General Residential Zone; and

l application (with amended provisions) of the ne

g maps included within Appendix 2.

on is to manage the residential environment to ensure nt that retains existing character and that is e with sustainable development practices <u>and the</u> <u>ot</u>.

n guides within the plan:



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chan <u>g</u> strikethrough for deletion a
				 Kāinga Ora opposes any policy or rule approach which would require development proposals to comply with such design guidelines in the District Plan. Kāinga Ora alternatively seeks and supports design guidelines sit outside the Plan as guidance regarding best practice design outcomes. The Design Guidelines should be treated as a non-statutory tool. Where particular design outcomes are to be achieved, these should be specified in matters of discretion or assessment. 	Hastings Medium Density D This document provides a r quality, well-designed and s framework helps to ensure residents and neighbours w within this document helps assessment matters in the I Residential Zones for Comp
Section 7	7.2 Hastings Residentia	l Environment			
35.	Hastings General Residential Zone		Oppose	 Kāinga Ora have undertaken a mapping exercise of the proposed CRD provisions. Based on the application of the 600m walkable catchment, the vast majority of the Hastings General Residential Environment would qualify for assessment through the CRD activity pathway. Kāinga Ora consider this an ambiguous approach to enabling medium density within an urban environment. This is both in terms of the level of development that can be reasonably expected within a zone and the way in which the absence of spatial mapping places the onus of demonstrating that a site qualifies to undertake development in this manner, onto the individual landowner and into the consenting process. 	Delete the Hastings GRZ and Comprehensive Residential
Section 8	3.2 Havelock North Res	idential Environment			1
36.	Introduction			 Reflective of the intent of the plan change, Kāinga Ora seek that this statement be amended to clearly refer to unplanned intensification rather than intensification as a broad concept. Kāinga Ora support the delivery of high quality design; however, as this is subjective it should be linked back to the planned built environment to enable scope for the changes that are required in the urban environment. Kāinga Ora do not support the consideration of location within the general residential zone to be a relevant consideration; this is consistent with the relief sought to delete all provisions relating to comprehensive residential development and instead create a more comprehensive Medium Density Zone that is aligned with what has been proposed as Comprehensive Residential Development across the GRZ. 	Amendment sought: Havelock North's residentia its community has a keen de focus on ensuring the subur Plains land that bound it; at intensification may underm purpose of the Havelock No provide for a more compact of quality design <u>and is loca</u> have a strong connection w to protecting its character; is sought and there is a desire <u>However, to allow for inten</u> <u>recognised that this character</u> Controls over design and local

resource with practical guidance to achieve high I sustainable compact housing developments. The e that developments achieve the best outcomes for when land is developed more intensively. Guidance os land owners and developers to meet the Medium Density Residential and General oprehensive Residential Developments.

and any reference to and provisions associated with al Development.

tial character is a result of its evolution over time and desire to maintain the village feel. There is a strong burb does not expand and spill onto the productive at the same time, there is concern that <u>unplanned</u> mine much of the Village's established character. The North Residential Environment section is to therefore act form whilst ensuring that higher density housing is ocated in appropriate areas. Havelock North residents with the area in which they live and are committed r; it is understandable that high amenity levels are re for them to be maintained throughout the Village. ensity and a more compact urban form, it is also acter and amenity of the area will change over time . location of certain activities are therefore trict Plan <u>to provide this balance.</u>



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
37.	8.2.2 Anticipated Outcome	HNRAO1	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora support the desired outcome of developments making a positive contribution towards the surrounding environment; however, this should link back to the planned built environment to enable change in the urban form rather than assessing against the existing environment.	Amendments sought: Intensification and infill dev positively to existing <u>neight</u> <u>environment of</u> Havelock N
38.		HNRAO2	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support minimising the impact development has on the residential amenity of neighbouring properties; however, this should be linked back to the planned built environment to enable the change envisaged.	Amendments sought: Residential development w overshadowing, excessive b when considered in accorda
39.		HNRAO7	Oppose	Kāinga Ora do not support the retention of this outcome as assessment against the existing residential environment and existing streetscape amenity as a measure of what level of development is acceptable will not enable the increase of development potential that is envisaged through this plan change.	Delete objective.
40.	8.2.3 Objectives and policies	HNRO6	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora oppose the assessment of new development with regards to its consistency with the existing residential context as this will not enable the delivery of an urban form that is consistent with what is sought through this plan change. The objective should be amended to refer back to the planned built environment of Havelock North.	Amendment sought: New developments will be consistent and compatible residential areas of Haveloc
41.	8.2.3 Objectives and policies	HNRP1	Oppose in part	Consistent with relief sought, Kāinga Ora do not support a separate activity pathway for relocatable homes and seek that all relevant provisions are deleted.	Partial deletion sought: The removal, re-positioning District assists the efficient area of Havelock North and provisions of the General Re contribution of these activit residential buildings as perr the definition of Residentia provided for as permitted a performance standards in c appropriately repaired and character of the residential
42.	8.2.3 Objectives and policies	HNRP2	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support avoiding adverse effects of development where possible; however, this must be linked back to the planned built environment to ensure	Amendments sought: <u>Where possible</u> , Avoid the c excessive building scale, over

development compatible in character with contribute shourhood development in the planned built < North.

which does not create adverse impacts in terms of e building scale, or invasion of neighbourhood privacy rdance with the planned built environment.

be of a design, scale, layout and intensity that is le with the <u>planned built environment</u> existing lock North.

ing and relocation of residential buildings in the nt use of residential land within the existing urban nd contributes to achieving the goals of HPUDS. The I Residential Zone acknowledge the positive ivities by providing for removal and re-positioning of ermitted activities in that these are encompassed in tial Activity. Relocated building activities are also d activities subject to compliance with specific n order to ensure that these buildings are and upgraded in a timely manner to maintain the ial environment that the building is moving into.

e adverse effects of developments created by overshadowing, building bulk, excessive site coverage,



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in		
			Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chang
					strikethrough for deletion a
				that the impact is not assessed based on the existing character but rather, the	or invasion of neighbourhoo
				character that is envisaged through the plan.	neighbourhood-planned bui
				Kāinga Ora oppose the current language of this policy and the use of 'avoid' as	Explanation
				this does not provide flexibility to assess and make a balanced assessment of	
				effects arising through a proposal. The use of avoid should be amended to also	Consultation has confirmed
				refer to 'where possible'.	in their neighbourhood is la
					sunlight, private open space
					adversely affected by building
42	0.2.2.0hia		Opposite		planned built environment r
	8.2.3 Objectives and policies	HNRP9	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora support the delivery of a high quality living environment; however, this should be linked back to the planned built environment to enable change.	Amendments sought:
					Explanation
				Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the reference of location	
				of high density within the GRZ as medium density development should be	HPUDS has identified that fu
				accommodated within a proposed medium density zone as suggested in	occur as consolidation of the
				Appendix 2 rather than in a piecemeal manner within the GRZ.	higher density housing is rea
					occur. There are already cor
					established during the 1990
					in accordance with quality u
					living environments in accor
					sympathetic to the surround
					also require certain design o
					need to be carefully conside
					such development that are
					has on the wellbeing of the
					developments.
44.	8.2.3 Objectives	HNRP10	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kainga Ora oppose the use of	Delete policy.
	and policies			Comprehensive Development within the General Residential Zone as a means	
				of enabling a greater intensity of development. Kāinga Ora therefore seek all	
				provisions relating to CRD be deleted, subject to relief sought in the provisions	
				of the GRZ.	
45.	8.2.4 Rules	8.2.4(b)	Oppose in part	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of all provisions relating to Comprehensive Residential Development within the GRZ.	Amendments sought:
					All Permitted, Controlled, Re
					shall comply with the Gener
					8.2.5 and any relevant Speci

ood privacy, on the character of the local wilt environment.

ed that people's perception of the residential amenity largely dependent upon adequate access to daylight, ace and outlook. These amenity characteristics will be dings which are out of character or scale with the <u>at residential environs.</u>

t further development in Havelock North should the existing urban environment. This will mean that required in some locations, and some infill will also concerns around the quality of infill development 90s and 2000s, and that any further infill must occur y urban design principles that achieve high quality cordance with the planned built environment that is unding environment. Higher residential density will n criteria and locations for such development will idered. It is not simply the environmental effects of re of concern, but also the impact such development the community and those who live in such

Restricted Discretionary (Non-notified) Activities neral Performance Standards and Terms in Section ecific Performance Standards and Terms in Section ehensive Residential Developments need only comply



ID	Section of Plan	of Plan Specific Provision	Support/ Support in	Reasons	Relief Sought	
			Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a	
					with the specific performar	
					<u>8.2.9.</u>	
46.	8.2.4 Rules	HNGR13	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the use of a separate	Delete rule.	
				activity pathway for relocated buildings and seek that any reference to and		
				provisions associated with this pathway be deleted. Relocated buildings should		
				be subject to the same performance standards as any other residential		
				building within the GRZ.		
47.	8.2.4 Rules	HNGR14	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of all provisions	Delete rule.	
				relating to Comprehensive Residential Development within the GRZ.		
48.	8.2.4 Rules	HNGR23	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the use of a separate rule	Delete rule.	
				for relocated buildings. Relocated buildings should be subject to the general		
				performance standards as any other residential building within the zone and		
				further assessment should not be required.		
49.	8.2.4 Rules	HNGR24	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora oppose the retention of a specific rule for density infringements	Amendment sought:	
				and consider that an assessment for a development that exceeds the		
				permitted number of dwellings, as a Restricted Discretionary Activity under	Any Permitted or Controlled	
				Rule HNGR24, would be sufficient.	Performance Standards and	
					Activities not complying wit	
50.	8.2.4 Rules	HNGR26	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of all provisions relating to Comprehensive Residential Development within the GRZ.	Delete rule.	
51.	8.2.4 Rules	HNGR29	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora oppose the use of the Discretionary activity status in this context, emphasising that an activity that is Restricted Discretionary should be a	Amendments sought:	
				suitable pathway for Council to assess the proposal and a higher threshold for	Any Permitted <u>or</u> Controlle	
				where standards are not met is not required and further complicates the	Activity not meeting one o	
				district plan provisions.	Terms in Section 8.2.6 EXC	
					buildings not complying w	
50			0.000		8.2.6D (b).	
52.	8.2.4 Rules	HNGR30	Oppose	Kāinga Ora oppose the use of such a high activity status for infringing the density standard of 1 dwelling per site, and a separate rule for such an	Delete rule.	
				infringement.		
				Kāinga Ora consider a Restricted Discretionary activity status, with specific assessment criteria associated with the rule, to be sufficient. This can be		
				addressed through the existing rule HNGR4 where discretion is limited to the		
				standards not met.		

nges in Proposed Plan Change 5 are shown as
and <u>underlined</u> for proposed additional text
nce standards in 8.2.6F and assessment criteria in

lled Activity not meeting one or more of the General and Terms in Section 8.2.5 EXCEPT Residential with General Performance Standard 8.2.5A (Density).

lled or Restricted Discretionary or more of the Specific Standards and (CEPT Supplementary residential with Specific Performance Standard	<u>R</u> D



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in Part/ Oppose	Reasons	Relief Sought Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
53.	8.2.4 Rules	HNGR32	Oppose	Kāinga Ora consider a Restricted Discretionary activity status, with specific assessment criteria associated with the rule, to be sufficient. This can be addressed through the existing rule HNGR24 where discretion is limited to the standards not met.	Delete rule.
54.	8.2.4 Rules	HNGR33	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora oppose the use of the non-complying activity status as a 'catch-all' approach and consider it more appropriate to use the Discretionary activity status as a means of capturing activities that are not specifically mentioned.	Amendment to activity stat Reduce from Non-Complyir
55.	8.2.5 General Performance Standards	General	Oppose in part	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora seek reference to comprehensive residential development be deleted.	Partial deletion sought: The following General Perfor Permitted and Controlled A need only comply with the assessment criteria in 8.2.9
56.	8.2.5 General Performance Standards	8.2.5A	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora oppose the retention of the existing density standard of 1 dwelling per site. In light of the relief sought to have all provisions relating to CRD deleted, Kāinga Ora seek that this standard be amended to be a more enabling framework that is regulated through compliance with permitted performance standards and seek that a minimum of two dwellings per site is permitted.	Delete existing standard an Number of Residential unit 1. No more than two dwelli
57.	8.2.5 General Performance Standards	8.2.5B	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the retention of the existing maximum permitted height of 8m, acknowledging that a lower intensity form of development is anticipated within the General Residential Zone. However, it is sought that the standard be amended to allow an additional 1 metre for a qualifying roof pitch	Amendment sought: The maximum height for al <u>building's roof in elevation,</u> <u>wall and roof, may exceed to 15 °or more.</u>
58.	8.2.5 General Performance Standards	8.2.5C	Oppose	 Kāinga Ora opposes this standard, and seeks a comprehensive review in order to better provide for flexibility in built form/residential typologies while still managing the potential for adverse effects to adjoining properties. Kāinga Ora does not support 35° recession planes to boundaries and considers 45° to all boundaries (unless to an excluded boundary) to be appropriate to secure adequate sunlight access. Imposing a 35° recession plane when taking yard, building and outlook setbacks into consideration, will unnecessarily constrain development. Kāinga Ora seeks that the control be replaced with a 3m + 45° control. 	Seek that the existing stand (1) Buildings must not project point 3 metres vertically ab boundary forms part of a lect pedestrian access way, the farthest boundary of that lect pedestrian access way. (2) This standard does not a

tatus sought:

ing to Discretionary

rformance Standards and Terms apply to all I Activities. Comprehensive residential developments the specific performance standards in 8.2.6F and ..9.

and replace with:

nits per site

ellings per site.

all buildings shall be 8 metres <u>except that 50% of a</u> on, measured vertically from the junction between d this height by 1 metre, were the entire roof slopes

indard be replaced with:

oject beyond a 45° recession plane measured from a above ground level along all boundaries. Where the legal right of way, entrance strip, access site, or the height in relation to boundary applies from the t legal right of way, entrance strip, access site, or

<u>t apply to—</u>



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chan
					strikethrough for deletion of
					a. <u>a boundary with a road</u>
					b. existing or proposed int
					c. site boundaries where t
					on adjacent sites or who
59.	8.2.5 General	8.2.5Da.	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora consider the set back of 3m from a front boundary, irrespective of	Partial deletion sought:
	Performance			the road classification, to be a sufficient and appropriate setback for the GRZ.	
	Standards				Front boundary: 3 metres (with frontage to
					5 metres (with frontage to
60.	8.2.5 General	8.2.5Dd.	Oppose	Kāinga Ora oppose the duplication of this standard from the Regional Resource	Delete standard as this is in
	Performance			Management Plan. Cross reference is not required as any development must	
	Standards			comply with the Regional Plan or obtain the necessary regional consents; the	
				inclusion of this standard within the district plan creates unnecessary	
				duplication in the consenting process.	
61.	8.2.5 General	8.2.5F	Support	Kāinga Ora support the retention of the existing standard for maximum	Retain as notified.
	Performance			building coverage	
62.	Standards 8.2.5 General	8.2.5H	Oppose in part	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of provisions	Amendment/Deletions sou
02.	Performance	0.2.011	oppose in part	relating to Comprehensive Residential Development.	
	Standards			Kāinga Ora consider the minimum requirement of 50m2 to be a sizeable area	(Except for Comprehensive
				that is likely to constrain the ability to undertake increased residential	Appendix 29 refer to 8.2.6
				development within the GRZ.	refer to 8.2.6M.6)
					Havelock North General Re
				Kāinga Ora seek this to be reduced to be more enabling of development whilst	Each Principal Residential D
				continuing to ensure the delivery of a high quality on-site amenity. It is noted	shall:
				that this reduction would not result in a greater level of building coverage or a	
				reduction in 'openness' sought through this zone, as the permitted building coverage standard would continue to deliver this.	a. Have a minimum area
					b. Include 1 area capable
					dimension no less tha
			1		c. Be directly accessible

internal boundaries within a site:

e there is an existing common wall between 2 buildings where a common wall is proposed.

o Access Roads). o Arterial or Collector Roads).

included within the Regional Plan.

ought:

ve Residential Development on Sites Identified In 6G.4 and for sites within Appendix 13B, Figure 1

Residential Zone Il Dwelling shall have an Outdoor Living Space which

rea of 5020m² and Ible of containing a 6 metre diameter circle; with a <u>Ihan 4m</u>

le from the principal residential building;



ID	Section of Plan	Support in		Reasons	Relief Sought	
					Kāinga Ora proposed chang	
			Part/ Oppose		strikethrough for deletion a	
					 d. May comprise one or width of 2 metres (so e. May take the form of unobstructed by build 	
					or notional garages.	
					* Note : The definition of bu structures such as awnings, metres in height and any pla therefore these can be inclu	
63.	8.2.5 General Performance Standards	8.2.6C	Support in part	Consistent with relief sought in relation to this standard, Kāinga Ora seek that 'Maximum Density' be replaced by 'Number of Dwellings'.	Amendment sought: c. Supplementary Residentia Performance Standards and that it need not comply with Density) and 8.2.51 (Outdoo	
64.	8.2.6 - Specific Performance Standards and Terms	8.2.6F	Oppose	Kāinga Ora acknowledge the measures taken to provide a more enabling framework for a greater intensity of residential development. However, Kāinga Ora oppose the use of CRD as a separate activity pathway and consider it appropriate to assess more intensive residential proposals under the performance standards within 8.2.5, as amended through the Kāinga Ora submission and via a RDA status where standards, including the number of dwellings per site, are not met.	Delete standards under 8.2.	
65.	8.2.6 - Specific Performance Standards and Terms	8.2.6K	Oppose	Consistent with relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the use of a separate activity pathway for relocatable buildings and seek all associated provisions be deleted. Kāinga Ora consider the performance standards under 7.2.5 to be appropriate for residential development within the GRZ, regardless of the construction methodology.	Delete standards under 8.2.	
66.	8.2.7 - Assessment criteria	8.2.8A	Oppose in part	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the use of relocatable buildings as a separate activity; however, as these provisions also relate to character areas and due to this plan change not relating to such areas, Kāinga	Amend 8.2.8A2:	

or more area(s); but each area shall have a minimum o the space is useable); and

of a deck, terrace or verandah, but must be ildings*, car parking areas, vehicle manoeuvring areas

building in Section 33.1 of the Plan does not include gs, canopies, verandahs or similar that are less than 3 platforms or decks less than 1 metre in height, cluded in the Outdoor Living Space.

ntial Buildings shall comply with the General nd Terms in Section 8.2.5 of the District Plan except *v*ith Standard 8.2.5A (<u>Number of dwellings</u> Maximum oor Living Space).

.2.6. F

.2.6. K



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
		Support in		Kāinga Ora proposed chang	
			Part/ Oppose		strikethrough for deletion ar
				Ora oppose the sections specifically associated with the Havelock North General Residential Zone.	2. Havelock North General I Residential Zone EXCEPT in
67.	8.2.8 - Assessment criteria	8.2.8C(b)	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the provision for assessment of character and amenity under these sections; however, seek that this be linked back to the planned built environment rather than the character and amenity of the existing environment.	Amendments sought: (i) Whether the height of an neighbourhood character, <u>h</u>
					(v) Whether the slope of the cannot be met, and the externation maintains the amenity of the cannot be the amenity of the cannot be cannot be amenity of the cannot be cannot be amenity of the cann
68.	8.2.8 - Assessment criteria	8.2.8C(c)	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the provision for assessment of character and amenity under these sections; however, seek that this be linked back to the planned built environment.	Amendments sought: (ii) The extent to which the p daylight and sunlight <u>in acco</u>
					(v) The degree to which the with and/or enhances the an character planned built envi
69.	8.2.8 - Assessment criteria	8.2.8C(d)	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the provision for assessment of character and amenity under these sections; however, seek that this be linked back to the planned built environment.	Amendment sought: (i) The proposed setback whether this will compr character <u>of the planne</u>
					(ii) Whether the site ret planting in the front yar
70.	8.2.7 - Assessment criteria	8.2.8C (e)(iv)	Oppose	Kāinga Ora oppose this assessment criteria as the presence of adequate outdoor living space on a site has no relevance to a side/rear yard infringement.	Delete assessment criteria.
71.	8.2.7 - Assessment criteria	8.2.8C(f)(i)	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the provision for assessment of amenity and character within this provision; however, this should be linked back to the planned built	Amendment sought:

nges in Proposed Plan Change 5 are shown as and <u>underlined</u> for proposed additional text al Residential Zone and Havelock North Character in the Toop Street Special Character Area

any building will create adverse effects on , <u>having regard to the planned built environment</u>.

the site is such that building height requirements xtent to which an alternative is proposed that the Area <u>the planned built environment</u>

e proposed building will obtain reasonable access to cordance with the planned built environment.

ne building height, location and scale harmonises e amenity values of the neighbourhood and its nvironment.

ack of a building from the road boundary and promise amenity values and neighbourhood ned built environment.

etains capacity for a front lawn and tree ard.



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in Part/ Oppose	Reasons	Relief Sought Kāinga Ora proposed chang
72.	8.2.7 - Assessment criteria	8.2.8C(h)(ii)	Oppose in part	 environment rather than the existing environment in order to enable the delivery of change. Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of assessment criteria relating to the retention of existing trees; unless specifically protected, the District Plan should not provide a provision relating to general tree protection within a development. Kāinga Ora oppose the connection between landscaping and softening/screening the built form. Within the urban environment it is appropriate to construct buildings and landscaping should not be seen as a means of softening or mitigating this when it is inherently appropriate to construct buildings within this zone. Kāinga Ora oppose the consideration of how landscaping may impact neighbouring properties with regards to lead drop. Kāinga Ora oppose the criteria of landscaping to aid the maintenance of the existing character and amenity of the neighbourhood. Such a link back to the existing environment will reduce the ability to deliver the change intended through this plan change. 	strikethrough for deletion a Whether the building cover and neighbourhood charact Amendment sought: (i) The extent to which exist (ii) The extent to which exist (ii) The extent to which new adequately softens the effect the species selection and w the loss of existing trees. (iii) The configuration of the would place an unreasonab shading or leaf drop. (iv) Where appropriate, a A showing how the character be maintained
73.	8.2.9 Assessment Criteria	Comprehensive Residential Developments	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of all provisions relating to Comprehensive Residential Development. Notwithstanding the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of design guide standards, as a non-statutory document, within the statutory document of the district plan.	Delete provisions.
74.	8.2.9B – Assessment criteria	8.2.9B	Oppose in part	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of all provisions relating to comprehensive residential development. In the case of development within the land covered by the structure plan within Appendix 13B, it is appreciated that specific assessment criteria are required and therefore only 'comprehensive' has been deleted. Kāinga Ora oppose the assessment of a proposed subdivision against existing subdivision patterns of adjoining sites. This assessment would limit the ability of the District Plan to enable a change in the grain of urban development.	Amendments sought: COMPREHENSIVE RESIDENT FIGURE 1 As well as considering the C following specific matters n a. Consider how the prop suburban development Brookvale Structure P to be located. In partic to any assessment:

erage will create adverse effects on amenity values acter of the planned built environment.

isting vegetation is retained

ew tree plantings are proposed. and whether this fect of built form. This may include an assessment of whether replacement plantings adequately replace

he site and whether enforcement of the Standard able burden on neighbouring properties due to

A landscaping plan is submitted with the application, er and amenity of the neighbourhood will continue to

NTIAL DEVELOPMENTS WITHIN APPENDIX 13B,

CRD assessment criteria in 8.2.9 above, the need to be considered:

roposed development integrates to the overall ent of the relevant stage or area shown on the Plan (areas A, B or C) within which the proposal is rticular the following specific matters are relevant



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in		Kāinaa Ora proposod shap
			Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chan strikethrough for deletion c
					i. Whether the compret
					advantage of the high
					reserves (i.e. so that t
					feature (existing or pr
					ii. Whether comprehens
					block in a street sepa
					development to ensu comprehensive reside
					streetscape;
					iii. Whether the proposa
					uniform house and lo
					iv. Whether the proposa
					house types enabling
					of character within th
					located; and
					Consider how the arrangen
					along with any lots already
					the creation of a pleasant s
Section 9	.2 Flaxmere Residentia	al Zone			
75.	Introduction		Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora does not support the inclusion of this statement within the current	Rewrite the introductory st
				proposed provisions as it does not account for the level of development	form and what is intended
				enabled through the plan change.	character as suggested:
					The Flaxmere Residential E
				Kāinga Ora opposes the reference to 'a mix of single dwelling or multiple	sizes to meet the needs of
				dwelling sites' as this does not provide clarity on the intended development	inter-generational living. The
				pattern of the zone. Kāinga Ora consider that the introduction statement	change over time to include
				should be re-written to reflect the planned built form and what is intended for	with private on-site open s
				the area rather than considering the existing character.	
					Changes to urban form will
					housing stock is replaced. D
					quality urban design outcor
					scale relative to the surrou
76.	Introduction		Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the intent to ensure that new development responds to	Amendments sought:
				the community needs and wants; however, consider this should be linked back to the planned built environment.	
					The District Plan seeks to e
					is able to respond to comm
					planned built environment.

rehensive-residential development(s) take gher levels of amenity associated open space t the houses face the reserve) or some amenity proposed);

ensive residential developments are located midparated by sites for standard residential sure that the smaller sites that make up a idential development do not dominate the

sal will avoid monotonous concentrations of lot type;

sal will contribute to the creation of a variety of ng the creation of a mixed community and a sense the particular street or area within which it is

ement of lots within the proposed development site, ly subdivided within adjoining sites, will contribute to streetscape amenity.

statement to reflect the intended and planned built of for the area rather than considering the existing

Environment enables a variety of housing types and of the community, including smaller households and The established neighbourhoods in Flaxmere will ude a mix of one and two storey residential buildings of space and landscaped areas.

ill become visible and is anticipated as existing . Development within the zone is expected to achieve comes and manage transitions in building bulk and bunding neighbourhood.

ensure that existing activities and new development neuronant neuronant in accordance with the nt.



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
77.	9.2.2 – Anticipated Outcomes	FRAO4	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the managed consolidation and delivery of enhanced building developments; however, in order to enable change this must be linked back to the planned built environment as a means of assessing appropriateness rather than the character of the surrounding environment.	Amendments sought: Managed consolidation and character accordance with t
78.	9.2.2 – Anticipated Outcomes	FRAO5	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the managed consolidation and delivery of enhanced building developments; however, in order to enable change this must be linked back to the planned built environment as a means of assessing appropriateness rather than the character of the surrounding environment.	Amendments sought: Attractive streetscapes and the planned built environm
79.	9.2.2 – Anticipated Outcomes	FRAO10	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the provision of high quality residential amenity; however, in order to enable change this must be linked back to the planned built environment as a means of assessing appropriateness rather than the character of the surrounding environment.	Amendments sought: Flaxmere residents are prov accordance with the planne
80.	9.2.3 - Objectives and Policies	FRO1	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the intention of this objective; however, in order to enable change this must be linked back to the planned built environment.	Amendments sought: Ensure that growth within the managed in a manner that development where appro- accordance with the planne
81.	9.2.3 - Objectives and Policies	FRP1	Oppose in part	Consistent with relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the use of a separate activity pathway for 'relocatable homes' and seek all provisions relating to these be deleted.	Partial deletion sought: Explanation Flaxmere is an established s This Policy recognises the pl characteristics that make up integrated manner. While th with construction depicting well-maintained and attract particular areas where the e restrictive Plan Rules and St however, the relocation of e Flaxmere residential area de therefore such activities will Consent assessment. It is ac (within a site) and relocation efficient use of residential life contributes to achieving the Residential Zone acknowled by providing for these where

nd enhanced building developments in scale and <u>h the planned built environment</u>.

nd heightened residential amenity <u>in accordance with</u> ment.

ovided a high quality residential environment in ned built form.

n the residential environment of Flaxmere is at enables efficient land use management and ropriate and suitable for the community in aned built environment

l suburb contained within well-defined boundaries. place based approach where the mix of up the Flaxmere settlement are managed in an the development of Flaxmere is reflected in housing ng different eras since the 1960s-1970s, with some active streetscapes in particular parts, there are no e existing character justifies protection via more Standards. Given the era of Flaxmere's development, of older buildings out of character in style to the does have the potential to adversely affect amenity, vill require Restricted Discretionary activity Resource acknowledged that the removal, re-positioning ion of residential buildings in the District assists the land within the existing urban area of Flaxmere and he goals of HPUDS. The provisions of the Flaxmere edge the positive contribution of relocated buildings ere the building was constructed after or during



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in Part/ Oppose	Reasons	Relief Sought Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
					1970, as a permitted activity standards .
82.	9.2.3 - Objectives and Policies	FRP2	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora oppose the use of density standards and controls specifically associated with infill development. Residential activities and development should be regulated through the performance standards of the zone in order to determine appropriateness for a location. Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of and reference to minimum lot sizes and consider it more appropriate to utilise performance standards of a zone to regulate the appropriate level of development for the setting. The proposed density standard is also considered to be of a scale that would not be enabling of more intensive residential development, including that which is sought through this plan change.	Amendments sought: Facilitate residential land us by including suitable <u>perform</u> density standards and assoc This Policy supports Flaxmen ensuring the built residential household size. While the ex- previous District Plan minim land space, the majority of s The housing issues relating to accommodation have been suburb where the current do need of being accommodates subdivision is therefore raises than that would require Ress layout, size and proposed rest the <u>planned built environmen</u> contribute to the amenity of residential development spec retirement housing could be this need would be able to the 500m ² minimum site size be appropriate, manages the el sizes created by infill develop
83.	9.2.3 - Objectives and Policies	FRP3	Oppose in part	Whilst Kāinga Ora support the enhancement and promotion of the sustainability of the District's Urban form, the inclusion and reference to design guidance, being a non-statutory document, within a policy is opposed.	Amendments sought: Enhance and promote the sun new development to incorput (Subdivision Design) & E (Ro Subdivision and Infrastructur Guide.

nges in Proposed Plan Change 5 are shown as and <u>underlined</u> for proposed additional text ity subject to compliance with specific performance

use options that provide for family and whanau living ormance standards for residential development ociated controls to manage infill development.

nere being an attractive family friendly suburb by tial environment has ample space for a minimum existing residential sites are compliant with the imum density of 1 dwelling per 350 square metre of f sites in Flaxmere are more than 500 square metres. g to amenity, overcrowding and substandard n a consequence of infill housing in parts of the densities do not match the preferences of people in ated. The minimum site size for any future <u>vacant lot</u> ised to 500m²where any section with smaller areas esource Consent. That is to ensure that the site residential development would be compatible with ment surrounding properties and also better of the area. It is acknowledged that some forms of pecifically targeting smaller household sizes such as be appropriate on smaller site sizes than 500m² and be assessed via the Resource Consent process. A better reflects the status quo and, where effects of possible overcrowding on smaller site lopment.

e sustainability of Flaxmere's urban form by requiring rporate design elements outlined in Section D Road Design) of the Hastings District Council's sture Development in Hastings: Best Practice Design



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion ar
84.	9.2.3 Objectives and policies	FRP5	Oppose in part	Consistent with relief sought, Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of all provisions relating to CRD.	Amendments sought:
				Kāinga Ora also seek deletion of any reference to design guides within the District Plan.	Enable and provide for the d subdivision , comprehensive housing types that suit the a good urban design principles Explanation
					This Policy recognises the net Flaxmere to better cater for community. Council can enc community representatives appropriate and desired to r amended to better suit the f Flaxmere tends to be a great areas. Comprehensive Resid Discretionary activity (non-n the Consent process, for dev a comprehensive and design Development has been spect Residential Zone, it may also provided that comprehensiv walking distance (400-600m shopping areas and public tr Residential Development wi of the Hastings Medium Der sufficient infrastructure avai concern is provision for a qu contribution to the public st general.Developments are si criteria to ensure visual surv public spaces in the proximit development needs to consi adjoining sites, onsite access number of strategic docume Design Framework and the H dialogue with key developer alternatives suitable for Flax

e development of a range of housing types through te <u>residential development</u> provisions and dialogue on e diverse needs of the community and incorporate les.

need to attract a variety of housing types to or the differing household compositions of the courage developers and facilitate dialogue with s to promote a variety of housing types that are meet community needs. The minimum site size is family preferences of the residents which in ater number of people per household than in other dential Development is provided for as a Restricted notified). This would provide the opportunity, via evelopers to provide housing at greater densities in ned way. While, Comprehensive Residential cifically provided for in the Medium Density so be appropriate in the Flaxmere Residential Zone ive residential developments are located within m) of amenities such as parks and playgrounds, transport services and routes. Comprehensive vill be assessed in terms of the key design elements ensity Design Framework and whether there is ailable to service the development. Of particular uality living environment and a positive streetscape and neighbourhood in subject to design requirements via assessment rveillance and consideration of the facilities and hity. Building design and layout for such sider connections to the street, relationships with ss as well as landscaping and visual amenity. A ents completed for Flaxmere, such as the Urban Health Impact Assessments, can be the basis for ers regarding housing options and accommodation axmere.



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chan strikethrough for deletion d
85.	9.2.3 - Objectives and Policies	FRO4	Support in part	Consistent with the relief sought, the standard of residential amenity that is to be achieved should be consistent with the planned built environment. This ensures the ability for change to occur within the established urban environment.	Amendments sought: To ensure a high standard of built environment, for resid enjoyable and attractive pla
86.	9.2.3 - Objectives and Policies	FRP9	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the management of adverse effects of development, particularly where these may impact on the outcomes sought for the zone, accordingly, this should be linked to the planned built environment.	Amendments sought: Achieving an improved qua scale, design and form to av unusable unsafe spaces and very outcomes that are inter environment
87.	9.2.4 Rules	General	Oppose in part	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora seek all provisions relating to Comprehensive Residential Development be deleted.	Amendments sought: Any activity must comply w following rules of the Resid activities tables, all activitie Standards and Terms in Sec assessment criteria in Section residential developments in standards in 9.2.6J and asse
88.	9.2.4 Rules	FR1	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the provision of residential activities as a permitted activity; however, consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of reference to Comprehensive Residential Development.	Amendment sought: Residential Activities (excep
89.	9.2.4 Rules	FR13, FR18 and FR21	Oppose	Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of specific provisions relating to relocatable buildings and consider it appropriate to assess such buildings through the rules and standards for residential buildings within the General Residential Zone. The inclusion of specific provisions results in a form of character standard and protection for the residential setting without going through the required section 6 or 7 assessment process under the Resource Management Act.	Delete rule.
90.	9.2.4 Rules	FR22	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora oppose the retention of a specific rule for density infringements and supplementary dwellings. An assessment as a Restricted Discretionary Activity under Rule FR22 would be sufficient.	Amendment sought: Any Permitted or Controller Performance Standards and complying with General Per

d of residential amenity consistent with the planned sidents of and visitors to Flaxmere so that it is an place to live and visit.

uality of life in Flaxmere includes managing building avoid adverse effects of overshadowing, creating and loss of privacy for the neighbours or affecting the ntended to be achieved <u>through the planned built</u>

with the District Wide provisions, before applying the sidential Environment. With regard to the rules of the ties are subject to General and Specific Performance Sections 9.2.5 and 9.2.6 and where relevant ctions 9.2.7 and 9.2.8. Except that comprehensive s need only comply with the specific performance ssessment criteria 9.2.8I

cept Comprehensive Residential Development)

lled activity not meeting one or more of the General and Terms in section 9.2.5 **EXCEPT activities not** Performance Standard 9.2.5A Density and activities



Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in Part/ Oppose	Reasons	Relief Sought Kāinga Ora proposed chang
				strikethrough for deletion a
				not complying with Specific Residential Buildings
9.2.4 Rules	FR24	Oppose	Whilst Kāinga Ora acknowledge the step that has been taken through the use of CRD to make a more enabling planning framework, particularly through the use of a non-notification clause, consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the use of a separate activity pathway through Comprehensive Residential Development and seek any provisions and reference to this be deleted.	Delete rule.
			Rule FR22 is sufficient to assess a proposal for residential development that does not comply with permitted standards.	
9.2.4 Rules	Rule FR25	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the use of a separate activity pathway through Comprehensive Residential Development and seek any provisions and reference to this be deleted.	Delete rule.
			Rule FR22 is sufficient to assess a proposal for residential development that does not comply with permitted standards.	
9.2.4 Rules	FR26	Oppose	Kāinga Ora oppose the use of the Discretionary activity status in this context, noting that an activity that is Restricted Discretionary should be a suitable pathway for Council to assess the proposal and a higher threshold for where standards are not met is not required and further complicates the district plan provisions.	Delete rule.
9.2.4 Rules	FR27	Oppose	Kāinga Ora consider a Restricted Discretionary activity status, with specific assessment criteria associated with the rule, to be sufficient. This can be addressed through the existing rule FR22 where discretion is limited to the standards not met.	Delete rule.
9.2.4 Rules	FR28	Oppose	 Kāinga Ora oppose the use of such a restrictive activity status for infringing the density standard of 1 dwelling per site, and especially a separate rule for such an infringement. Kāinga Ora consider a Restricted Discretionary activity status, with specific assessment criteria associated with the rule, to be sufficient. This can be addressed through the existing rule FR22 where discretion is limited to the standards not met. 	Delete rule.
	9.2.4 Rules	9.2.4 Rules FR24 9.2.4 Rules Rule FR25 9.2.4 Rules FR26 9.2.4 Rules FR26 9.2.4 Rules FR27	Support in Part/ Oppose9.2.4 RulesFR24Oppose9.2.4 RulesRule FR25Oppose9.2.4 RulesRule FR25Oppose9.2.4 RulesFR26Oppose9.2.4 RulesFR26Oppose9.2.4 RulesFR26Oppose	Support In Part/Oppose Support In Part/Oppose 9.2.4 Rules FR24 Oppose Whilst Käinga Ora acknowledge the step that has been taken through the use of CRD to make a more enabling planing framework, particularly through the use of a non-notification clause, consistent with the relief sought, Käinga Ora oppose the use of a separate activity pathway through Comprehensive Residential Development and seek any provisions and reference to this be deleted. 9.2.4 Rules Rule FR25 Oppose Consistent with the relief sought, Käinga Ora oppose the use of a separate activity pathway through Comprehensive Residential Development that does not comply with permitted standards. 9.2.4 Rules Rule FR25 Oppose Consistent with the relief sought, Käinga Ora oppose the use of a separate activity pathway through Comprehensive Residential Development and seek any provisions and reference to this be deleted. 9.2.4 Rules FR26 Oppose Käinga Ora oppose the use of the Discretionary activity status in this context, noting that an activity that is Restricted Discretionary should be a suitable pathway for Council to assess the proposal and a higher threshold for where standards are not met is not required and further complicates the district plan provisions. 9.2.4 Rules FR27 Oppose Käinga Ora consider a Restricted Discretionary activity status, with specific assessment criteria associated with the rule, to be sufficient. This can be addressed through the existing rule FR22 where discretion is limited to the standards not met. 9.2.4 Rules

anges in Proposed Plan Change 5 are shown as n and <u>underlined</u> for proposed additional text i<mark>fic Performance Standard 9.2.6B.1 Supplementary</mark>



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in Part/ Oppose	Reasons	Relief Sought Kāinga Ora proposed chang
					strikethrough for deletion a
96.	9.2.4 Rules	FR29	Oppose	Kāinga Ora oppose the use of the non-complying activity status as a 'catch-all' approach and consider it more appropriate to use the Discretionary activity status as a means of capturing activities that are not specifically mentioned.	Amendment sought: Reduce activity status from
97.	General Performance standards – 9.2.5	9.2.5A	Oppose	Kāinga Ora oppose the retention of the existing density standard of 1 dwelling per site. In light of the relief sought to have all provisions relating to CRD deleted, Kāinga Ora seek that this standard be amended to be a more enabling framework that is regulated through compliance with permitted performance standards, allowing a minimum of two dwellings per site as a permitted activity	Delete existing standard and Number of Residential units 1. No more than two dwellin
98.	General Performance standards – 9.2.5	9.2.5B	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the retention of the existing maximum permitted height of 8m, acknowledging that a lower intensity form of development is anticipated within the General Residential Zone. However, it is sought that the standard be amended to allow an additional 1 metre for a qualifying roof pitch.	The maximum height of any that 50% of a building's root junction between wall and r entire roof slopes 15 °or mo
99.	General Performance standards – 9.2.5	9.2.5C	Oppose	 Käinga Ora opposes this standard, and seeks a comprehensive review in order to better provide for flexibility in built form/residential typologies while still managing the potential for adverse effects to adjoining properties. Käinga Ora does not support 35° recession planes to boundaries and considers 45° to all boundaries (unless to an excluded boundary) to be appropriate to secure adequate sunlight access. Imposing a 35° recession plane when taking yard, building and outlook setbacks into consideration, will unnecessarily constrain development. Käinga Ora seeks that the control be replaced with a 3m + 45° control. Deletion sought. 	Seek that the existing stands (1) Buildings must not proje- point 3 metres vertically above boundary forms part of a lege pedestrian access way, the heat farthest boundary of that lege pedestrian access way. (2) This standard does not a d. a boundary with a road: e. existing or proposed inter- f. site boundaries where the on adjacent sites or wheat
100.	General Performance standards – 9.2.5	9.2.5E	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora consider the set back of 3m from a front boundary, irrespective of the road classification, to be a sufficient and appropriate setback for the GRZ.	Amendments sought: Front Yard Buildings fronting Access Re Buildings fronting Collector

m Non-Complying to Discretionary.

and replace with:

nits per site

llings per site.

ny buildings or structures shall be 8 metres <u>except</u> <u>bof in elevation, measured vertically from the</u> <u>d roof, may exceed this height by 1 metre, were the</u> <u>more.</u>

ndard be replaced with:

bject beyond a 45° recession plane measured from a above ground level along all boundaries. Where the legal right of way, entrance strip, access site, or e height in relation to boundary applies from the legal right of way, entrance strip, access site, or

<u>t apply to—</u> .<u>d:</u>

nternal boundaries within a site:

there is an existing common wall between 2 buildings here a common wall is proposed.

-Roads - 3 metres or or Arterial Roads - 5 metres



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in Part/ Oppose	Reasons	Relief Sought Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
					(For Roading Hierarchy see and Section 2.5 in the Distric
101.	General Performance standards – 9.2.5	9.2.5F	Support	Kāinga Ora support the retention of the existing standard for maximum building coverage.	Retain as notified.
102.	General Performance standards – 9.2.5	9.2.5G	Oppose in part	Consistent with the relief sought, Käinga Ora seek the deletion of provisions relating to Comprehensive Residential Development. Käinga Ora consider the minimum requirement of 50m2 of outdoor living space to be a sizeable area that is likely to constrain the ability to undertake increased residential development within the GRZ. Käinga Ora seek this to be reduced to be more enabling of development whilst continuing to ensure the delivery of a high quality on-site amenity. It is noted that this reduction would not result in a greater level of building coverage or a reduction in 'openness' sought through this zone, as the permitted building coverage standard would continue to deliver this. Consistent with the relief sought, any reference to standards specific to CRD should be deleted.	Amendments sought: OUTDOOR LIVING SPACE (E DEVELOPMENT) a. Have a minimum an <u>4mand</u> include one circle; b. Be directly accessible c. May comprise one or width of 2 metres (so f d. May take the form of unobstructed by build or notional garages. Except that Standard 7.2.6E building into 2 or more resid
103.	9.2.6 – Specific performance standards	9.2.6H	Oppose	Consistent with relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the use of a separate activity pathway for relocatable buildings and seek all associated provisions be deleted. Kāinga Ora consider the performance standards under 7.2.5 to be appropriate for residential development within the GRZ, regardless of the construction methodology.	Delete 9.2.6H
104.	9.2.6 – Specific performance standards	9.2.6J	Oppose	Kāinga Ora acknowledge the measures taken to provide a more enabling framework for a greater intensity of residential development. However, Kāinga Ora oppose the use of CRD as a separate activity pathway and consider it appropriate to assess more intensive residential proposals under the performance standards within 8.2.5, as amended through the Kāinga Ora	Delete 9.2.6J

nges in Proposed Plan Change 5 are shown as and <u>underlined</u> for proposed additional text re refer to the Road Hierarchy Maps in Appendix 69 trict Plan Text).

(EXCEPT FOR COMPREHENSIVE RESIDENTIAL

area of 5020m² with a dimension no less than the area capable of containing a 6 metre diameter

le from the principal residential building;

or more area(s); but each area shall have a minimum o the space is useable); and

of a deck, terrace or veranda, but must be ildings*, car parking areas.

6E(5) applies when converting an existing residential sidential units.



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought	
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chan <u>g</u> strikethrough for deletion a	
				submission and via a RDA status where standards, including the number of dwellings per site, are not met.		
105.	9.2.7 – Assessment Criteria	9.2.7A	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of all provisions relating specifically to relocatable homes and seek that these be managed through the performance standards under 9.2.5 and the relevant assessment criteria.	Delete 9.2.7A.	
106.	9.2.8 – Assessment Criteria	9.2.8A(b)	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the consideration of how a proposed development could impact upon the character and amenity of the surrounding environment; however, in order to enable change to be realised, this should be linked back to the planned built environment and not the existing built form.	Amendments sought: (i) The extent to which the p daylight and sunlight <u>in acco</u> (iii) The degree to which the with the planned built envir the infringement occurs.	
107.	9.2.8 – Assessment Criteria	9.2.8A(c)	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the consideration of how a proposed development could impact upon the character and amenity of the surrounding environment; however, in order to enable change to be realised, this should be linked back to the planned built environment and not the existing built form.	Amendment sought: Whether the infringement v	
108.	9.2.8 – Assessment Criteria	9.2.8A(d)	Oppose	Kāinga Ora oppose this assessment criteria as the presence of adequate outdoor living space on a site has no relevance to a side/rear yard infringement.	Partial deletion sought: (iv) The extent to which ad	
109.	9.2.8 – Assessment Criteria	9.2.8A(e)	Oppose in part	 Kāinga Ora oppose the retention of the inclusion of hardstand areas when assessing the impact of site coverage as there is no corresponding standard or rule relating to impervious surfaces. Likewise, the assessment of amenity and character values should be linked back to the planned built environment. 	Amendments sought: (e) Site Coverage (including (i) Whether the building cov and neighbourhood charact	
110.	9.2.8 – Assessment Criteria	9.2.8A(g)(ii)	Oppose in part	 Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of assessment criteria relating to the retention of existing trees; unless specifically protected, the District Plan should not provide a provision relating to general tree protection within a development. Kāinga Ora oppose the connection between landscaping and softening/screening the built form. Within the urban environment it is appropriate to construct buildings and landscaping should not be seen as a 	Amendment sought: (i) The extent to which exist (ii) The extent to which new adequately softens the effe the species selection and w the loss of existing trees.	

ne proposed building will provide reasonable access to accordance with the planned built environment.

the building height, location and scale harmonises wironment.adjoining property at the boundary where

nt will compromise amenity values and r <u>of the planned built environment</u>

dequate outdoor living space is provided for on the

ng hardstand)

coverage will create adverse effects on amenity values acter<u>of the planned built environment.</u>

isting vegetation is retained

ew tree plantings are proposed, and whether this ffect of built form. This may include an assessment of whether replacement plantings adequately replace



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in Part/ Oppose	Reasons	Relief Sought Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
				 means of softening or mitigating this when it is inherently appropriate to construct buildings within this zone. Kāinga Ora oppose the consideration of how landscaping may impact 	(iii) The configuration of the would place an unreasonab shading or leaf drop.
				neighbouring properties with regards to lead drop. Kāinga Ora oppose the criteria of landscaping to aid the maintenance of the existing character and amenity of the neighbourhood. Such a link back to the existing environment will reduce the ability to deliver the change intended through this plan change.	(iv <u>) Where appropriate, a</u> A showing how the character be maintained
111.	9.2.8 – Assessment Criteria	9.2.8B	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of all provisions relating specifically to relocatable homes and seek that these be managed through the performance standards under 9.2.5 and the relevant assessment criteria.	Delete 9.2.8B.
112.	9.2.8 – Assessment Criteria	9.2.81	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of all provisions relating to Comprehensive Residential Development. Notwithstanding the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of design guide standards, as a non-statutory document, within the statutory document of the district plan.	Delete 9.2.8I.
Section N	/IRZ - Medium Density	Residential Zone			
113.	General		Support in part	 Kāinga Ora are supportive of the creation of a Medium Density Zone within the Hastings District Plan; however, consistent with relief sought throughout this submission, oppose the use of CRD as a separate activity pathway and mechanism to enable more intensive residential development. Kāinga Ora support a more enabling planning framework, and seek that the Medium Density Zone be amended to be applied across the existing Hastings General Residential and City Living Zone in addition to an 800m walkable catchment from the Flaxmere and Havelock North commercial centres, with provisions that set a clear expectation for outcomes and intensification through the consenting framework. 	 Kāinga Ora seek the spatincreased, in accordance Kāinga Ora seek that proamended, consistent with

nges in Proposed Plan Change 5 are shown as and <u>underlined</u> for proposed additional text he site and whether enforcement of the Standard

able burden on neighbouring properties due to

A landscaping plan is submitted with the application, er and amenity of the neighbourhood will continue to

batial application of the Medium Density Zone be nee with the maps shown in **Appendix 2.** provisions within the Medium Density Zone are with the relief sought throughout this submission.



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
114.	Overview Overview		Support in part Oppose in part	Whilst Kāinga Ora support the general intent of the Medium Density Zone, reference to 'storeys' within the overview of the zone is opposed and instead the permitted heights within performance standards should be relied upon. Kāinga Ora do not support inclusion of and reference to the design framework, being a non-statutory document, within the District Plan. This should be replaced with 'consistent with the planned built environment' to then direct the appropriateness of a development towards the anticipated outcomes, a biesting a non-statutory document.	Amendments sought: The purpose of the Medium compact form of residentia typologies such as detache and low-rise apartments 1 this zone. Amendments sought: Due to the compact nature housing is located in areas and public transport are me
				objectives, policies and performance standards of the Plan.	quality and design that is constrained bubble transport are interested and bubble transport are intere
116.	Objectives	MRZ-O1	Support	Kāinga Ora support this objective; however notes this contradicts the approach taken to enable medium density development through CRD within the GRZ. The submission to retain this objective is consistent with the relief sought regarding the spatial application of the Medium Density Zone and changes to provisions of the General Residential Zones.	Retain as notified.
117.	Objectives	MRZ-O2	Oppose in part	 Kāinga Ora oppose the reference to 'storeys' and seek that the permitted heights in performance standards should be relied upon. It is also not considered to be necessary as MRZ-O2a. refers to the typologies that are anticipated within the zone. Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of reference to the design guide within the District Plan and seek removal of reference to this from the proposed 	Amendments sought: <u>The planned urban built en</u> a. A diversity of housing houses and low rise a b. A built form of predor that is integrated with
				provisions. This is a non-statutory document that should sit outside of the District Plan and the provisions of the District Plan should be higher level objectives and policies that guide development rather than being influenced by prescriptive design guidance.	 c. Good quality on-site a provide for the health consistent with the M An urban environment that convenient to access.
118.	Policies	MRZ-P1	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the use of 'Comprehensive Residential Development' particularly as this results in the creation of a separate residential activity. Kāinga Ora consider that the zone should be constructed with performance standards that enable a residential activity, regardless of the number of units proposed rather than a separate activity to deal with a level of development based on the number of units.	Delete policy MRZ-P1

um Density Residential Zone is to provide for a more ial development through the use of housing ed townhouses, attached duplexes, terraced housing, <u>Two and Three storey buildings are appropriate in</u>

re of such housing typologies it is important that this s where amenity open spaces, services, employment most accessible and that development is of a high consistent with the planned <u>built environment</u>. elements of the Hastings Medium Density Design

environment of the zone is characterised by:

ng typologies including townhouses, duplexes, terrace apartments;

ominantly two and three storey buildings which are

ith public and private open space; e and off-site residential living environments that th and well-being of people and communities and are

Medium Density Design Framework;

at is visually attractive, safe and easy to navigate and



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in Part/ Oppose	Reasons	Relief Sought Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
119.	Policies	MRZ-P2	Oppose	Kāinga Ora does not support the inclusion of a policy relating to compact development that is less enabling of a particular form of development. Some situations render infill development the most appropriate and sustainable development option and discouraging this through the planning framework has the potential to stifle development by prioritising comprehensive development.	Delete policy.
120.	Policies	MRZ-P3	Support in part	 Kāinga Ora support the policy direction to achieve the planned urban built character; however oppose reference to 'storeys' and landscaping requirements as this is overly prescriptive and the performance standards of the zone should be relied upon to dictate the character of the urban form. Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of and reference to the design framework, being a non-statutory document, within the District Plan. 	Amendments sought: Achieve the planned urban storey buildings surrounder a. limiting height, bulk a b. Managing the design, c. Requiring setbacks an urban character; Ensuring developments are Design Framework principle
121.	Policies	MRZ-P4	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the direction of this policy to achieve a heathy, safe and high amenity neighbourhood; however oppose the link of achieving this within the principles and design elements of the Design Guide. Reference to the design guide should be replaced with 'the planned built environment'.	Amendments sought: Manage development to ac comfortable living environr with the planned built envir elements of the Hastings M providing:
122.	Policies	MRZ-P5	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the delivery of high amenity streets and neighbourhoods; however, consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of and reference to the design framework, being a non-statutory document, within the District Plan.	Amendments sought: Manage development to co that encourage active trans a. requiring consisten Framework princip
123.	Rules	MRZ-R1	Support	Kāinga Ora support the provision of a permitted residential activity within the Medium Density Zone, and the subsequent Restricted Discretionary Activity where compliance with standards is not achieved.	Retain as notified.

in built environment character of two and three led by landscaping including by:

and form of development; n, appearance and variety of building development<u>;</u> and landscaped areas that are consistent with an

re consistent with the Hastings Medium Density ples and key design elements.

achieve a healthy, safe, high amenity, and nment for residents and neighbours that is consistent vironment<u>with the principles and key design</u> Medium Density Design Framework, including by

contribute to safe, attractive and connected streets nsport modes including by:

ency with the Hastings Medium Density Design ples and key design elements;



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought		
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed changes in Proposed Plan Change 5 are shown as strikethrough for deletion and <u>underlined</u> for proposed additional text		
124.	Rules	MRZ-R2		Kāinga Ora opposes MRZ-R2.1.a as it is proposed. While the intent of discouraging lower-density residential development in a Medium-Density Residential Zone ('MDRZ') is understood, it is contrary to the NPS-UD to preclude, rather than enable development within the urban environment. Kāinga Ora seek this be deleted and replaced with a permitted level of development of up to 3 dwellings per site. Subject to relief sought above, Kāinga Ora seeks the deletion of reference to Comprehensive Residential Development and Infill development as individual activities.	Amendments sought: 1. Activity Status: Permitted Where: a. Not more than one principal residential unit shall occupy the site Up to 3 residential units per site; b. Compliance is achieved with all the relevant zone standards: MRZ-S1 - MRZ- S14 Notes relevant to the activity in MRZ-R2 Where compliance is not achieved with MZ-R2.a, see MRZ R22 Infil Development (one additional principal residential unit on a site), or MRZ-R16, Comprehensive Residential Development (two or more new or additional principal residential units on a site) as appropriate.		
125.	Rules	MRZ-R13	Oppose	Kāinga Ora oppose the use of a specific activity status relating to relocated buildings. Such buildings should be treated in accordance with any other residential building and be subject to the same rules and standards within the zone. Kāinga Ora consider Rule MRZ-R2 as amended by this submission to be an appropriate rule framework to replace this bespoke rule.	Delete rule MRZ-R13.		
126.	Rules	MRZ-R16	Support in part	 Kāinga Ora generally support the provision of a more enabling framework; however, consistent with the relief sought, oppose the use of CRD as a mechanism to achieve this. This should be replaced with reference to the number of dwellings that trigger the activity status. Consistent with the relief sought to Rule MRZ-R2 and the enablement of up to three dwellings as a permitted activity within the medium density zone, Kāinga Ora seek that this rule be amended to appropriately reflect this. Acknowledging that Hastings is a Tier 2 authority, it is suggested that 4+ dwellings would be a trigger for consent and infrastructure be included as assessment criteria. 	MRZ- R16 Comprehensive Residential DevelopmentConstruction of 4+ residential units 1. Activity Status: Controlled Restricted Discretionary NN Where: a. Four or more residential units b. Compliance is achieved with all of the relevant Matters of Control 1. MRZ-MAT1 - Comprehensive Residential Development		
				Kāinga Ora acknowledge that a non-notification clause provides a greater certainty through the consenting process; however, question whether this is an appropriate response to non-compliances with one or more of the standards in MRZ-R161b, particularly when considering maximum height, height in relation to boundary and yard setbacks.	zone standards: MRZ-S1 - MRZ-S14 Matters of Discretion: 2. Activity Status: Restricted Discretionary Matters of Discretion: 1. MRZ-MAT1 Comprehensive Residential Development		

tted	
I l unit	
e Up to	
per site <u>;</u>	
eved	
it zone	
- MRZ-	



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chan strikethrough for deletion c
					Where: Complian achieved with on the standards in
					Notification: An a R16.2 is preclude accordance with
127.	Rules	MRZ-R22	Oppose	Kāinga Ora does not support the inclusion of a specific activity status relating to infill residential development, which ultimately results in a restrictive planning framework that is contrary to the requirements of the NPS-UD. Provisions relating to infill housing should be deleted and up to 3 dwellings should be permitted on a site within the Medium Density Zone.	Delete rule MRZ-R22.
128.	Rules	MRZ-R23	Oppose in part	Whilst Kāinga Ora acknowledge the requirement for a rule to provide for activities that have not been specifically accommodated for through the rules table, the use of a Non-Complying activity status as a 'catch-all' is not supported and considered to be too high of a threshold. Consistent with relief sought under the General Residential Zone provisions, Kāinga Ora submit that this be reduced to a Discretionary activity status.	Replace the activity status t
129.	Performance Standards Table	MRZ-S1	Support	Kāinga Ora support the proposed maximum permitted height.	Retain as notified.
130.	Performance Standards Table	MRZ-S2	Support	Kāinga Ora support the proposed fence and standalone wall standards.	Retain as notified
131.	Performance Standards Table	MRZ-S3	Oppose	Kāinga Ora oppose the use of varied height in relation to building controls depending on solar orientation. The recession planes should be deleted and replaced with the national MDRS height in relation to boundary standard of 4m + 60° which is considered appropriate for the Medium Density Zone.	Amendment sought: Replace existing Height in re <u>Buildings must not project I</u> <u>point 4 metres vertically ab</u> <u>the following diagram. Whe</u> <u>entrance strip, access site, o</u> <u>boundary applies from the</u> <u>entrance strip, access site, o</u>

liance is not one or more of in MRZ-R16.1.a

An application under **Rule MRZ-R16.1** and MRZided from being publicly notified or limited notified in th sections 95A or 95B of the RMA.

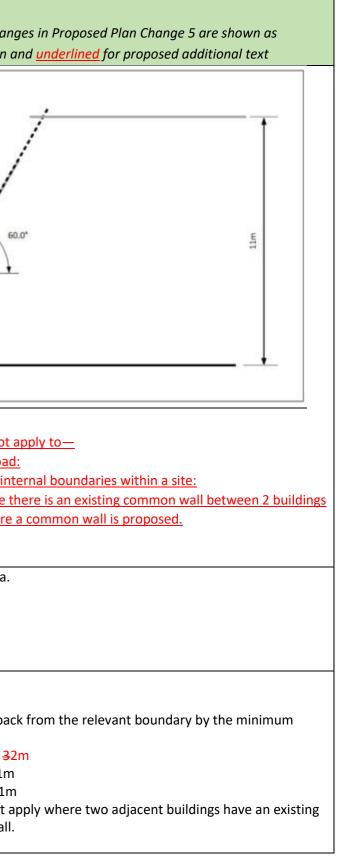
us to Discretionary from Non-complying.

relation to boundary standard with-

ct beyond a 60° recession plane measured from a above ground level along all boundaries, as shown on /here the boundary forms part of a legal right of way, e, or pedestrian access way, the height in relation to he farthest boundary of that legal right of way, e, or pedestrian access way.



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chan strikethrough for deletion d
					(2) This standard does not a (a) a boundary with a road (b) existing or proposed int (c) site boundaries where th on adjacent sites or where
132.	Performance Standards Table	MRZ-S4a.	Oppose in part	Whilst Kāinga Ora appreciate the intention behind this standard, it has the potential to result in unnecessary design complications and rather the use of the front yard standards set out under MRZ-S5 should sufficiently address potential impacts of buildings/structures on the visual character of the site and relationship with the street.	Delete standard MRZ-S4a.
133.	Performance Standards Table	MRZ-S5	Oppose in part	 Kāinga Ora generally support the use of setbacks to address the relationship of building mass on a site, with the surrounding environment. However, Kāinga Ora oppose the standard of 3m for the front boundary, particularly as this standard is used within the General Residential Zone and is not enabling of medium density development. Kāinga Ora support the yard controls proposed for the side and rear boundaries. 	Amendment sought: a. Buildings must be setbac depth listed below <u>:</u> i. Front boundary: 3 2 ii. Side boundary: 1m iii. Rear boundary: 1m b. This standard does not a or proposed common wall.





ID	Section of Plan	n of Plan Specific Provision		Reasons	Relief Sought Kāinga Ora proposed chang
				Kāinga Ora support the use of a greater yard setback for buildings on a boundary shared with a Character Residential Zone.	c. All buildings must be sett Residential Zone.
134.	Performance Standards Table	MRZ-S6	Support	Kāinga Ora support the proposed building coverage of 50% within the Medium Density Zone.	Retain as notified.
135.	Performance Standards Table	MRZ-S7	Oppose in part	 Whilst Käinga Ora support a standard requiring the provision of outdoor living space within a development, the greater requirement of outdoor open space of 30m2 is opposed. The area required is not consistent with what is generally accepted as a good level of outdoor space within a medium density environment, and differs from what has been set out through the MDRS, which acts as a national standard for medium density. Kāinga Ora support the requirements of S7b and c. Whilst Kāinga Ora support the delivery of high quality outdoor living space with access to good levels of sunlight hours, the prescriptive nature of S7d. and the subsequent matter of discretion is opposed as this does not provide flexibility of design within a site. 	Amendment sought: a. A residential unit at g floor must have an ou- living space that is at 320m ² , with a minim- dimension b. A residential unit abor- floor must have an ou- living space of at lease a minimum 1.8m dim c. All outdoor living spa- be accessible from the living area of the resi- unit; and d. All outdoor living spa- be north facing i.e. ou- north of east or west e. All outdoor living spa- be clear of buildings, spaces, servicing and manoeuvring areas.
136.	Performance Standards Table	MRZ-S8	Oppose in part	 Kāinga Ora opposes the inclusion of the matter of discretion relating to the use of landscaping to soften and screen the built form. Landscaping should not be a requirement of development to soften or screen the built form within the urban environment. Kāinga Ora do not support the outcome of this standard as proposed. The requirement is delivered through the 'outlook' standards of the proposed plan change and therefore this outcome results in duplication. 	Replace proposed outcome <u>Developments include area</u> <u>contribute to the setting of</u> <u>public environment.</u>
137.	Performance Standards Table	MRZ-S9	Oppose in part	Kāinga Ora do not support the inclusion of standard MRZ-S9b. It is a form of design guidance and is overly prescriptive thereby not enabling development to be responsive to specific site constraints.	Delete MRZ-S9.b.
138.	Performance Standards Table	MRZ-S10	Support	Kāinga Ora support the outlook space standard proposed as a means of accommodating amenity within a development.	Retain as notified.

etback 2m from any boundary with a Character

t ground	Matt	ters of Discretion if compliance
outdoor	not a	achieved:
at least	1.	The Outcome of the Standard.
mum 4m	2.	Design and location of the
		outdoor living space, and
bove ground		whether its shape and size are
outdoor		suitable for recreation and play;
ast 8m ² , with	3.	How the outdoor living space is
imension		accessed from the residential
baces must		unit;
the main	4	-The location of the outdoor
sidential		living space in terms of winter
		and summer access to sunlight;
baces must	5.	The location of the outdoor
orientated		living space and whether it will
st<u>.</u>		be overlooked by neighbouring
baces must		residential units.
s, parking		
nd		

ne with:

eas of vegetation or garden areas that positively of the development and the interaction with the



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in Part/ Oppose	Reasons	Relief Sought Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
139.	Performance Standards Table	MRZ-S11	Oppose	Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of this standard and all relevant provisions. The standard is overly prescriptive, acting more like design guidance than a performance standard. Such a standard having the potential to trigger consent is not supported and should be removed from the District Plan. Moreover, the standard fails to recognise repetition in design that is generally	Delete MRZ-S11.
				accepted in medium density architecture and will result in perverse design outcomes.	
140.	Performance Standards Table	MRZ-S14	Oppose	Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of a specific standard relating to infrastructure capacity. This should be deleted and a matter of discretion relating to infrastructure capacity be added under the rule for a development of 4+ dwellings.	Delete MRZ-S14.
141.	Matters of Control or Discretion	MRZ-R16 Comprehensive Residential Development:	Oppose in part	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the use of Comprehensive Residential Development and seek that reference to this be	Amendments sought:
				replaced with 'development consisting of three or more residential units'.	1. MRZ-R16: Comprehensi
		1. The Hastings Medium		Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of design guide criteria, being a non-statutory	consisting of three or m
		Density Design		document, sitting within the statutory document of a district plan. Kāinga Ora	2. Delete matter of discret
		Framework 2. Site Layout		seeks this matter of control/discretion be deleted. Kāinga Ora considers other matters of control/discretion proposed are sufficient in assessing the effects of	
		3. Building form, visual		any proposed residential development.	
		quality and streetscape		Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of matters of discretion relating to site layout,	
		amenity		building form, visual quality and streetscape amenity, infrastructure servicing and cumulative effects. It is noted that these matters are sufficient in	
		 Infrastructure servicing Cumulative Effects 		addressing the effects and acceptability of a development without the need to	
		5. Cumulative Effects		have the design guide included as a matter of discretion.	
Section	30.1 Subdivision and La	nd Development	-		
142.	30.1.3 – Objectives	SLDP1	Support in part	Whilst Kāinga Ora support the regulation of subdivision of land via lot size to	Amendments sought:
	and policies			ensure that a permitted level of development could occur on site, this should	That standards for a sinistance
				only be applicable to vacant lot subdivision.	That standards for minimun allotments, be established f
143.	30.1.3 – Objectives	SLDP7	Support in part	Whilst Kāinga Ora support the reference made to the Council's Engineering	Amendments sought:
т4э.	and policies			Code of Practice and the relevance of this to the consenting process, the	
				retention of reference to the subdivision design guide is opposed. Consistent	Recognise the role of the Ha
				with relief sought, the inclusion of and reference to a non-statutory document	Infrastructure Development
				within the district plan is opposed.	

nsive Residential Development Development more residential units retion MRS-R161.

um and maximum site sizes <u>associated with vacant</u> d for each SMA/Zone in the District.

Hastings District Council's Subdivision and Int in Hastings: Best Practice Design Guide and



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed changes in Proposed Plan Change 5 are shown as strikethrough for deletion and <u>underlined</u> for proposed additional text
					Engineering Code of Practice design standards as a means of compliance for the servicing of sites.
					Explanation As a means of achieving compliance with the Rules of the District Plan for subdivision and land development, the Council may refer to the design standards contained in the Hastings District Council' s Subdivision and Infrastructure Development in Hastings: Best Practice Design Guide and/or Engineering Code of Practice and may apply them as conditions of subdivision consent.
144.	30.1.5 Rules	Rule SLD7A	Oppose in part	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the reference to Comprehensive Residential Development. Kāinga Ora acknowledge the proposed measures taken through this plan change to create a more enabling consenting pathway for subdivisions. Kāinga Ora seek that the basis of Rule SLD7A, which currently relates to CRD, is amended to relate to residential development across the Medium Density Zone as well as the GRZs. Given that this rule relates to a subdivision where standards and terms are met, or a land use consent is either granted or sought in conjunction with the subdivision, Kāinga Ora submit that this rule have a Controlled Activity status.	Replace Rule SLD7A: Subdivision of a residential development, that complies with General Site Performance Standards and Terms specified in 30.1.6 and 30.1.7, and is applied for concurrently with, or following the approval of a current, land use Resource Consent
145.	30.1.5 Rules	SLD14	Oppose in part	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the reference to Comprehensive Residential Development. Kāinga Ora acknowledge the proposed measures taken through this plan change to create a more enabling consenting pathway for subdivisions. Kāinga Ora seek that the basis of Rule SLD14, which currently relates to CRD where standards are not met, is amended to relate to residential development across the Medium Density Zone as well as the GRZs.	Subdivision of a residential development, not meeting General Site Performance Standards and Terms specified in 30.1.6 and 30.1.7.RDSubdivision of a residential development within the Medium Density Zone, Hastings General Residential Zone, Flaxmere General Residential Zone, Havelock North General Residential, that is applied for concurrently with, or following the approval of a current, land use Resource Consent and does not comply with one or more of the relevant subdivision site and general site performance standards and terms specified in 30.1.6 or 30.1.7.
146.	30.1.5 Rules	SLD15	Support in part	Consistent with relief sought through this plan change, reference to the City Living Zone should be deleted.	Amendments sought: Residential Character Areas, City Living Zone, Flaxmere Area 1
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ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought			
			Support in Part/ Oppose			oposed changes in Proposed Plan C for deletion and <u>underlined</u> for prop		
147.	30.1.6 Subdivision Site Standards and	30.1.6A General Site Standards	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora opposes the inclusion of minimum net site areas, and seeks that a minimum shape factor as amended,	Amendments sought:			
	Terms			be relied upon instead for vacant allotments created within the General and Modium Density Residential Zenes. This would sufficiently ensure that smaller	1.	Hastings		
		Medium Density Residential Zones. This would sufficiently ensure that smaller vacant lot sizes are not created which might otherwise foreclose the ability for a compliant development to be undertaken on the resultant lot.Kāinga Ora oppose the variation of subdivision standards across areas within the same zone. Such variations should be deleted and the standard shape- factor for a vacant allotment should be relied upon.	vacant lot sizes are not created which might otherwise foreclose the ability for	A	<u>Vacant lot - General Residential</u> <u>Medium Density</u>	350m² Accommodate a rectangle of 8m x 15m		
				i . Comprehensive Residential Development (on land identified in Appendices 27) and 80				
				Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of CRD as a separate activity pathway and therefore seek that any provision relating to this be deleted	В	General Residential (Urban Development Areas)	400m ² with a minimum average site size of 700m ²	
		be deleted.	be deleted.		(1) Howard Street Urban Development Area	400m ² with a minimum average site size of 600m ² (except where Comprehensive Residential Development is proposed)		
						(3) i. Comprehensive Residential Development (on land identified in Appendix 27)		
					(6) i. Comprehensive Residential Development (on land identified in Appendix 27)	250m² minimum average site size, an average site size of 350m ² , and 800m ² maximum site size		
						(7) Cornwall Road	700m²	
					(7) i. Comprehensive Residential Development (on land identified in Appendix 27)	250m² minimum average site size, an average site size of 350m ² , and 700m ² maximum site size		
						Use of a la Nasakh		
					2. A	Havelock North Vacant lot - General Residential	350m² Accommodate a	
						and Medium Density	rectangle of 8m x 15m	
					i. Comprehensive Residential Development	250m ² minimum site size, 350m ² maximum site size		



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought		
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora pro	oposed changes in Proposed Plan C	hange 5 are shown as
					strikethrough for deletion and <u>underlined</u> for proposed		
							<u>No minimum provided sites</u> <u>can be</u> serviced <u>for water</u> , wastewater <u>and</u> stormwater
					В	General Residential (Urban Development Areas)	400m ² with a minimum average-site-size of 700m ²
						Sites with access from Goddard Lane	700m² minimum for sites with access from Goddard Lane
						Brookvale Urban Development Area (Appendix 13B, Figure 1)	Deferred Residential Zone -12 hectaresGeneral Residential Zone -400m² with a minimumaverage net site area of600m² (except opposite thePlains Zone on ThompsonRoad and wherecomprehensive residentialdevelopment is proposed)Sites created opposite thePlains Production Zone onThompson Road - 1000m²Comprehensive ResidentialDevelopmentNo minimum provided sitescan be serviced for water,wastewater andstormwater
						Comprehensive Residential Development within the Bull Hill Neighbourhood	
					3.	FLAXMERE	



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought		
			Support in Part/ Oppose			Kāinga Ora proposed changes in Proposed Plan Change 5 are shown as strikethrough for deletion and <u>underlined</u> for proposed additional text	
					A	<u>Vacant lot -</u> General Residential <u>and Medium</u> <u>Density</u>	500m ² <u>Accommodate a</u> rectangle of 8m x 15m
						i. Comprehensive Residential Development	
					В	Flaxmere Residential Development Area - North of Village Centre (fronting Chatham Road)	500m², and must meet standard 9.2.5Q (road layout requirement)
148.	30.1.8 Assessment Criteria	30.1.8.16	Oppose in part	Consistent with relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the inclusion of CRD as an activity and therefore seek that the reference to this and associated provisions be deleted. The specific rule for medium density should be replaced to refer to the zone.	Amendments sought: City Living, Comprehensive Residential Development, Residential Character Subdivisions Assessment shall be made with the corresponding land use assessment matters in the relevant SMA in Sections 7.2, 8.2 and 9.2 or in Rule MRZ-R16 for		
					subdivisions of Density Reside	comprehensive residential develo	pments in the Medium
33.1 Defi	nitions				Density Reside		
149.	33.1.2 Definitions	Accessory building and	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'accessory building' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density	 Delete and replace existing definition with National Planning Standards definition: Accessory Building (in the Medium Density Residential Zone): means a detached building, the use of which is ancillary to the use of any building, buildings or activity that is or could be lawfully established on the same site, but does not include any minor residential unit. 		
		Accessory Building (in the Medium Density Residential Zone)		Zone. Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'accessory building' to be consistent with the national planning standards.			the use of any building,
150.	33.1.2 Definitions	Allotment	Support in part	Kāinga Ora seek the removal of reference to the medium density zone within this definition, acknowledging that the definition remains the same for all allotments across all zones.	Amendment sought: Allotment (in the Medium Density Residential Zone): has the same meaning as in section 128 of the RMA (as set out below)		



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
151.	33.1.2 Definitions	Ancillary activity	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'ancillary activity' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density Zone.	Delete and replace existing definition: Ancillary Activity (in the Me that supports and is subsidi
				Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'ancillary activity' to be consistent with the national planning standards.	
152.	33.1.2 Definitions	Building And	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'building' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density Zone.	Delete and replace existing definition:
		Building (in the Medium Density Zone)		Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'building' to be consistent with the national planning standards.	Building (in the Medium Depermanent movable or immovable or immovable) i. partially or fully roofed ii. fixed or located on or but excludes any motorised
					moved under its own powe
153.	33.1.2 Definitions	Building coverage	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'building coverage' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density	Delete and replace existing definition:
				Zone.	Building Coverage (in the M
		Building coverage (in the Medium Density Zone)			percentage of the net site a
		Medium Density 2016)		Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'building coverage' to be consistent with the national planning standards.	
154.	33.1.2 Definitions	Building footprint	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'building footprint' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density	Delete and replace existing definition:
				Zone.	Building Footprint (in the N
		Building footprint (in the			to building coverage, the to
		Medium Density Zone)		Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'building footprint' to be consistent with the national planning standards.	with the area of any section the ground floor level limits
155.	33.1.2 Definitions	Commercial activity	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'commercial activity' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply	Delete and replace existing definition:

ng definition with National Planning Standards

Medium Density Residential Zone): means an activity idiary to a primary activity.

ng definition with National Planning Standards

Density Residential Zone): means a temporary or movable physical construction that is:

fed, and or in land;

ed vehicle or other mode of transport that could be ver

ng definition with National Planning Standards

Medium Density Residential Zone): means the area covered by the building footprint.

ng definition with National Planning Standards

• Medium Density Residential Zone): means in relation total area of buildings at ground floor level together on of any of those buildings that extends out beyond its of the building and overhangs the ground.

ng definition with National Planning Standards



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in		Kāinga Ora proposed chai
			Part/ Oppose		strikethrough for deletion
		and		to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density	Commercial Activity (in th
				Zone.	activity trading in goods, e
		Commercial activity (in the		Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'commercial activity'	activity to the commercial
		Medium Density Zone)		to be consistent with the national planning standards.	
150			0		Delete definition
156.	33.1.2 Definitions	Comprehensive Residential Development	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora seek that all provisions relating to Comprehensive Residential Development be deleted.	Delete definition.
		Development			
157.	33.1.2 Definitions	Educational Facility	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'educational facility' in	Delete and replace existin
				accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply	definition:
		and		to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density	
				Zone.	Educational Facility (in the
		Educational Facility (in the		Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'educational facility'	buildings used for teaching tertiary education services
		Medium Density Zone)		to be consistent with the national planning standards.	
150		Ground level	Current in mont	Kāta sa Ora suma at the inclusion of the definition of (mound bury) in	Delete and seele as evictin
158.	33.1.2 Definitions	Ground level	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'ground level' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply	Delete and replace existing definition:
		and		to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density	
				Zone.	Ground Level (in the Medi
		Ground level (in the Medium		Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'ground level' to be	a. the actual finished surfa
		Density Zone)		consistent with the national planning standards.	subdivision that created a
					(when the record of title is
					b. if the ground level cann
					surface level of the ground
					c. if, in any case under par
					structure is located on the
					retaining wall or retaining
159.	33.1.2 Definitions	Habitable Space	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'habitable room' in	Delete definition for Habit
		and		accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should supersede the existing definition of 'habitable space' as the retention results in	
		anu		unnecessary duplication and confusion.	
		Habitable Room			
160.	33.1.2 Definitions	Height	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'height' in accordance	Amendment sought:
				with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full	
				district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density Zone.	

he Medium Density Residential Zone):means any equipment or services. It includes any ancillary I activity (for example administrative or head offices).

ng definition with National Planning Standards

e Medium Density Residential Zone):-means land or ag or training by child care services, schools, and s, including any ancillary activities.

ng definition with National Planning Standards

ium Density Residential Zone): means –

ace level of the ground after the most recent at least one additional allotment was completed is created);

not be identified under paragraph (a), the existing d;

ragraph (a) or (b), a retaining wall or retaining e boundary, the level on the exterior surface of the g structure where it intersects the boundary.

table Space.



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
					Height (in the Medium Den between a specified referer structure or building above
161.	33.1.2 Definitions	Height in relation to boundary	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'height in relation to boundary' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density Zone.	Amendment sought: Height in Relation to Bound means the height of a struct from either the boundary of a. site; or b. another specified refe
162.	33.1.2 Definitions	Height of a building	Oppose	Kāinga Ora oppose the retention of this definition; given the inclusion of the definition of 'height' in accordance with the national planning standards, the retention of this definition results in unnecessary duplication and confusion.	Delete definition.
163.	33.1.2 Definitions	Home business (in the Medium Density Residential Zone)	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'Home Business' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density Zone.	Amendment sought: Home Business (in the Med commercial activity that is: a. undertaken or operate incidental to the use of the
164.	33.1.2 Definitions	Infill Residential Development	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the retention of this definition and the differentiation of infill housing from any other residential development.	Delete definition.
165.	33.1.2 Definitions	Infill Residential Subdivision	Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought, Kāinga Ora oppose the retention of this definition and the differentiation of infill housing from any other residential development	Delete definition
166.	33.1.2 Definitions	Minor residential unit (in the medium density zone)	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'minor residential unit' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density Zone.	Amendment sought: Minor Residential Unit (in t self-contained residential unit and is held in common own same site.

ensity Residential Zone): means the vertical distance rence point and the highest part of any feature, ve that point.

undary (in the Medium Density Residential Zone): ructure, building or feature, relative to its distance y of:

eference point.

ledium Density Residential Zone): means a is:

rated by at least one resident of the site; and

he site for a residential activity.

n the Medium Density Residential Zone): means a I unit that is ancillary to the principal residential unit wnership with the principal residential unit on the



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Support in Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chang strikethrough for deletion a
167.	33.1.2 Definitions	Net site area and Net site area (in the Medium Density Residential Zone)	Support in part	 Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'net site area' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density Zone. Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'net site area' to be consistent with the national planning standards. 	Delete and replace existing definition: Net Site Area (in the Medius area of the site but excludes a. any part of the site that b. any part of a rear site that any part of the site subject the under the Public Works Act
168.	33.1.2 Definitions	Outdoor Living Space and Outdoor Living Space (in the Medium Density Residential Zone)	Support in part	 Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'outdoor living space' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density Zone. Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'outdoor living space' to be consistent with the national planning standards. 	Delete and replace existing definition: Outdoor Living Space (In the area of open space for the u to which the space is allocat
169.	33.1.2 Definitions	Residential Activity and Residential Activity (in the Medium Density Residential Zones)	Support in part	 Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'Residential activity' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density Zone. Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'residential activity' to be consistent with the national planning standards. 	Delete and replace existing definition: Residential Activity (in the l of land and building(s) for p
170.	33.1.2 Definitions	Residential Building and Residential Unit (in the Medium Density Residential Zones)	Support in part	 Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'residential unit' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density Zone. Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'residential building' to be consistent with the national planning standards and to reduce unnecessary duplication and confusion. 	Delete and replace existing of definition: Residential Unit (in the Med or part of a building that is u household, and must include
171.	33.1.2 Definitions	Residential Zones	Support	Kāinga Ora support the replacement of reference to the Hastings City Living Zone with the Medium Density Zone, consistent with the plan change.	Retain as notified.
172.	33.1.2 Definitions	Retirement Village and	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'retirement village' in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density Zone.	Delete and replace existing definition: Retirement Village (in the A managed comprehensive re

ng definition with National Planning Standards

lium Density Residential Zone): means the total des:

that provides legal access to another site; that provides legal access to that site;

t to a designation that may be taken or acquired ct 1981.

ng definition with National Planning Standards

the Medium Density Residential Zone): means an e use of the occupants of the residential unit or units cated.

g definition with National Planning Standards

e Medium Density Residential Zone): means the use people's living accommodation.

ng definition with National Planning Standards

Hedium Density Residential Zone): means a building(s) is used for a residential activity exclusively by one ude sleeping, cooking, bathing and toilet facilities.

ng definition with National Planning Standards

• Medium Density Residential Zone): means a residential complex or facilities used to provide



ID	Section of Plan	Specific Provision	Support/ Support in	Reasons	Relief Sought
			Part/ Oppose		Kāinga Ora proposed chang
					strikethrough for deletion a
		Retirement Village (in the		Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'retirement village' to	residential accommodation
		Medium Density Residential		be consistent with the national planning standards and to reduce unnecessary	partners of such people. It r
		Zone)		duplication and confusion.	within the complex: recreation
					and medical facilities (inclus
					activities.
173.	33.1.2 Definitions	Site	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'Site' in accordance with	Delete and replace existing
				the National Planning Standards; however, this should apply to the full district	definition:
		and		plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium Density Zone.	
					Site (in the Medium Density
		Site (in the Medium Density		Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'Site' to be consistent	a. an area of land compri
		Residential Zone)		with the national planning standards.	Transfer Act 2017; or
					b. an area of land which o
					allotments in such a w
					separately within the p
					c. the land comprised in a
					approved survey plan of title under the Land Tr
					consent of the Council
					despite paragraphs a to c, in
					Act 1972 or the Unit Titles A
					land subject to the unit deve
174.	33.1.2 Definitions	Visitor Accommodation	Support in part	Kāinga Ora support the inclusion of the definition of 'Visitor Accommodation'	Delete and replace existing of
				in accordance with the National Planning Standards; however, this should	definition:
		and		apply to the full district plan rather than being exclusive to the Medium	
				Density Zone.	Visitor Accommodation (in f
		Visitor Accommodation (in			and/or buildings used for ac
		the Medium Density Zone)		Kāinga Ora seek the deletion of the existing definition of 'Visitor	and includes any ancillary ac
				Accommodation' to be consistent with the national planning standards.	
Append	ices				
175.	Appendix 60		Oppose	Consistent with the relief sought across the General Residential Environments,	Delete appendix. 60
				Kāinga Ora oppose the retention of this height in relation to boundary tool.	

on for people who are retired and any spouses or It may also include any of the following for residents ation, leisure, supported residential care, welfare lusive of hospital care) and other non-residential

ng definition with National Planning Standards

ity Residential Zone): means

prised in a single record of title under the Land or

th comprises two or more adjoining legally defined way that the allotments cannot be dealt with e prior consent of the council; or

in a single allotment or balance area on an

In of subdivision for which a separate record of Transfer Act 2017 could be issued without further icil; or

, in the case of land subdivided under the Unit Titles s Act 2010 or a cross lease system, is the whole of the evelopment or cross lease.

ng definition with National Planning Standards

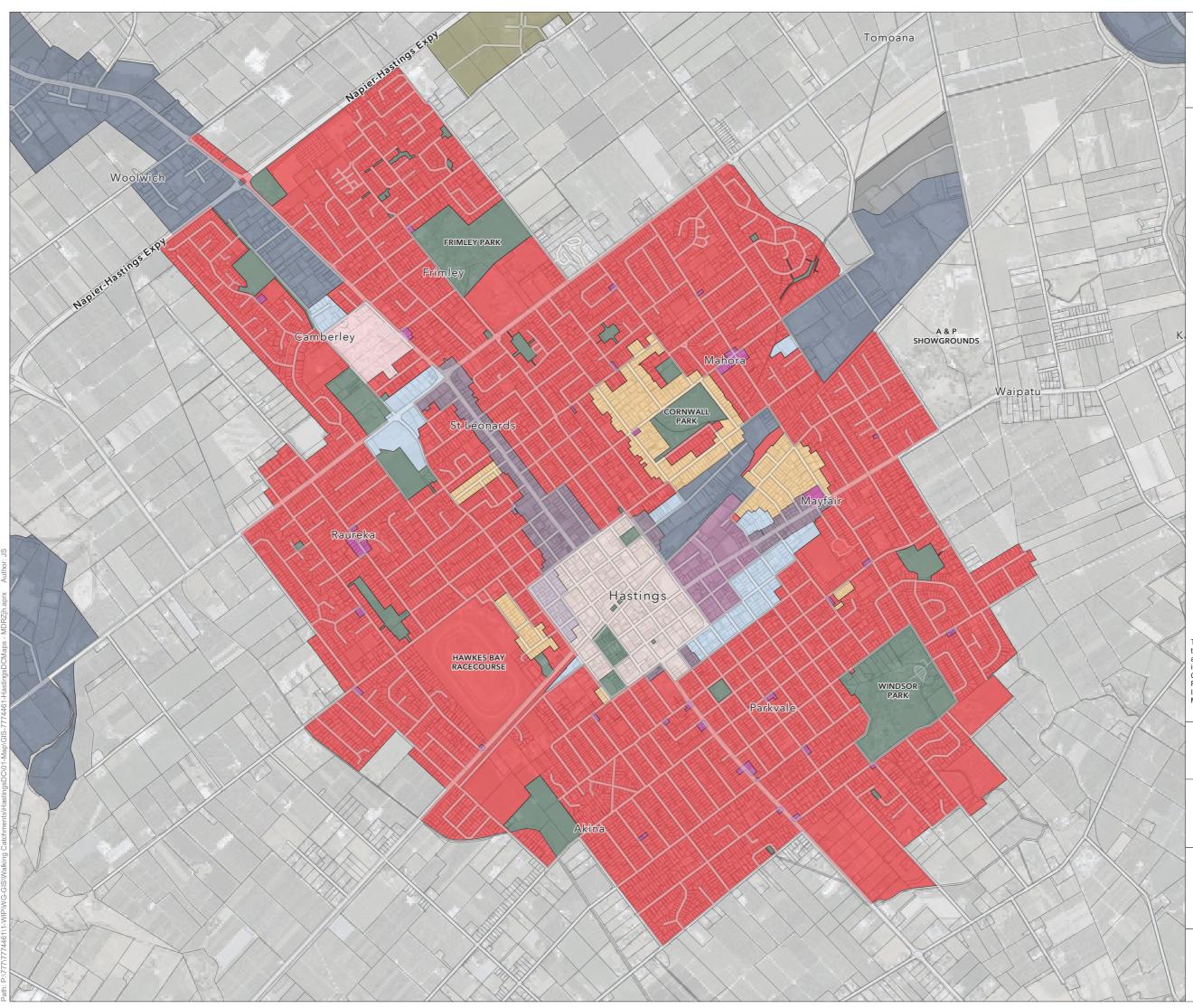
in the Medium Density Residential Zone): means land accommodating visitors, subject to a tariff being paid activities.



Appendix 2: Maps

The following maps set out the amendments sought from Kāinga Ora to Proposed Plan Change 5 to the Operative Hastings District Plan.





Kāinga Ora Proposed MDRZ

Hastings

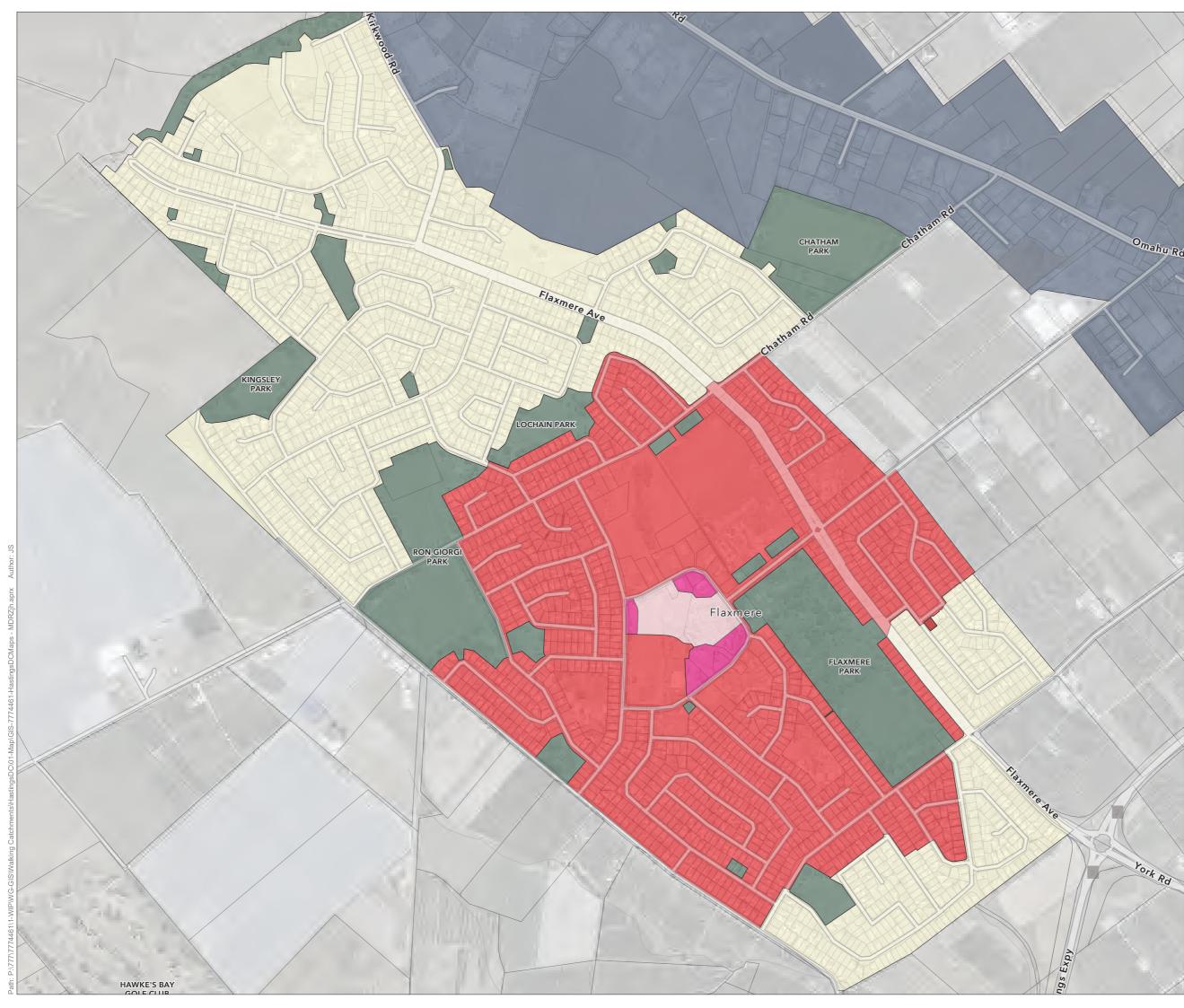
- Kāinga Ora Proposed Medium Residential Zone
- Primary Parcels

Hastings DC Operative District Plan Zones

- Hastings Character Residential
 - Regional Hospital
 - Central Commercial
- Commercial Service
- Large Format Retail
 - Residential Commercial
 - Suburban Commercial
 - General Industrial
 - Light Industrial
- Tomoana Food Industry
 - Hawkes Bay Regional Sports Park
- Open Space

This map contains data derived in part or wholly from sources other than Käinga Ora, and therefore, no representations or warranties are made by Käinga Ora as to the accuracy or completeness of this information. Contains information sourced from Hastings District Council, Hawkes Bay Regional Council, LINZ, Esri, HERE, Garmin, Foursquare, METI/NASA, USGS, Eagle Technology, Land Information New Zealand, GEBCO, Community maps contributors. Map intended for distribution as a PDF document.

0	250 500 N Metres
Revision Status Author	1.0 Final JS
Verifier Date	JH 24/11/2022
Project Client Discipline Drawing N	Hastings District Council PC5 Submissions Kāinga Ora GIS Io. GIS-7774461-HDCWC-07
2	Kāinga Ora Homes and Communities



Kāinga Ora Proposed MDRZ

Flaxmere

- Kāinga Ora Proposed Medium Residential Zone
- Primary Parcels

Exisiting Residential

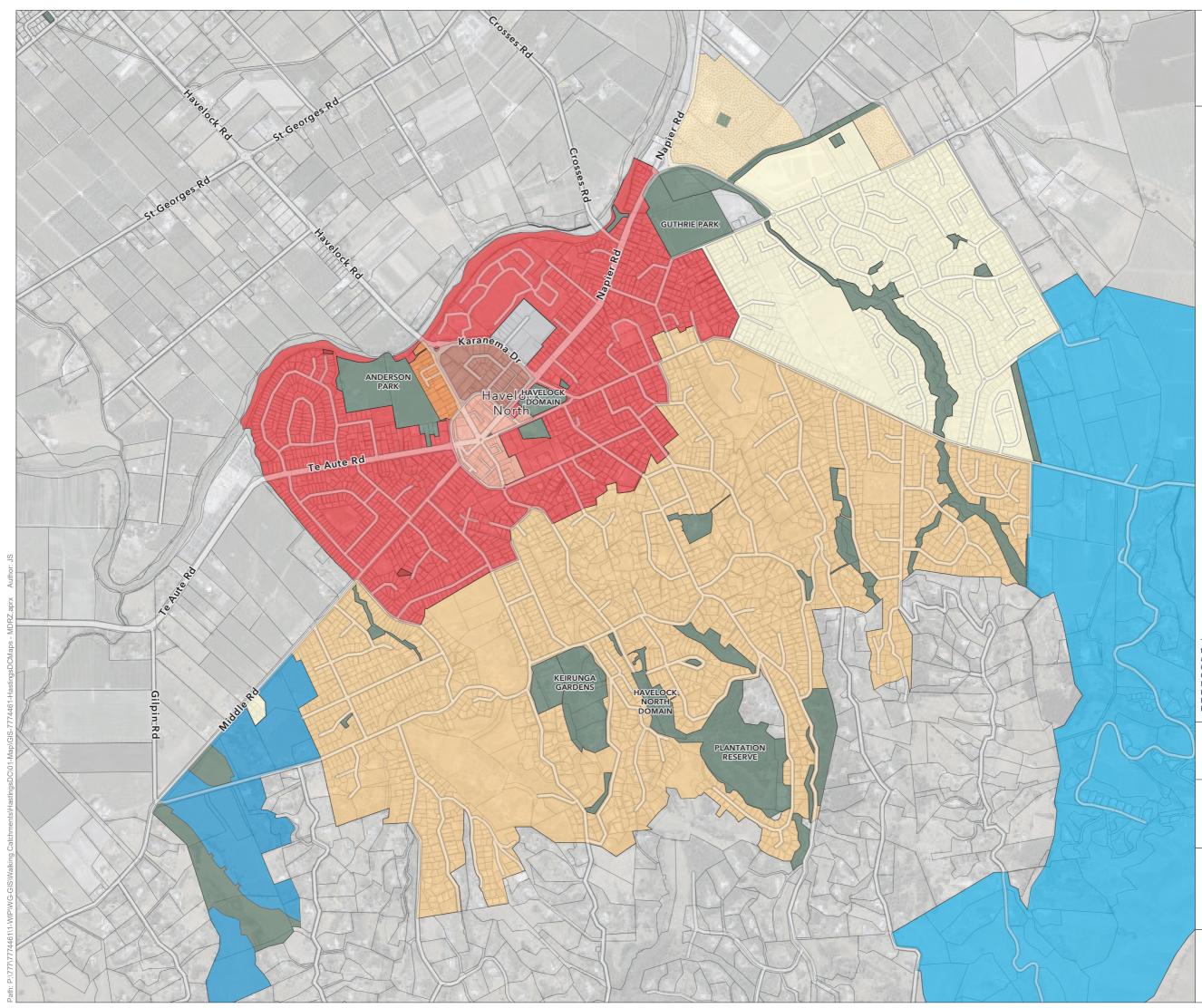
Flaxmere General Residential

Hastings DC Operative District Plan Zones

- Flaxmere Commercial
- Flaxmere Commercial Service
- General Industrial
- Open Space

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Revision	1.0		
	Final		
	JS		
Verifier	JH		
Date	25/11/2022		
Project	Hastings District Counci Submissions	I PC5	
Client	Kāinga Ora		
Discipline	GIS		
Drawing No.	GIS-7774461-HDCWC-	05	
	Kāipag Or	a	
Č.	Kāinga Or Homes and Communit	ies	



Kāinga Ora Proposed MDRZ

Havelock North

Kāinga Ora Proposed Medium Residential Zone Primary Parcels Existing Residential Deferred Residential Havelock North General Residential Hastings DC Operative District Plan Zones Havelock North Character Residential Havelock North Village Centre Business Havelock North Village Centre Mixed Havelock North Village Centre Retail Havelock North Village Centre Industrial Deferred Open Space Open Space Iona Special Character Zone Te Mata Special Character Area

This map contains data derived in part or wholly from sources other than Kãinga Ora, and therefore, no representations or warranties are made by Kãinga Ora as to the accuracy or completeness of this information. Contains information sourced from Hastings District Council, Hawkes Bay Regional Council, Eagle Technology, Land Information New Zealand, GEBCO, Community maps contributors, Esri Community Maps Contributors, LINZ, Esri, HERE, Garmin, Foursquare, METI/NASA, USGS. Map intended for distribution as a PDF document.

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Kāinga Ora Homes and Communities	
	Metres 1.0 Final JS JH 24/11/2022 Hastings District Council PC5 Submissions Kāinga Ora

Peter KAY

Submission 051

Plan Change 5

PM

Full name *	Peter Kay
Company name (if applicable)	N/a
Postal address *	2559 Kereru Rd. Rd Hastings, Hawke's Bay 4171 New Zealand
Email address *	pbkay@xtra.co.nz
Phone number *	068760912
Do you want to be heard in support of your submission? (Hearings will take place later, and we will contact you to arrange a time only if you wish to be heard)	Yes
If others make a similar submission, would you be prepared to consider presenting a joint case with them at any hearing?	Yes
Could you gain an advantage in trade competition through this submission? *	No
Are you directly affected by an effect of the subject matter of the submission that: (a) adversely affects the environment; and (b) does not relate to trade competition or the effects of trade competition.	No
My submission relates to the following proposed elements of Plan Change 5:	 The number of houses that can be built on a site The removal of the need for affected parties consents or neighbours approval The use of the Hastings Medium Density Design Framework as a key assessment tool Other (please specify)
	Character Residential limits.

My submission is that:

(State in summary the nature of your submission. Clearly indicate whether you support or oppose the specific provisions or wish to have amendments made, giving reasons.)

I am concerned about the ad hoc zoning around Cornwall Park. This park is one of the jewels in the crown of Hastings and whilst there is some Character residential zoning, my suggestion is to make the areas adjacent to the Park along Fitzroy and Nelson streets easier to fit the character of the surrounding residential area. This should not include medium density residential zoning. I was involved in the character residential zoning decision some time ago and we, as a panel, had a lot of difficulty defining the boundaries of the zone. If we had known then about medium density residential zoning I'm sure our decisions would have been quite different. My main concern is the potential to alter the ambience, attraction and reputation of Cornwall Park.

I seek the following decision from Hastings District Council (Give precise details.)	That the areas bordering Cornwall Park, along Nelson str north, Roberts str and Fitzroy ave be deleted from the medium density residential zoning and joined with the surrounding character residential zoning. My preference would be to do the same with Cornwall road and Tomoana road also, then the Park will retain its integrity and future proof its iconic reputation.
--	---

Pardeep KUMAR

Submission 052

Plan Change 5

From: To: Subject: Date:	Wufoo Policy Team HDC - Proposed Plan Chang Tuesday, 15 November 2022	
Full name *		Pardeep Kumar
Postal address '	ŧ	PO Box 889 Hastings, Hawke's Bay 4156 New Zealand
Email address *		deepsin801@gmail.com
Phone number	*	02041876303
of your submiss (Hearings will ta	ake place later, and you to arrange a time	No
would you be p	a similar submission, repared to consider nt case with them at	Νο
Could you gain trade competitio submission? *	an advantage in on through this	No
of the subject n submission that (a) adversely aff environment; ar (b) does not rela	t: Fects the nd	No
My submission following propo Change 5:	relates to the osed elements of Plan	 The types or range of houses that can be built - townhouses, duplexes, terraced housing and low rise apartments. The number of houses that can be built on a site
of the proposed submission rela (Please reference or part of the pl	apter and provisions I plan change my ites to: te the specific section lanning provision(s), ve MRZ-O1 or Rule	MRZ-01, MRZ-02, HNRA01.
submission. Cle you support or provisions or w	ary the nature of your early indicate whether oppose the specific	I oppose the specific provisions because it would promote an overcrowding of buildings and population. Especially because of the low rise apartments being intensified in various areas. These provisions will negatively affect the current areas with matters beyond the financial perspective. Resulting in a decline in the standard of living in a social and environmental perspective because of the probable cause of overcrowding if this were to take place.

LANDSDALE DEVELOPMENT

Submission 053

Plan Change 5

From:	<u>Wufoo</u>
To:	Policy Team
Subject:	HDC - Proposed Plan Change 5 [#49]
Date:	Friday, 25 November 2022 1:20:59 PM

Full name * Landsdale Development Company name (if applicable) Landsdale development Postal address * C/- Development New Zealand Email address * matthew.holder@develop Phone number * +64272888762	ous 502 Karamu North Bay 4122
Postal address * C/- Development Net Hastings, Hawke's B New Zealand Email address * matthew.holder@develop	Bay 4122
Email address * <u>matthew.holder@develop</u>	Bay 4122
	<u>pmentnous.nz</u>
Phone number * +64272888762	
Details for Service of Person Making MATT HOLDER the Submission (This is the person and address to which all communication from Council about the submission will be sent. You do not need to fill this in if the details are the same as the above.)	
Full name	
Postal address C/- development No Hastings, Hawke's B New Zealand	ous 502 Karamu North Bay 4122
Email address <u>matthew.holder@develop</u>	pmentnous.nz
Phone number +64272888762	
Do you want to be heard in support Yes of your submission? (Hearings will take place later, and we will contact you to arrange a time only if you wish to be heard)	
If others make a similar submission, Yes would you be prepared to consider presenting a joint case with them at any hearing?	
Could you gain an advantage in No trade competition through this submission? *	
Are you directly affected by an effect Yes of the subject matter of the submission that: (a) adversely affects the environment; and (b) does not relate to trade competition or the effects of trade competition.	

following proposed elements of Plan Change 5:

	servicing and identification of suitable areas– Brookvale Structure plan area should be considered as appropriate for Comprehensive and/or medium density as a controlled activity NN.
	Landsdale (along with its related land holding entities) own a significant portion of within the Brookvale Structure Plan area.
The specific chapter and provisions	The document in its entirety

of the proposed plan change my submission relates to: (Please reference the specific section or part of the planning provision(s), such as Objective MRZ-O1 or Rule MRZ-R16)

My submission is that:

(State in summary the nature of your submission. Clearly indicate whether you support or oppose the specific provisions or wish to have amendments made, giving reasons.)

Landsdale supports the intensification of housing where the provisions are appropriately drafted and support the intended outcomes 'Right homes; right place'. Given the recent introduction of the NPS-HPL then the importance of identifying appropriate areas (should they be determined appropriate to development by the landowner/developer) should be provided for. Market choice across a range of demographic should be provided.

Landsdale sees opportunity for some medium density development within its current land holdings in Brookvale Havelock North and would like to work with Council to ensure the Council's aspirations match those of themselves- 'Right homes; right place'.

Landsdale would like the maps to properly identify their (and associated ownership) land as a suitable for such growth- this should include opportunity for associated infrastructure (3 waters and commercial) to support increased density in the surrounding areas. Land should be development ready.

Landsdale request that services (in particular) be of a standard to support/ match intensification, in a manner that considers existing, under construction and future housing. For example, Landsdale believe that consideration be given to managing backwater/tailwater in respect of the Brookvale structure plan area. In doing so this will allow for further intensification in line with the mandate expressed through the NPS-UD and reflect the development constraints through the introduction of the NPS-HPL.

I seek the following decision from Hastings District Council (Give precise details.)

That Landsdale (and associated entities) land be identified as a suitable medium growth area to provide for future development growth. That in doing so there remains flexibility in how they choose to develop the land to ensure they can properly accommodate changing market demand and choice in response to market forces over time. Comprehensive and medium density development within the Brookvale Structure plan area should be a controlled activity non notified where it meets the performance standards (commensurate with these forms of development) to provide certainty. It is not appropriate that it be assessed as a restricted discretionary activity.

Commitment to service upgrades as necessary to affect Proposed Plan Change 5

To this end Landsdale would welcome the opportunity to work with council in this regard.

Aaron LAWRENCE

Submission 054

Plan Change 5

To: Po Subject: HD	<u>ufoo</u> <u>Nicy Team</u> DC - Proposed Plan Change nursday, 10 November 202	
Full name *		Aaron Lawrence
Postal address *		901 Rangiora Street Mahora 4120 Hastings, Hawkes Bay 4120 New Zealand
Email address *		alaw67@live.com
Phone number *		0220864811
Do you want to be of your submissio (Hearings will take we will contact you only if you wish to	n? e place later, and u to arrange a time	Yes
If others make a s would you be prep presenting a joint any hearing?		Yes
Could you gain an trade competition submission? *	-	No
Are you directly af of the subject mat submission that: (a) adversely affec environment; and (b) does not relate competition or the competition.	ts the e to trade	Yes
My submission rel following propose Change 5:	ates to the d elements of Plan	 The types or range of houses that can be built – townhouses, duplexes, terraced housing and low rise apartments. The number of houses that can be built on a site The removal of the need for affected parties consents or neighbours approval The use of the Hastings Medium Density Design Framework as a key assessment tool
My submission is	that:	

My submission is that: (State in summary the nature of your sub

(State in summary the nature of your submission. Clearly indicate whether you support or oppose the specific provisions or wish to have amendments made, giving reasons.)

NO! NO! NO! Aaron Lawrence 901 Rangiora Street Mahora 4120 Hastings Rate payer for 30 years... I would like to submit a NO to this new proposed Plan 5 Change! You all know that if this happens and you let Housing NZ(or there 3rd party developers) into our established suburbs with new condensed housing, it will change these suburbs forever! The crime rate will rise, vandalism, tagging and intimidation will occur! Not to mention the decrease of our current/future property values!

If all the fluffy/feel good stuff on your promotional press release for this policy change is real why are you not setting aside a percentage of land in all current and new subdivisions to do this? Ie: all new subdivisions in Havelock North and Hastings have to have 20% of the land area set aside for Housing NZ to build these wonderful, society problem fixing housing solutions! Housing NZ are already in a bowl and rebuild program currently on there existing sites which will (up to quadruple) there current capacity!

Why do you need to offer up our our family homes?

I seek the following decision from NO to condensed housing of our existing family homes! Hastings District Council (Give precise details.)

LIFEMARK

Submission 055

Plan Change 5

From:	Ben Hasselman		
To:	Policy Team		
Subject:	Plan Change 5 - Lifemark® Submission		
Date:	Monday, 28 November 2022 2:18:34 PM		
Attachments:	image001.png		
	image002.png		
	image003.png		
	image004.png		
	image005.png		
	image006.png		
	image007.png		
	image008.png		
	image009.png		
	image010.png		
	image011.png		
	Right homes; right place - Plan Change 5 - Lifemark® Submission.docx		
	Plan-Change-5-Submission-Form.pdf		

Hello

Please find attached Lifemark[®] submission to the Right homes; right place – Plan Change 5

Thank you

Ben Hasselman (he/him) Lifemark Assessor

A division of CCS Disability Action

Suite 502, Ironbank, 150 Karangahape Road

Auckland, 1010

WAEA 0800 227 888

WAEA PŪKORO 027 329 4217

WĀHITAU ĪMĒRA ben@lifemark.co.nz

www.lifemark.co.nz

Please note, my office hours are Mondays and Wednesdays but am always available on mobile.

signature 1779724403

	?
2	

Why pronouns?

Disclaimer: This email may contain legally privileged information and is intended only for the addressee. It is not necessarily the official view of CCS Disability Action. If you are not the intended recipient please notify the sender immediately. You must not use, disclose, copy or distribute this email or information in it.



Submission on Hastings District Plan Proposed Plan Change 5 'Right Homes, Right Place – Medium Density Housing'

Submissions can be:

<u>Posted to:</u>
Plan Change 5
Environmental Policy
Manager
Hastings District Council
Private Bag 9002
Hastings 4156

Delivered to: Civic Administration Building Hastings District Council Lyndon Road East Hastings <u>Electronically:</u> Via <u>www.myvoicemychoice.co.nz</u> Or Email: <u>policyteam@hdc.govt.nz</u>

Please be aware when providing personal information that submissions will be reproduced and included in Council public documents. Your submission and any supporting documents will be published on Council's website. Please print and do not use pencil. You can attach more pages if necessary. If you do not wish to use this form, please ensure that the same information required by this form is covered in your submission.

Full Name (required)	
	Ben Hasselman
Company Name (if applicable)	
	Lifemark®
Postal Address (required)	
	124 Station St, Napier, 4140
Email Address (required)	
	ben@lifemark.co.nz
Phone Number (required)	
	0273000044
Contact Name, Address, Email	
Address and Phone Number	
for Service of Person Making	
the Submission*	

* (This is the person and address to which all communication from Council about the submission will be sent. You do not need to fill this in if the details are the same as the above.)

Do you want to be heard in support of your submission? (Hearings will take place later, and we will contact you to arrange a time only if you wish to be heard. Please give us your contact details in the top section.)	Yes	🗌 No
If others make a similar submission, would you be prepared to consider	T Yes	No

If others make a similar submission, would you be prepared to consider presenting a joint case with them at any hearing?

I could/could not* gain an advantage in trade competition through this submission. (* select one)

I am/am not** directly affected by an effect of the subject matter of the submission that-

- (a) adversely affects the environment; and
- (b) does not relate to trade competition or the effects of trade competition.

(** If trade competition applies, select one of these). N/A

Please feel free to use additional sheets if necessary.

1. **MY SUBMISSION RELATES TO THE FOLLOWING PROPOSED ELEMENTS OF PLAN CHANGE 5:** (Tick all that apply).

- The types or range of houses that can be built townhouses, duplexes (two houses attached), terraced housing (3 or more houses joined together) and low rise (up to 3 stories) apartments
- □ The 3 storey height limit for houses
- $\hfill\square$ The removal of the need for affected parties consents or neighbours approval
- □ The use of the Hastings Medium Density Design Framework as a key assessment tool
- Other, please specify
 Accessible Housing Universal Design
- 2. THE SPECIFIC CHAPTER AND PROVISIONS OF THE PROPOSED PLAN CHANGE MY SUBMISSION RELATES TO ARE: (Please reference the specific section or part of the planning provision(s), such as Objective MRZ-O1 or Rule MRZ-R16)

_N/A Please refer to submission

3. **MY SUBMISSION IS THAT:** (State in summary the nature of your submission. Clearly indicate whether you support or oppose the specific provisions or wish to have amendments made, giving reasons.)

____N/A please refer to submission

4. I SEEK THE FOLLOWING DECISION FROM HASTINGS DISTRICT COUNCIL: (Give precise details.)

____N/A please refer to submission

Your signature or that of the person authorised to sign on behalf of the person making this submission:

Signature: Ben Hasselman Date: 28/11/22

REMINDER: Submissions must reach Council by **5pm Friday 25th November 2022**





TE HUNGA HAUÄ MAURI MÖ NGÄ TÄNGATA KATOA

Right homes; right place – Plan Change 5

Introduction:

Firstly, I would like to thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback on the "Right homes; right place – Plan Change 5. My name is Ben Hasselman and I represent Lifemark® in my role as an Assessor. I advocate for better access by striving for inclusive, accessible communities with a focus on Universal Design (UD) in residential housing.

Lifemark®, a division of CCS Disability Action, developed a globally recognised process to ensure homes could be designed to be safe and accessible and provide better living options both now and in the future. This voluntary process, in use across New Zealand since 2012, incorporates design criteria based in Universal Design Best Practice with an independent review of proposed building plans and assurance delivered with a performance rating system.

Universal Design:

Universal Design is a people-centred approach to design aimed to deliver inclusive built environments and products that support high levels of performance and usability for the widest range of people. The benefits of Universal Design are undisputable and include enabling independence, social participation and delivering safer and more liveable homes and communities for everyone, regardless of age or ability. In New Zealand, Universal Design is currently an "above the building code" approach to housing design.

Right homes; right place - Plan Change 5

Hastings District Council has the opportunity through 'Plan Change 5' to become more actively involved in ensuring that housing stock meets the populations needs, especially considering the requirements for the provision of housing that will accommodate people throughout every stage of their life. Currently there is a shortage of housing that can accommodate those with access needs and this will be intensified through allowing two and three story residential builds, apartments and town housing being consented without the requirement for Universal Design.

The recent discussion document for the new Ageing Strategy noted that a limited supply of accessible housing and difficulty modifying existing properties may cause problems for an ageing population (Office for Seniors, 2018, pp. 15, 25-26). It is also important to note that inaccessible housing can become unsafe for many people as they age and result in injuries (Keall, 2017).

In the 2013 Disability Survey, 17% of people with physical impairments, or 107,440 people, and 16% of people with vision impairments, or 26,880 people, had an unmet need for housing modifications (Statistics New Zealand, 2017).

With an ageing population, the number of people who need accessible housing is rapidly growing. Previous research has found strong evidence of a significant undersupply of accessible private homes and social housing (Saville-Smith, James, Fraser, Ryan, & Travaglia, 2007, pp. 50-53).

Given the growing number of people who will need housing modifications and the difficulty and expense of making homes accessible once built, we need more housing built to Universal Design standards. Research by BRANZ has shown that it is considerably cheaper to build homes with Universal Design features, than to retrofit existing houses. Universal Design means developing housing that works for all people of all abilities at any stage of their life. (BRANZ).

It is important to recognise the ageing population of the Hastings District and the fact people prefer to age in their own homes rather than ageing out, therefore the adoption of a strategy to incentivise the use of Universal Design standards in future builds would make a significant contribution to the future of the district.

Design for access and mobility: Buildings and associated facilities NZS 4121:2001

The Design Guide 2020 references the NZ standard NZS 4121:2001 as a possible benchmark tool. Unfortunately, this standard was not designed for residential housing and its application will have unintended negative consequences. For example, this standard tends to develop bathrooms that are larger than required with a design ethos to guide the design of accessible spaces within public environments such as hospitals and public toilets that are sterile and unattractive. Hallway requirements are also larger than generally needed potentially increasing both the footprint and cost of home unnecessarily and kitchen design can be problematic.

Critically, as the likelihood this Design Standard will not be accompanied by any independent compliance given it is not legally required to be applied to a home review the likelihood it will be interpreted appropriately, and support fit-for-purpose accessible outcomes is extremely low.

It would be more beneficial for Hasting District Council to incentivise Universal Design standards for residential builds, ensuring a more useable product for the future.

Recommendation

Transformational change is not easy. Within 30 years, five out of every six houses we will ever need will have already been built. With currently just 5% of all homes 'accessible' our targets from now need to be bold to ensure the housing we develop meets our future population needs.

Regulations and incentives are the main tools to drive change. The regulatory approach requires enforcement of regulation. Guidance documents while helpful do not achieve the desired outcome.

We encourage Hastings District Council to develop and adopt an initiative that will provide an incentive to designers and developers to increase the number of Universally Designed/Lifemark® homes being built throughout the district. Lifemark® has successfully worked in partnership with other councils to provide accessible homes through the utilisation of the star rating system and can support Hasting District council with exploring options that would be beneficial for the community.

Incentives create opportunities for change. Incentives work and are becoming more commonplace. The challenge is to identify how to use the incentive tools available, such as operating supplements, to reinforce the outcomes that are desired.

In 2016, Thames Coromandel District Council incentivised private developments to build to a Universal Design standard (Lifemark 3 star) by offering increased site coverage. Today nearly 40% of all new builds use this incentive with 80% of homes being built, voluntarily, above the minimum.

In 2018, Hauraki District Council incentivised private developers to build secondary dwellings to a Universal Design standard (Lifemark 3 star).

In 2021, Hamilton City Council incentivised private developers to build inner city developments to a Universal Design standard (Lifemark 3) through lower development fee contributions.

These are future focussed policies that support housing strategies which are aligned to the United Nations Human Rights approach to provide adequate housing and establish a vision where all people are well housed. Lifemark® in conjunction with Hastings District council can explore initiatives to increase the number of Universally Designed homes built in Hastings to meet the needs of the community.

Thank you

Ben Hasselman (he/him) Lifemark Assessor A division of CCS Disability Action

Suite 502, Ironbank, 150 Karangahape Road Auckland, 1010

 WAEA 0800 227 888
 WAEA PŪKORO 027 329 4217
 WĀHITAU ĪMĒRA <u>ben@lifemark.co.nz</u> www.lifemark.co.nz

Please note, my office hours are Mondays and Wednesdays but am always available on mobile.



Bibliography

- Keall, P. (2017, March 21). *Evidence supports nationwide roll-out of home safety measures*. Retrieved from University of Otago: <u>https://www.otago.ac.nz/news/news/otago639044.html</u>
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- BRANZ. (n.d.). Universal Design Costing Estimator. Retrieved November 11, 2014, from BRANZ: http://www.branz.co.nz/cms_display.php?sn=215&st=1&pg=11034

Kelly LIST

Submission 056

Plan Change 5

From: Wufoo To: Policy Team Subject: HDC - Proposed Plan Chang Date: Tuesday, 22 November 202				
Full name *	Kelly List			
Postal address *	613a Windsor Ave Parkvale Hastings 4122 New Zealand			
Email address *	kellymlist@gmail.com			
Phone number *	0273245444			
Could you gain an advantage in trade competition through this submission? *	No			
My submission relates to the following proposed elements of Plan Change 5:	 The types or range of houses that can be built - townhouses, duplexes, terraced housing and low rise apartments. The number of houses that can be built on a site The removal of the need for affected parties consents or neighbours approval 			
My submission is that: (State in summary the nature of your submission. Clearly indicate whether you support or oppose the specific provisions or wish to have amendments made, giving reasons.)	Our property directly borders 2 proposed sites for Medium Density housing will directly impact our private life and freedom of enjoyment of our property will be adversely affected with high level developments only 1m from boundary lines. This will also impact sun and warmth of our property, causing us to experience increased heating costs.			
	Further this will impact the value of our property negatively.			
I seek the following decision from Hastings District Council (Give precise details.)	Revocation of non-notification for neighbouring properties for 2+ storey development. Removal of 3 storey properties in suburban Hastings ie Parkvale/Raureka.			

Russell Ivor LYNDON

Submission 057

Plan Change 5

SUBMISSION FORM 5



Submission on Proposed District Plan Plan Change 5 'Right Homes, Right Place – Medium Density Housing'

Submissions can be:

<u>Posted to:</u> **Plan Change 5** Environmental Policy Manager Hastings District Council Private Bag 9002 Hastings 4156 <u>Delivered to:</u> Civic Administration Building Hastings District Council Lyndon Road East Hastings

Electronically: Via www.myvoicemychoice.co.nz Or Email: policyteam@hdc.govt.nz

Please be aware when providing personal information that submissions will be reproduced and included in Council public documents. Your submission and any supporting documents will be published on Council's website. Please print and do not use pencil. You can attach more pages if necessary. If you do not wish to use this form, please ensure that the same information required by this form is covered in your submission.

Full Name (required)

Company Name (if applicable)

Postal Address (required)

Email Address (required)

Phone Number (required)

Contact Name, Address, Email Address and Phone Number for Service of Person Making the Submission*

RUSSELL WOR	- 6-71	NDON		
66 MeHARDY	ST	HAUE	loge	NTH
027 447763	<u>ext</u>	ra. 60	-N3.	
AS ABOUE	EL	S. Kir		

* (This is the person and address to which all communication from Council about the submission will be sent. You do not need to fill this in if the details are the same as the above.)

Do you want to be heard in support of your submission?	Yes	V No
(Hearings will take place later, and we will contact you to arrange a time only if you wish		
to be heard. Please give us your contact details in the top section.)		

If other make a similar submission, would you be prepared to consider presenting a joint case with them at any hearing?

🗌 Yes 🛛 🗹 No

I could/could not* gain an advantage in trade competition through this submission. (* select one) I am/am not** directly affected by an effect of the subject matter of the submission that—

- (a) adversely affects the environment; and
- (b) does not relate to trade competition or the effects of trade competition.

(** If trade competition applies, select one of these).

Ρ	lease	feel	free	to use	additional	sheets	if	necessary.	

- 1. **MY SUBMISSION RELATES TO FOLLOWING PROPOSED ELEMENTS OF PLAN CHANGE 5:** (Tick all that apply).
 - The types or range of houses that can be built townhouses, duplexes (two houses attached), terraced housing (3 or more houses joined together) and low rise (up to 3 stories) apartments
 - □ The number of houses that can be built on a site
 - ☑ The 3 storey height limit for houses
 - If the removal of the need for affected parties consents or neighbours approval
 - □ The use of the Hastings Medium Density Design Framework as a key assessment tool
 - □ Other, please specify
- 2. THE SPECIFIC CHAPTER AND PROVISIONS OF THE PROPOSED PLAN CHANGE MY SUBMISSION RELATES TO ARE: (Please reference the specific section or part of the planning provision(s), such as Objective MRZ-O1 or Rule MRZ-R16),

SECTION 8.2 OBTECTIVE HNROG (OR JELTIVE HNROT POLICY HNRPRO POLICY HNRP9

3. **MY SUBMISSION IS THAT:** (State in summary the nature of your submission. Clearly indicate whether you support or oppose the specific provisions or wish to have amendments made, giving reasons.)

SEE ATTACHED ACE

4. I SEEK THE FOLLOWING DECISION FROM HASTINGS DISTRICT COUNCIL: (Give precise details.)

THIS CHANGE SHOULD NOT GO AHEAD. IT IS THE
START OF A CREEPING EROSION OF HAVELOCK NTH
VILLAGE CHARACTER WHICH HASREGULARLY BEEN

STATED BY THE COUNCIL THAT IT MUST PROTECT AS Your signature or that of the person authorised to sign on behalf of the person making this RAMEWORIL 9A submission:

Signature:

_____Date: 25/11/22

REMINDER: Submissions must reach Council by **5pm Friday 25th November 2022**

SUBMISSION ON PROPOSED PLAN CHANGE SFROM RUSSELL LYNDON I oppose the plan to allow 3 Story residential dwellings in the Havelock Month Village in the areas indicated, as this will totally change the character of the Village. I have grave concerns aver the adverse effect of increased residents on our inprastructure which the Council is at the moment battling to peep under control These are continual water leaks going inrepaired for weeks (the pock-marked) Campbell St from Devert to Joll Roads showing the ongoing problems) In and exa of environental awaveress the Council allows this valuable resource, Water to flow down and gutter when we are a water restricted area during the summer. Just imagine the increased pressure with increased residential du ellings being considered. The increased traffic that is inevitable with increased residents adding to the Have beke horth and adding to the bunger to bumper vehicles on Have back Rd and deretainge St to the Willowpark Rd roundabout. It is any a matter of time when this increased traffic will create the environed for a serious dehicle accident. I oppose the proposed lack of off-street parking as it is going to cause havoe on the narrow streets of Nevel du North village with the attached danger of getting in and out of vehicles on the street. The opposition to this change is for the safety of residents particularly children who may not be seen amongst the congested parked cars.

The non-notification amendment is contrary to an ability to object to be ediface that is going to effect our lifestyle particularly privacy and our night to a quiet, peaceful hiring environment. I therefore oppose this clause as we have a right to have a say on what und effect us and the character of the village.